

TECHNOLOGY GROUP FOR SECURITY AND MOBILITY

CORPORATE PRESENTATION

January 2016



RHEINMETALL AG

Sales: EUR 5.1 billion Employees: 20,700

RHEINMETALL DEFENCE

Sales: EUR 2.5 billion

Employees: 9,600

RHEINMETALL AUTOMOTIVE

Sales: EUR 2.6 billion

Employees: 11,000

SECURITY

Accumulating international conflict areas challenge the community of states ...

... and lead to rising needs of armed forces.

Basic need



Megatrend



Demand on markets

MOBILITY

Increasing world population, global trade, higher welfare and climate change ...

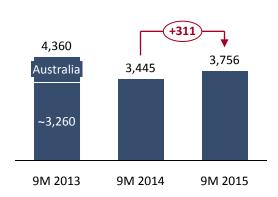
... lead to higher mobility and enhanced need for environmentalfriendly powertrain technologies.

Figures: FY 2015e

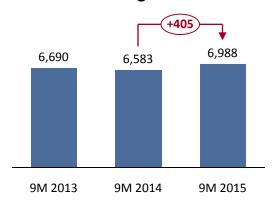
Group key figures

Successful development in first nine months 2015

Order intake in EUR million



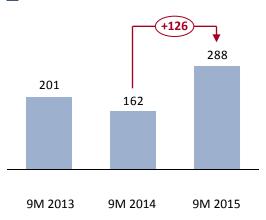
▼ Order backlog in EUR million



Sales in EUR million



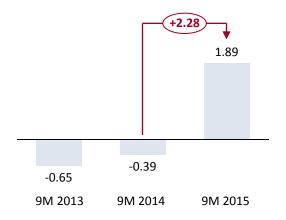
EBITDA in EUR million



EBIT in EUR million



Earnings per share in EUR



Targets FY 2015

Highly confident to achieve the guided figures











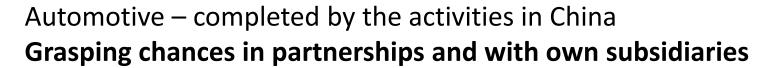


The divisional structure of Automotive **Focused on the attractive segment of powertrain technology**

RHEINMETALL AUTOMOTIVE EUR 2.6 billion				
Hardparts	Mechatronics	Aftermarket		
Pistons	Emission Systems	International		
Large-bore pistons	Solenoid Valves	National		
Bearings	Commercial Diesel Systems			
	Actuators			
	Pumps			

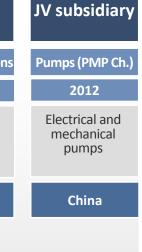
Joint ventures with HASCO in China/Europe (50:50; consolidated at equity)

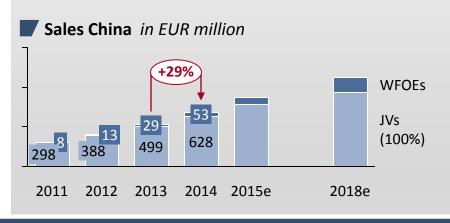
Sales figure FY 2015e



50/50 joint ventures with HASCO (SAIC group)					
Castings (ATAG)	Pistons (KSSP)	Castings (KPSNC)	Pumps (PHP)		
2014	1997	2001	2012		
Engine blocks and structural body parts	Pistons	Engine blocks, cylinder heads and structural body parts	Electrical and mechanical pumps		
Germany/ Europe		China			

Wholly Foreign-Owned Enterprises (100% Rheinmetall Automotive)				
Aftermarket	Pierburg	Large-bore pistons		
2008	2009	2013		
Spare parts	EGR modules and electric throttle bodies	Large-bore pistons		
China				







Organic growth of Automotive The three main drivers

Growth

3

Higher value of products

The value of included products will rise, e.g. due to electrification trend

2

More content per car

The number of Rheinmetall products per vehicle will increase

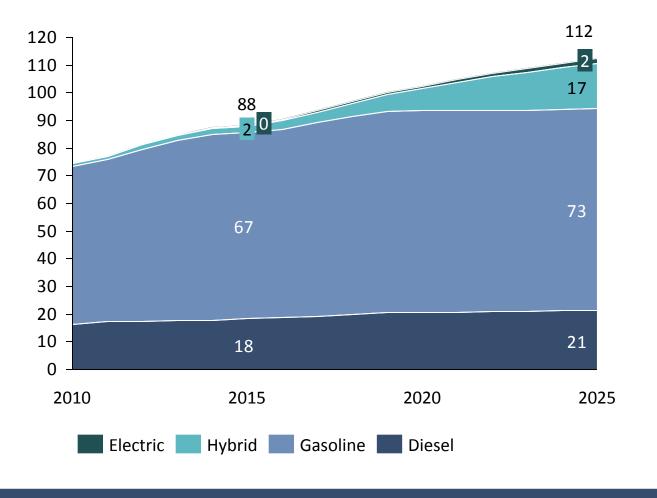
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Market growth

The number of globally produced cars will continue to grow

Ongoing increase of global demand for light vehicles

Forecast global light vehicle (LV) production in million units /

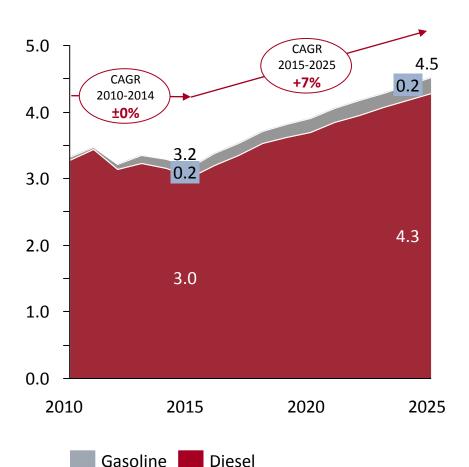


- Light vehicles remain on growth path:
 - CAGR 2010-2025: 3%
- Combustion engines losing market shares, but defend dominant position
- Market share of combustion engines:
 - 2015: 97%
 - 2025: 84%

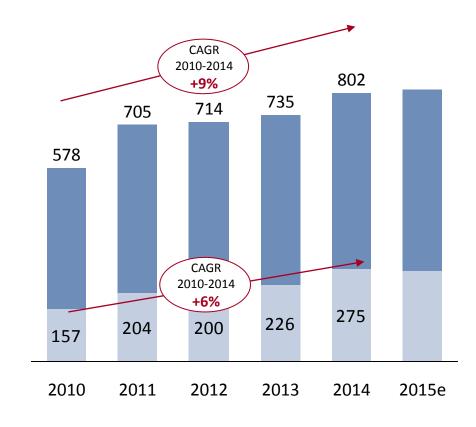
Source: IHS Automotive (October 2015)

Truck engine production heading towards a growth phase

Forecast truck engine production in million units



Rheinmetall Automotive sales of non-LV and truck business in EUR million



Source: IHS Automotive (October 2015)

2013 figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 and according to IFRS 11

Truck business sales

Other non-LV sales

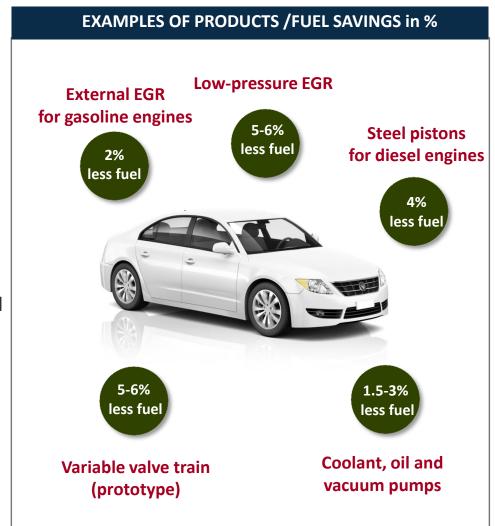
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Growth driver "More content per car" Stricter environmental standards require additional products

LEGISLATION NO, Trend: **Tightening of** emission standards

Additional products to achieve the stricter environmental standards

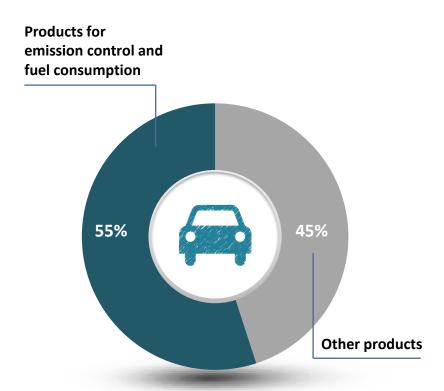


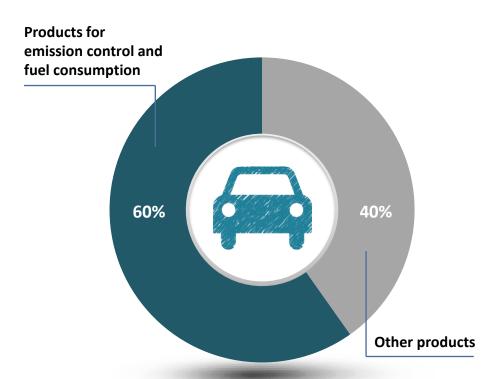


Growth driver "More content per car" and "higher value per product" Sales share of green technology products will increase to 60%

Automotive sales share 2014

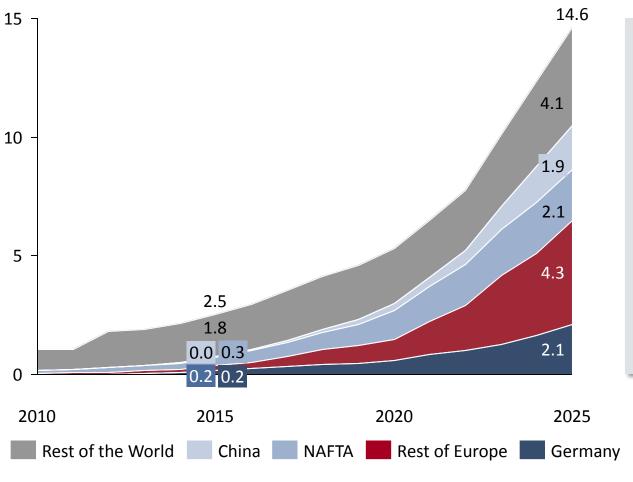
Expected Automotive sales share 2016





Growth driver "More content per car" Trend to hybrid vehicles expected to accelerate

Forecast production of hybrid vehicles in million units



- Stricter emission regulations increase attractiveness of alternative energy concepts
- Hybrid powertrains will raise significantly and become a major market.
- Market shares:
 - 2015: 2%
 - 2025: 15%

Source: IHS Automotive (October 2015)

Growth driver "More content per car"

Trend of hybridization requires more products of Rheinmetall

The traditional product portfolio for combustion engines ...

Electric throttle bodies





Engine blocks



Actuators



Engine bearings



Solenoid valves



Pistons





EGR valves



Mechanical coolant pumps



Oil pumps





Growth driver "More content per car"

Trend of hybridization requires more products of Rheinmetall

... will be enlarged by products for hybrid engines.





Growth driver "Higher value of products" Electrification and downsizing require more sophisticated products





Growth drivers "More content per car" and "Higher value of products" Technological change leads to new products and services

Strategic target "engine neutrality"

- Reducing dependency on specific engine types
- Flexible product capacities, adjusted to the need of the customers: Gasoline, Diesel, Hybrid

Mechatronics

Technology change

Innovative solutions in line with the prevailing trend



Hardparts

Developing new products

Extending the existing product portfolio for engines and towards other vehicle applications



Automotive

Key investment highlights

Markets

- Rising global demand for light vehicles
- Continuing trend: efficient engines and lower emissions

Products

- Focus: fuel-reduction by Mechatronics and CO₂-reduction by Hardparts
- More complex products leading to higher content and value per vehicle

Sales and orders

- Medium-term business covered by frame contracts/nomination letters
- Innovative products available for long-term growth

Customers

- Well-balanced customer structure in the light vehicle business
- Enlargement of **non-LV-business** with selective growth

China

- Profitable growth with shared risk of joint ventures
- 100%-subsidiaries: growth phase, widening product range and focusing on domestic Chinese OEMs

Profitability

- 2015: EBIT margin target of 8% achieved for the first time
- Sustain the achieved profitability level under normal auto cycle scenarios





The divisional structure of Defence More focused organizational structure for the future

RHEINMETALL DEFENCE

EUR 2.5 billion

Vehicle Systems	Electronic Solutions	Weapon & Munition
Logistic Vehicles	Air Defence & Naval Systems	Weapon & Munition
Tactical Vehicles	Mission Equipment	Propulsion Systems
Combat Platforms	Simulation and Training	Protection Systems

Rheinmetall International

Rheinmetall International Engineering (50:50 JV, consolidated at equity)

Organic growth of Defence The three main drivers

Growth

New markets & new products
Entry on new markets with local
partners, innovations in the pipeline

High order backlog

More than 2x sales imply solid growth in the future, esp. in system business

Market growth
Substantial change in global security situation results in increasing defence budgets



Growth driver "Market growth" **Substantial change in global security situation**



RUSSIA/UKRAINE CRISIS is challenging NATO

Armed military conflict at the Eastern border of NATO



"ISLAMIC STATE"

Increasing threat of terrorism for Western countries



"FAILING STATES" in the MENA region and in Africa

Europe facing higher pressure by migration



NEW TROUBLE SPOTS on the horizon

E.g. higher engagement of German troops in Mali expected



ENDING MISSIONS in Iraq (complete) and Afghanistan (partial)

- Risk of civil wars due to a lack of effective governments



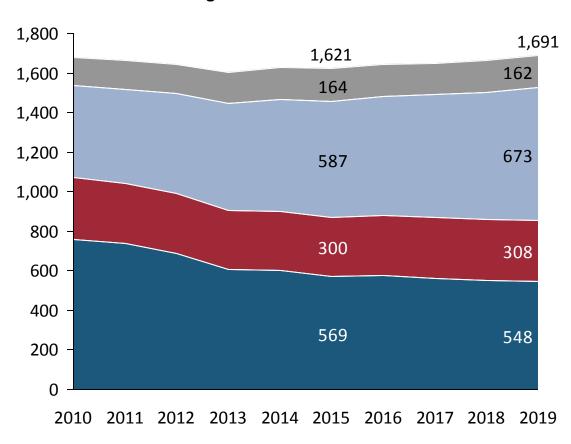
CONFLICTS IN SOUTH CHINA SEA

Neighboring countries perceive Chinese expansion strategy as a threat



Budgets slightly increasing in Europe and MENA, but strongly in Asia/Pacific

Forecast defence budgets in EUR billion



Asia/Pacific/MENA

 Strong increase due to rising threats in Asia, slight increase until the end of the decade in the MENA region

Europe

 After a period of shrinking budgets increase expected due to changing security situation

USA

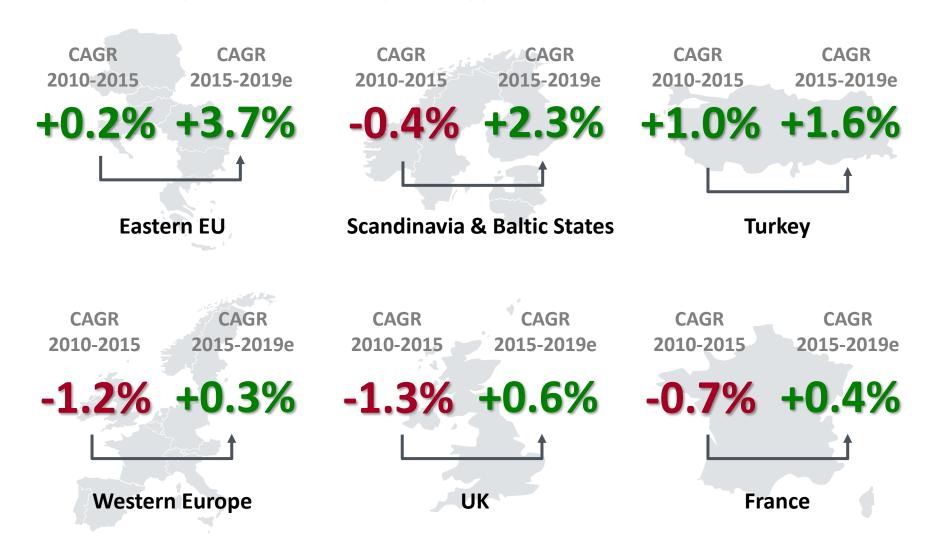
 After a period of budget restriction stabilization achieved

Rest of the World Asia/Pacific/MENA Europe USA

Source: IHS Jane's (November 2015)



Europe: Swing in defence budgets triggered by conflict situations



Source: IHS Jane's (November 2015)



Germany: A number of projects towards full equipment of ground forces



Fox

Demand for upgrade, order expected for 2016, delivery starting 2017, in addition new Fox vehicles



Leopard 2Upgrade of 103 tanks

projected, order expected for 2017



Boxer

Further 131 vehicles, order received in 12/2015, delivery starting 2017



Gladius soldier system

Adjustment development and acquisition of further batches, order expected for 2016/17



Infantry fighting vehicle
Demand for additional

vehicles (Marder upgrade or 2. lot Puma)

2015

2016

2017

2018

BEYOND



AmmunitionRestocking expected



Puma

Additional equipment* in negotiations, order expected for 2016



Military trucks

Step-by-step replacement of appr. 2,500 vehicles, decision expected for 2016, total demand > 10,000 units over 10-15 years

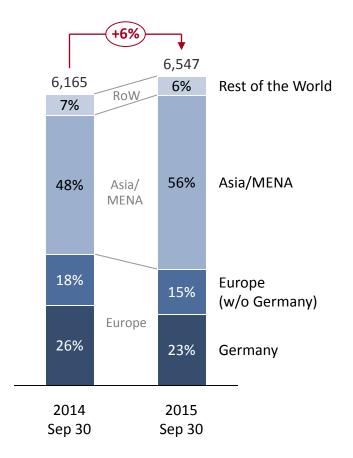
^{*} Integrated light missile system and specific secondary weapon station

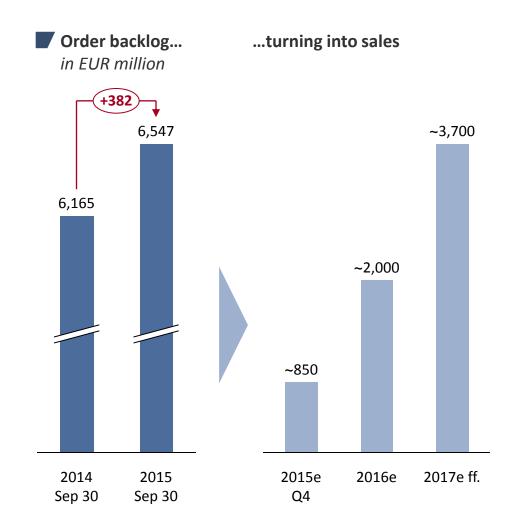


Growth driver "High order backlog"

Mid-term future sales covered by received orders

■ Order backlog by region in EUR million



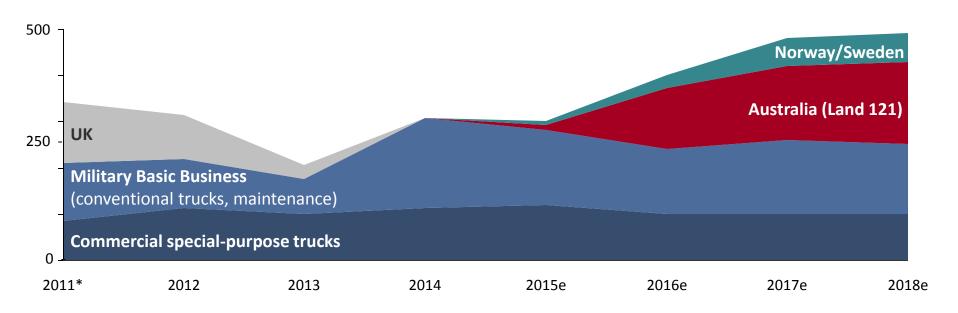




Growth driver "High order backlog"

Higher capacity utilization will lead to turnaround of Wheeled Vehicles in 2016

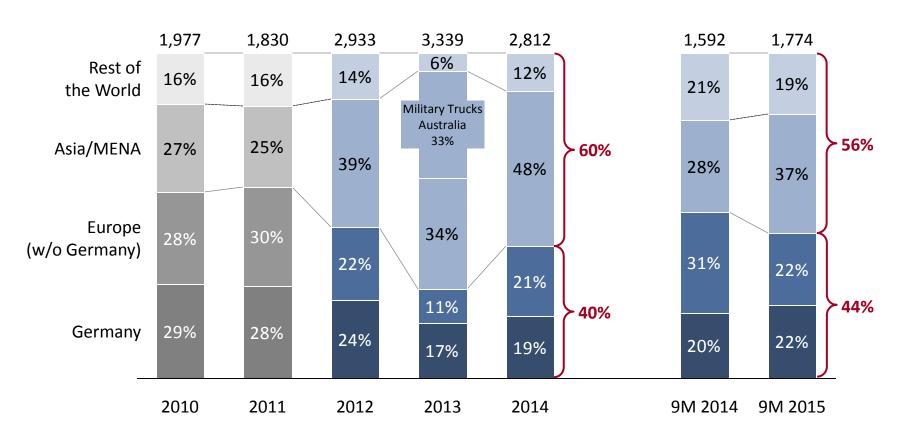
Sales of business unit "Logistic Vehicles"



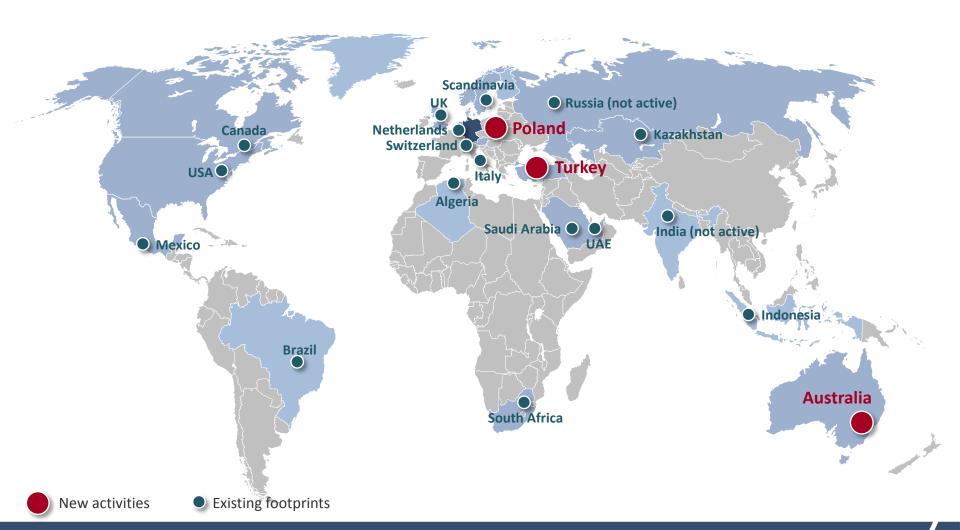
- 2012/13: Large UK order (>7,000 trucks; EUR 1.6 billion) phased out
- 2013/2014: restructuring measures as new orders received later than originally expected: Australia, Scandinavia, New Zealand (> 3,000 trucks; EUR 1.4 billion)
- 2016e: By ramping up the new orders, business unit will return to profitability

Growth driver "New markets & new products" Non-European share of orders raised to roughly 60%

▼ Order intake by region in EUR million



Growth driver "New markets & new products" Recent activities expand international network for realizing growth potential





Growth driver "New markets & new products" New products with different local partners in NATO countries



6X6 AMPHIBIOUS VEHICLE

- Cooperation agreement with PGZ

 (major supplier of Polish forces, 19,000 employees) and its subsidiary Obrum
- Target: Establishing a European defence
 cooperation and strengthening competitiveness
- Three steps:
 - Developing a new amphibious 6x6 wheeled armored reconnaissance vehicle
 - Providing Polish forces with new vehicle
 - Marketing the vehicle internationally







AMMUNITION AND VEHICLES

- Local entity "Rheinmetall Turk" in the course of formation
- Rheinmetall Turk is designated partner of joint ventures with Turkish defence companies for
 - Medium- and large-caliber ammunition
 - Vehicle systems (armored vehicles, medium-caliber turret systems)



Growth driver "New markets & new products" Further market potential beyond the large-scale truck order



LAND 400 PROGRAM

- Tender submitted in 2015, offering Boxer with Lance turret
- Teamed up with Northrop Grumman
- Down-selection in 2016, final decision not before 2018
- Total volume: appr. EUR 2.5 billion
- Strong international competition

Air Defence

Simulation

155mm ammunition

Volume: appr. EUR 300 million

Volume: appr. EUR 200 million

Volume: appr. EUR 300 million

Growth driver "New markets & new products"

High-energy laser: Weapon technology of the 21st century





- Laser technology developed, ready for operations in 3-5 years
- Domestic R&D orders of EUR ~40 million received
- Next step: qualification phase for navy and air defence
- Customer interest and first inquiries from several countries (Europe, MENA)



Growth driver "New markets & new products" Modernization of MBT in the medium term, new concept in the long term

1. Modernization



Rheinmetall recently developed/ is developing **innovative features**:

- New high-pressure 120mm
 cannon and ammunition,
 performance increase: +20%
- Digital turret core system
- Active Defence System (ADS)

2. New 130mm caliber



- New cannon with a larger caliber
- Increase of performance (penetration, effectiveness) by 50%
- Marketing phase starting in 2016

3. New concept (MGCS)



- MGCS concept for new main battle tank (MBT) started
- Currently in concept phase until 2017 in cooperation with the industry
- Participation of several nations expected, currently common project of Germany and France



Defence

Key investment highlights

Markets

- International conflicts trigger increasing budgets
- Defence markets are at a turning point in Europe

Products

- New products in the pipeline addressing the new challenges
- Innovative solutions as well as traditional products allow flexible adjustments to available budgets

Sales and orders

- Mid-term organic sales growth ensured by high order backlog
- Internationalization strategy benefits from increasing global demand and offers further potential

Internationalization

- Flexibility gained by global R&D and production capacities
- Independent from national export regulations

Profitability

- 2015: Achieving turnaround with an EBIT margin of slightly above 3%
- 2016 and 2017: Further margin improvement expected



Mid-term perspective

Looking ahead: Markets and Rheinmetall

Markets with good mid-term perspectives: Global growth in Defence and Automotive



Changing markets:



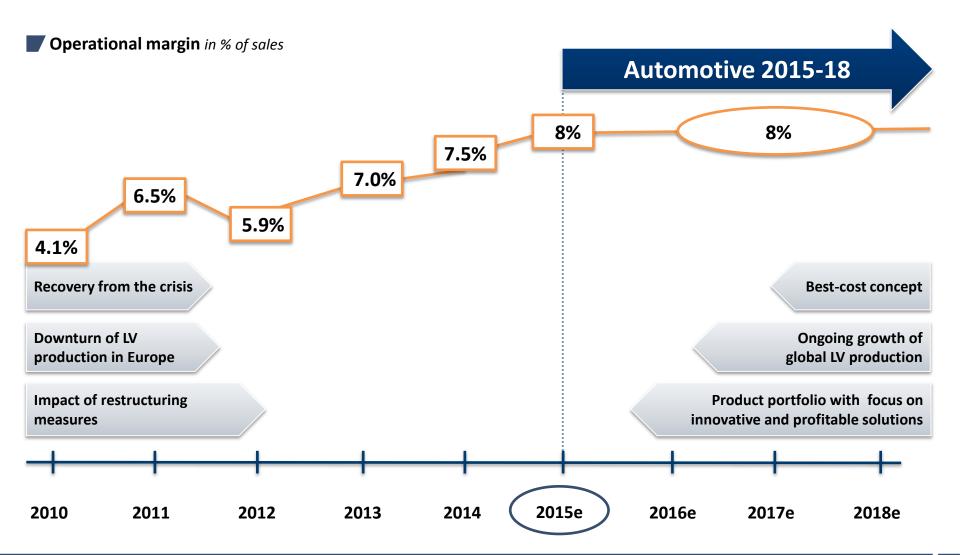
- Stable market development will lead to normalized growth rates
- R&D efforts in order to create higher independency from engine concepts



- Recent threat scenarios and conflicts change macro-picture in the defence business
- Broad existing product portfolio covers increasing demand of land forces

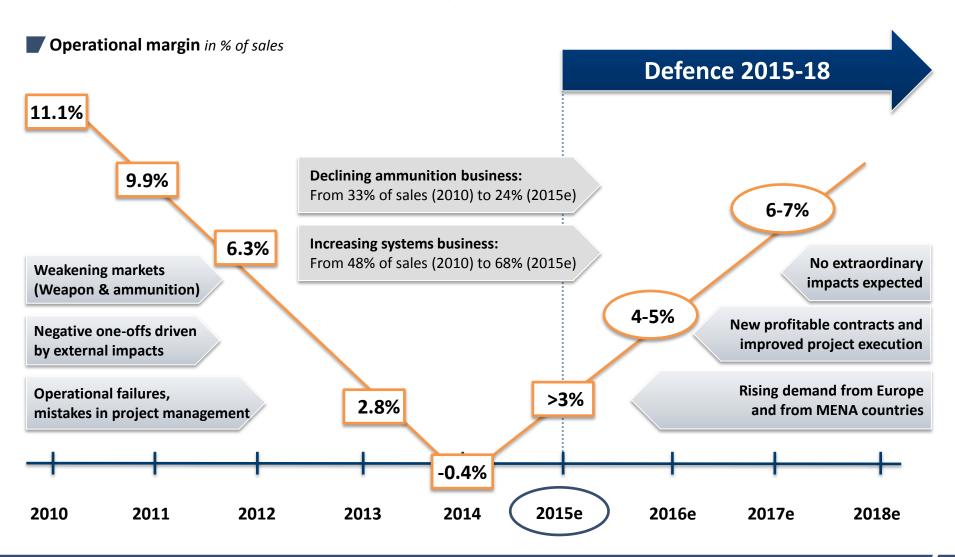
Automotive 2015 and beyond

Maintaining the target margin level



Defence 2015 and beyond

Based on turnaround 2015, earnings improvement will continue









Key figures: Group

in EUR million		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Balance sheet	Total assets	4,460	4,832	4,899	4,866	5,271
	Shareholder's equity	1,355	1,546	1,465	1,339	1,197
	Equity ratio (in %)	30.4	32.0	29.9	27.5	22.7
	Pension liabilities	677	729	919	891	1,121
	Net financial debt	76	130	98	147	330
	Net gearing (in %)	5.6	8.4	6.7	11.0	27.6
Income statement	Sales	3,989	4,454	4,704	4,417	4,688
	Operating result	289	342	268	211	160
	Operating margin (in %)	7.2	7.7	5.7	4.8	3.4
	EBIT	297	354	296	121	102
	EBIT margin (in %)	7.4	7.9	6.3	2.7	2.2
	EBT	229	295	216	45	22
	Net income after minorities	162	213	173	29	18
	Earnings per share (in EUR)	4.23	5.55	4.55	0.75	0.47
	Dividend per share (in EUR)	1.50	1.80	1.80	0.40	0.30
	ROCE (in %)	14.6	14.9	11.5	4.7	3.9
Cash flow statement	Free cash flow from operations	-39	93	125	20	-182
Headcount	Employees (Dec 31) according to capacity	19,979	21,516	21,767	20,264	20,166

2013 figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 (Discontinued Operations) with regard to the formation of the ATAG JV and according to IFRS 11 (Joint Arrangements)



Key figures: Segments

AUTOMOTIVE							
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014			
1,996	2,357	2,378	2,270	2,466			
365	409	418	392	416			
1,982	2,313	2,369	2,262	2,448			
81	151	139	158	184			
4.1	6.5	5.9	7.0	7.5			
81	151	139	124	184			
4.1	6.5	5.9	5.5	7.5			
96	104	148	142	158			
10,816	11,548	12,003	10,927	10,830			
n/a	1,025	1,091	1,171	1,322			
n/a	69	69	66	96			
n/a	6.7	6.3	5.6	7.3			
n/a	1,092	1,087	889	934			
n/a	65	57	27	72			
n/a	6.0	5.2	3.0	7.7			
n/a	258	265	268	269			
n/a	24	25	27	26			
n/a	9.3	9.4	10.1	9.7			

in EUR million		
Order intake		
Order backlog	(Dec. 31)	
Sales		
Operating resu	ult	
Operating ma	rgin <i>(in %)</i>	
EBIT		
EBIT margin ((in %)	
Сарех		
Employees (De	ec 31) according	to capacity
Mechatronics	Sales	Combat
	EBIT	Systems
	EBIT margin	
Hardparts	Sales	Electronic
	EBIT	Solutions
	EBIT margin	
Aftermarket	Sales	Wheeled
	EBIT	Vehicles
	EBIT margin	

	DEFENCE							
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014				
1,977	1,831	2,933	3,339	2,812				
4,772	4,541	4,987	6,050	6,516				
2,007	2,141	2,335	2,155	2,240				
223	212	146	60	-9				
11.1	9.9	6.3	2.8	-0.4				
234	223	173	4	-67				
11.7	10.4	7.4	0.2	-3.0				
93	102	90	62	76				
9,037	9,833	9,623	9,193	9,184				
n/a	1,198	1,136	1,027	977				
n/a	146	102	31	-4				
n/a	12.2	9.0	3.0	-0.4				
n/a	799	748	710	705				
n/a	86	97	11	-53				
n/a	10.8	13.0	1.5	-7.5				
n/a	255	567	539	667				
n/a	-12	-25	-35	-9				
n/a	-4.7	-4.4	-6.5	-1.4				

2013 figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 (Discontinued Operations) with regard to the formation of the ATAG JV and according to IFRS 11 (Joint Arrangements)

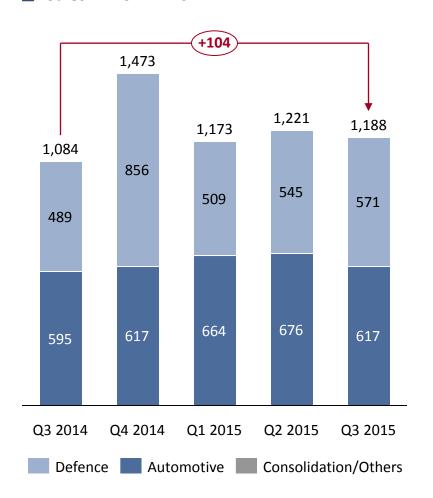


Key figures 9M 2015

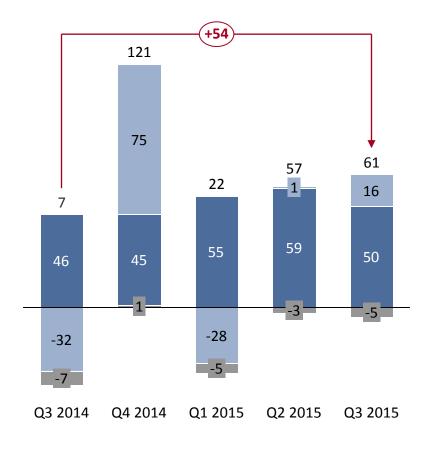
in EUR million	9M 2014	9M 2015	∆ 9M 2015 ,	/ 9M 2014
Sales	3,215	3,582	+ 367	+ 11%
EBITDA (reported)	162	288	+ 126	+ 78%
Operational earnings	39	140	+ 101	+ 259%
Special items: one-offs, restructuring costs	- 16	0	+ 16	
EBIT (reported)	23	140	+ 117	+ 509%
EBIT margin in %	0.7	3.9	+ 3.2pp	
EBT	- 32	96	+ 128	+ 400%
Group net income	- 20	64	+ 84	+ 420%
Earnings per share in EUR	- 0.39	1.89	+ 2.28	+ 584%
Free cash flow from operations	- 499	- 270	+ 229	+ 46%
Employees (September 30)	20,237	20,665	+ 428	+ 2%

Quarterly development

Sales in EUR million



Operational earnings in EUR million





Cash flow statement

in EUR million	Q3 2014	Q4 2014	Q1 2015	Q2 2015	Q3 2015	∆ Q3 2015/2014
Group net income	- 14	41	5	29	30	+ 44
Amortization / depreciation	49	59	49	50	49	± 0
Change in pension accruals	- 2	- 1	0	1	0	+ 2
Cash flow	33	101	54	80	79	+ 46
Changes in working capital and other items	70	334	- 202	- 100	8	- 62
Net cash used in operating activities	103	435	- 148	- 20	87	- 16
Cash outflow for additions to tangible and intangible assets	- 50	- 120	- 56	-55	- 78	- 28
Free cash flow from operations	53	315	- 204	- 75	9	- 44

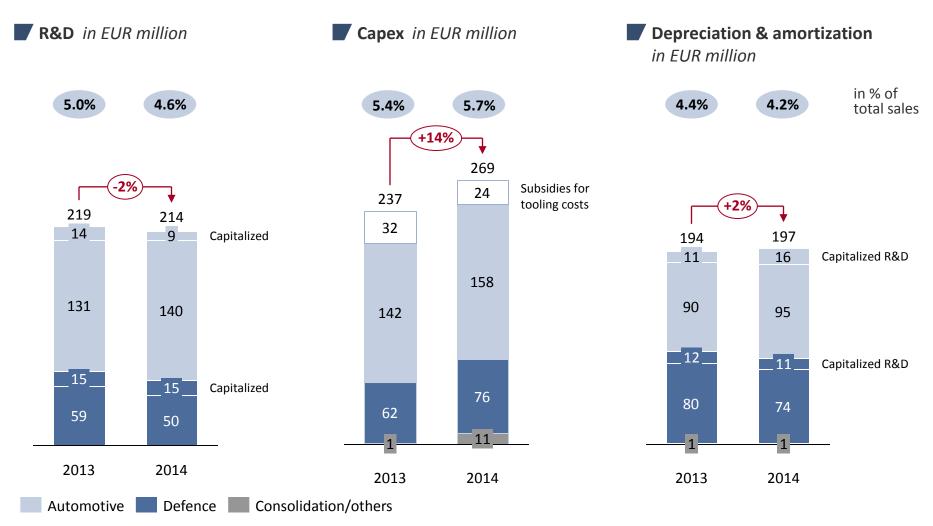


Balance sheet

in EUR million	2014 Sep 30	2014 Dec 31	2015 Sep 30	∆ 2015/ 2014 Sep 30
Assets	5,211	5,271	5,230	+ 19
Non-current assets	2,389	2,504	2,577	+ 188
Current assets	2,822	2,767	2,653	- 169
Equity & Liabilities	5,211	5.271	5,230	+ 19
Equity	1,253	1,197	1,256	+ 3
Pension liabilities	991	1,121	1,106	+ 115
Other non-current liabilities	729	938	956	+ 227
Current liabilities	2,238	2,015	1,912	- 326
Equity ratio	24%	23%	24%	± 0pp
Net debt	658	330	619	- 39
Working capital	950	813	1,004	+ 54

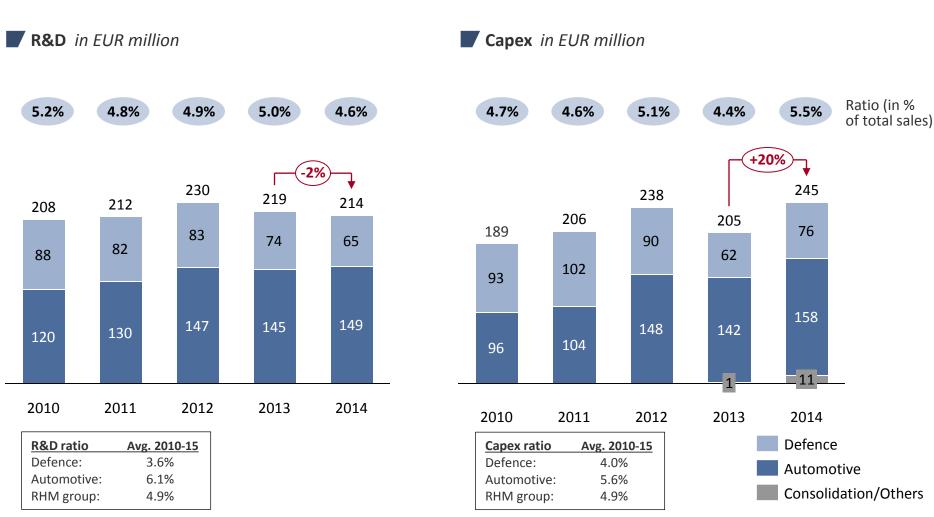
Capex and R&D

More than EUR 400 million invested in the future



2013 figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 (Discontinued Operations) with regard to the formation of the ATAG JV and according to IFRS 11 (Joint Arrangements)

Capex and R&D Long-term stable ratios



2013 figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 (Discontinued Operations) with regard to the formation of the ATAG JV and according to IFRS 11 (Joint Arrangements)



Cash flow statement

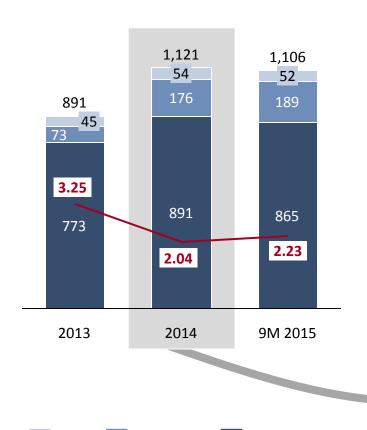
in EUR million	Q3 2014	Q4 2014	Q1 2015	Q2 2015	Q3 2015	Δ Q3 2015/2014
Net income	- 39	20	- 30	- 8	3	+ 42
Amortization / depreciation	21	23	21	21	21	± 0
Change in pension accruals	2	- 2	0	3	2	± 0
Cash flow	- 16	41	- 9	16	26	+ 42
Changes in working capital and other items	84	271	- 142	- 112	- 25	- 109
Net cash used in operating activities	68	312	- 151	- 96	1	- 67
Cash outflow for additions to tangible and intangible assets	- 22	- 28	- 17	- 15	- 26	- 4
Free cash flow from operations	46	284	- 168	- 111	- 25	- 71

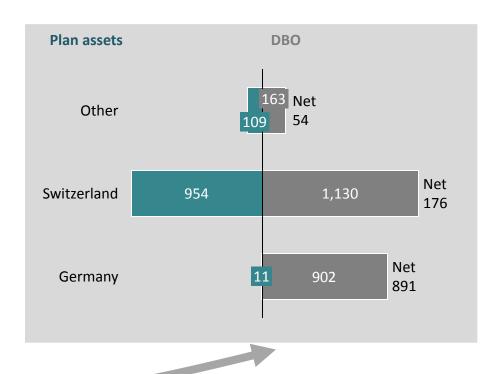
Pension obligations

Internal funding in Germany, external funding in Switzerland

Pension obligations by country in EUR million

Plan assets and Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) by country (per Dec 31 2014) in EUR million





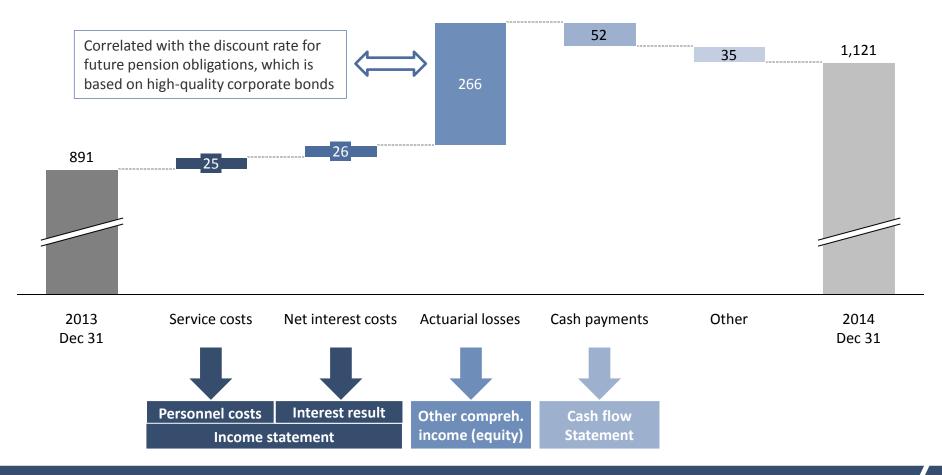
Other Switzerland Germany — Discount rate*

^{*} For German pension liabilities of Rheinmetall

Pension obligations

Actuarial losses are main factor for increase of pensions

Elements of change in pension liabilities in EUR million



Cost efficiency program Restructuring measures in final phase

	Costs 2013	Costs 2014	Total reduction of employees until 2016	Savings* 2014	Savings* 2015	Full annual savings* from 2016
Combat Systems (esp. Tracked Vehicles)	15	4	240			
Electronic Solutions (esp. Air Defence Zurich)	14	5	130			
Wheeled Vehicles (esp. Logistic Vehicles)	22	0	230			
Total Defence	51	9	600	13	~30	~40
Hardparts (esp. Pistons Thionville/Neckarsulm)	22		440			
Mechatronics (esp. merging Neuss/Nettetal)	11		100			
Aftermarket	1		10			
Total Automotive	34	0	550	12	~20	~25
Total Group	85	9	1,150	25	~50	~65
Status as at September 30, 2015			91% 1,046			

^{*} Savings amount with regard to FY 2012

Capital increase: corporate development 2009 - 2015 Rising sales managed with a shrinking equity basis and higher net debt





Market environment

Reduced global LV production expectations, Defence slightly decreasing

AUTOMOTIVE					
Global	Europe	Brazil	China		
+0.9%	+2.9%	-19.0%	+2.2%		

- Global LV production with +0.9% lower than previously expected (May +1.9%, August +1.7%)
- Optimistic picture of Western Europe (+6.1%)
 - Germany increasing by 2.6%
 - Compared to Q2 report, higher growth expectations for Spain, France, UK and Italy
- Eastern Europe (excl. Russia) increasing by 5.4%, Russia dropping by -27%, but not affecting Rheinmetall
- Brazil: Strong market decline
- China: Growth expectations continuously lowered over the year

DEFENCE					
Global	Europe (excl. Russia)	USA	MENA/Asia (incl. China)		
-0.4%	+0.2%	-5.2%	+3.8%		

- Germany with rising budget: additional EUR 8 billion spread over the next 4 years
- Europe: Conflict-induced security policy triggers increase of budgets (esp. Baltic, Scandinavia)
- Growth in MENA and Asia/Pacific
- Continuing budget reduction in the **United** States (currently in political negotiations)
- Changed global security situation:
 - Mission in Afghanistan expected for extension
 - Deployment of US ground forces in Syria conceivable
 - Intensified mission of German forces in Mali in discussion
- Rising budgets of China and Russia indicate increasing global tensions

Source: IHS Automotive (October 2015), IHS Jane's (October 2015)

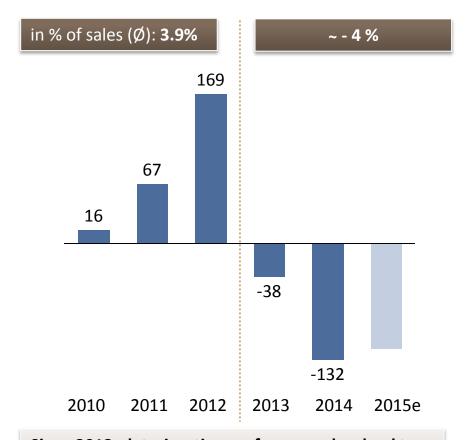
Cash flow generation as future priority

Automotive und Defence: mixed effects in previous years

Operating Free Cash Flow Automotive in EUR million

Operating Free Cash Flow Defence in EUR million



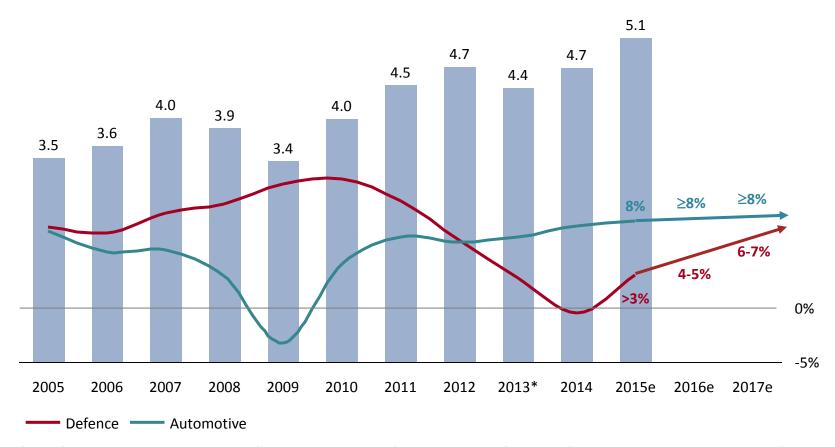


Positive cash contribution after recovery from crisis and comprehensive restructuring efforts

Since 2013, deteriorating performance has lead to negative cash flow development

Forecast 2016e and 2017e Return to long-term profitability path

Sales Group in EUR billion
Segmental operational margin in % of segmental sales



^{* 2013} figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 (Discontinued Operations) with regard to the formation of the ATAG JV and according to IFRS 11 (Joint Arrangements)



Being prepared for the future

Capital increase

- Condition for stable finances and for future growth

Restructuring

Restructuring finished: Measures have improved cost structures

Profitability

- Concentration on high-end products with attractive profitability in Automotive
- Improved earnings in Defence

Cash Flow

- Rising earnings contribution
- Normalizing capex and gradually improving working capital

Outlook

- We are striving to bring Defence to the target margin level
- We are focused on maintaining the achieved margin level of Automotive







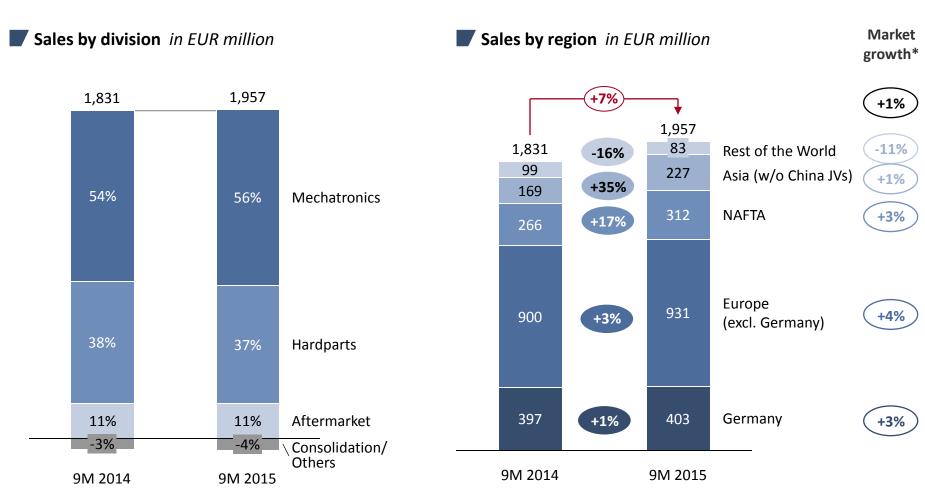
Key figures 9M 2015

in EUR million	9M 2014	9M 2015	Δ 9M 2015 ,	9M 2014
Order intake	1,853	1,982	+ 129	+ 7%
Order backlog (September 30)	418	441	+ 23	+ 6%
Sales	1,831	1,957	+ 126	+ 7%
EBITDA (reported)	215	248	+ 33	+ 15%
Operational earnings	139	164	+ 25	+ 18%
Special items: one-offs, restructuring costs	0	0	± 0	± 0%
EBIT (reported)	139	164	+ 25	+ 18%
EBIT margin in %	7.6	8.4	+ 0.8pp	
Free cash flow from operations	- 21	70	+ 91	+ 433%
Employees (September 30)	10,861	10,971	+ 110	+ 1%



Mechatronics showing increasing sales share

Automotive significantly outperforming the NAFTA and the Asian market

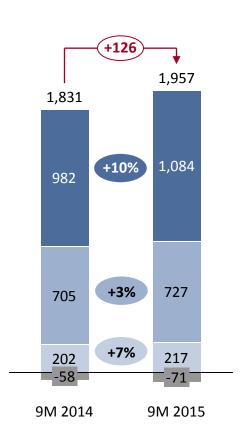


^{* 9}M 2015 vs. 9M 2014, source: IHS Automotive (October 2015)

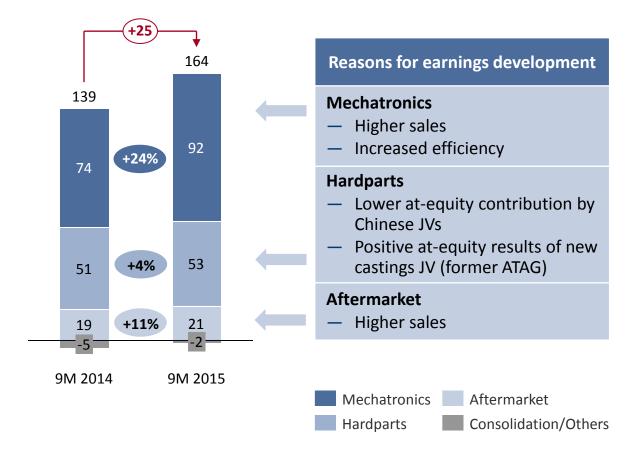


Top line growth particularly driven by Mechatronics **Earnings benefit from higher sales volumes**

Sales Automotive in EUR million



Operational earnings Automotive in EUR million



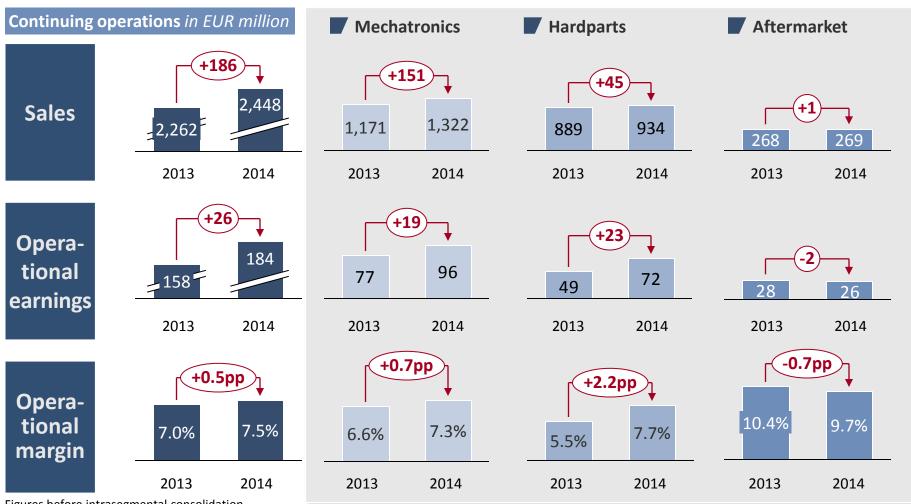


Cash flow statement

in EUR million	Q3 2014	Q4 2014	Q1 2015	Q2 2015	Q3 2015	Δ Q3 2015/2014
Net income	37	29	40	43	35	- 2
Amortization / depreciation	27	36	28	28	28	+ 1
Change in pension accruals	0	- 1	0	0	- 2	- 2
Cash flow	64	64	68	71	61	- 3
Changes in working capital and other items	- 1	79	- 60	4	40	+ 41
Net cash used in operating activities	63	143	8	75	101	+ 38
Cash outflow for additions to tangible and intangible assets	- 29	- 88	- 34	- 34	- 46	- 17
Free cash flow from operations	35	55	- 26	41	55	+ 21

FY 2014

Key figures Automotive by division

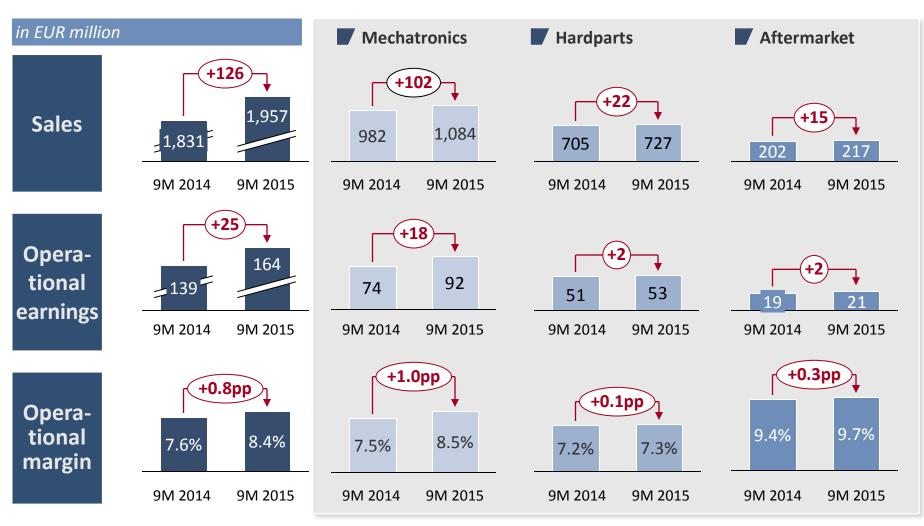


Figures before intrasegmental consolidation

Figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 (Discontinued Operations) with regard to the formation of the ATAG JV and according to IFRS 11 (Joint Arrangements)

9M 2015

Key figures Automotive by division

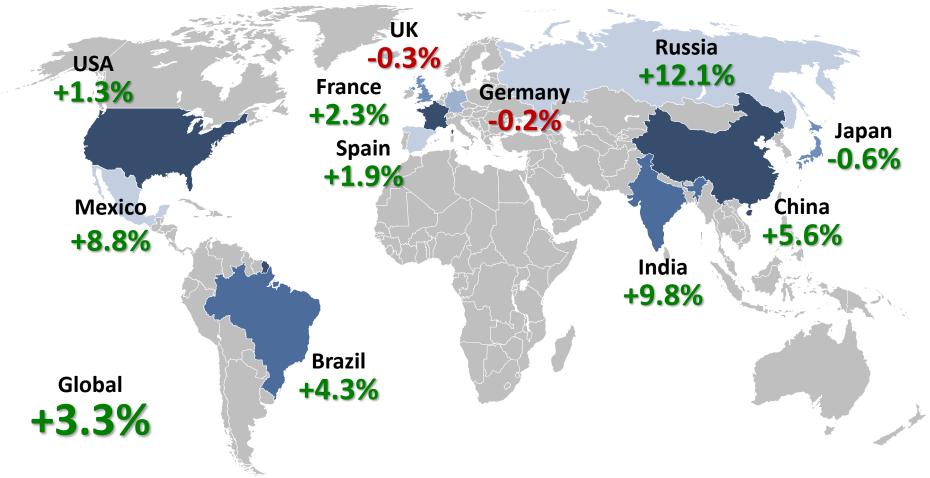


Figures before intrasegmental consolidation

Automotive market

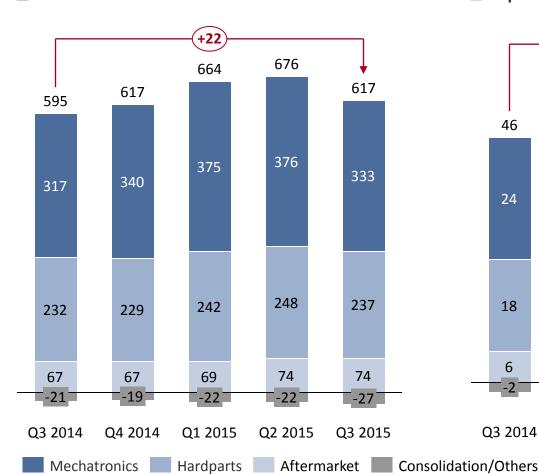
Globally growing with moderate increase in Europe and the United States

Development of LV production 2015e-2019e in % p.a.

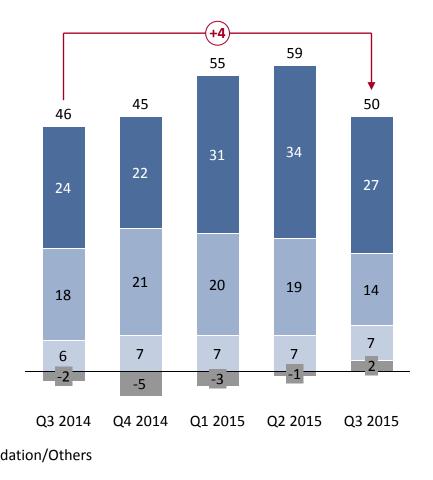


Quarterly development

Sales Automotive in EUR million

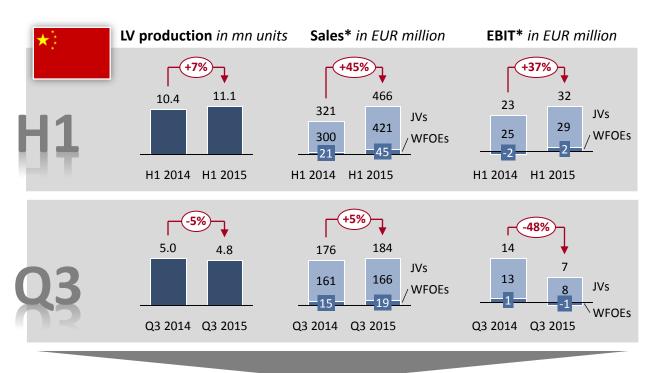


Operational earnings Automotive in EUR million

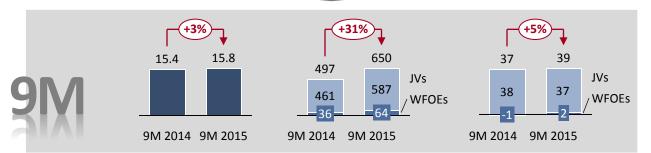


Markets in focus: China

Weak third quarter after a strong H1 performance



- Signs of economic slowdown and lower Auto market growth
- Strong and profitable growth in JVs
- Break-even in 100% subsidiaries
- Top-line growth due to FX effects
- Temporary market weakness in Q3 affected JVs and 100% subsidiaries



- Normalized level of market growth
- FX-adjusted top-line increase of 10%
- Better earnings due to break-even in 100% subsidiaries

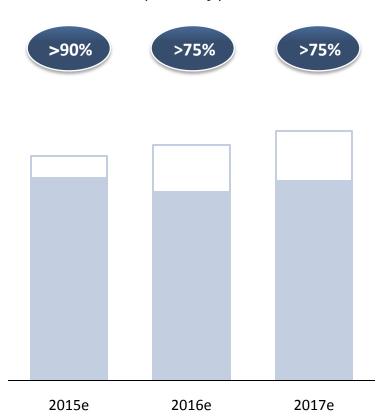
WFOE = Wholly Foreign-Owned Enterprise

^{*} Including 100% figures of 50/50 joint ventures, consolidated at equity



Nomination letters indicate good coverage of planned revenues

Sales covered by booked business in EUR million resp. in % of planned sales

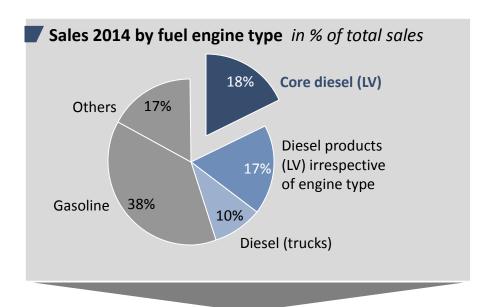


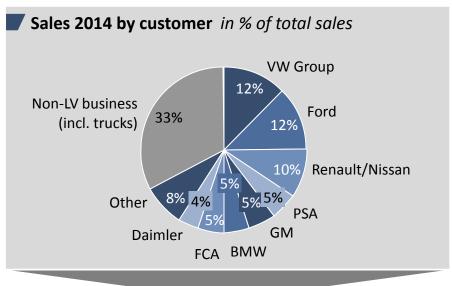
— In general:

- Nomination letters represent frame contracts ("booked business") for the lifetime of an engine platform
- Relevant for order intake: short-term calls,6-8 weeks ahead of delivery
- Mechatronics: According to booked business, sales coverage of roughly 80%
- Hardparts: According to booked business, sales coverage of roughly 70%
 - Estimates refer to serial automotive business (LV, commercial vehicles)
 - Not included: large-bore piston business (higher coverage due to single contracts), continuous casting business and warehousing business "Non-Automotive"
- Aftermarket: Not included

Markets in focus: Diesel engines

Core LV diesel exposure less than 20% of sales, high customer diversification





- 18% directly related to diesel technology, i.e.
 LV diesel emission systems and LV diesel pistons
- 17% generated by products for diesel
 LV platforms, which are independent of engine type (e.g. pumps)
- Generally spoken, 45% generated by diesel engine platforms, thereof 10% truck business

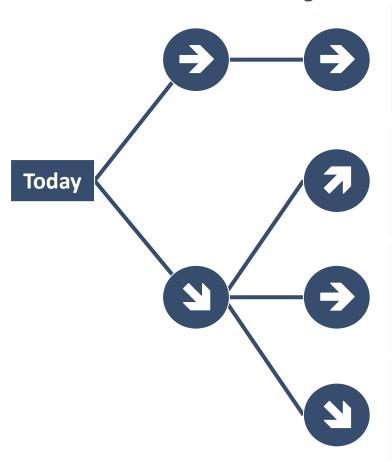
- Broadly diversified customer structure with
 - 3 OEMs representing a sales share of 10% or more
 - a number of OEMs representing a sales share of around 5%
- High share of non-LV business (33%)

All figures referring to total Automotive sales 2014



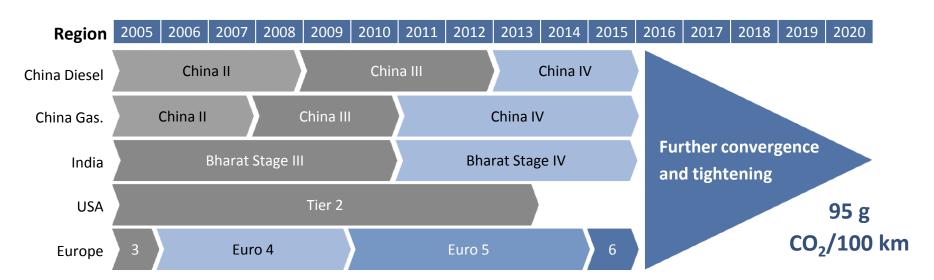
Different possible scenarios resulting from "Dieselgate" Impacts principally manageable for Rheinmetall

Relative future demand for diesel gasoline



- Growth according to market; no changes regarding drive systems
- Rheinmetall Automotive will grow due to higher content per car and electrification trend
- Mechatronics benefits from necessary retrofitting of diesel engines
- Gasoline cars will replace diesel cars, particularly small-engine cars
- Roughly 18% of Automotive revenues (2014) at risk, but compensation by sales of gasoline engine products
- All in all, CO₂ targets more difficult to achieve
- Alternative drive systems, esp. hybrids, will replace diesel cars, particularly small-engine cars
- Additional burden as diesel sales not compensated by gasoline products
- Chances for additional sales of hybrid products
- Not likely in the short term: replacement of combustion engines regardless of type by alternative drive systems
- Accelerated implementation of alternative drive systems, i.e. Rheinmetall's change of technology and product portfolio has to be realized faster

Permanently tightening and globally converging emission legislation



Key trends:

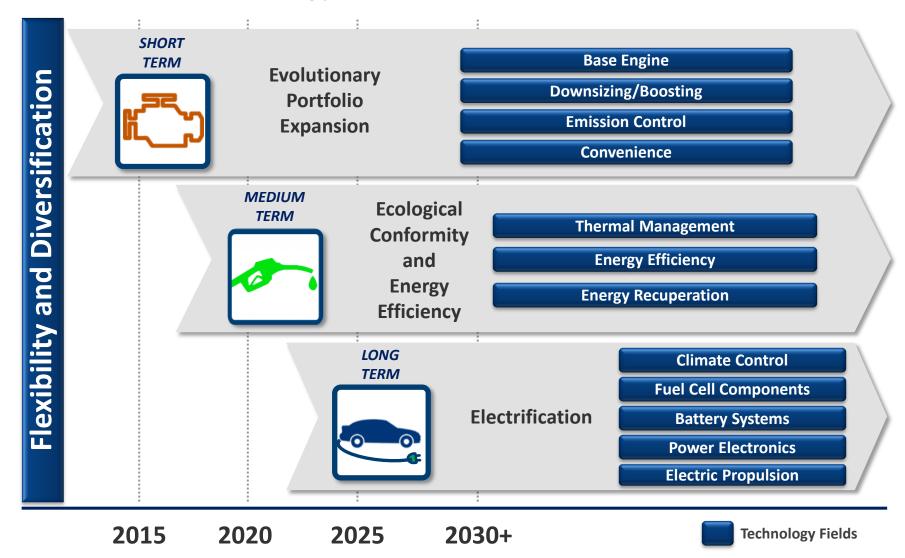
China is generally following the European Union

India is generally following the European Union

USA are independent (using Federal and Californian systems)

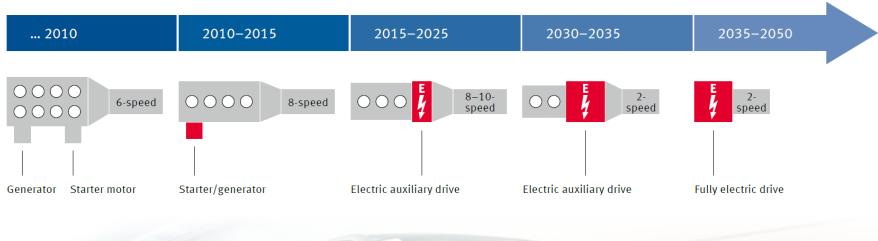
Technologies:

KSPG's Future Technology Fields



Alternative drive systems

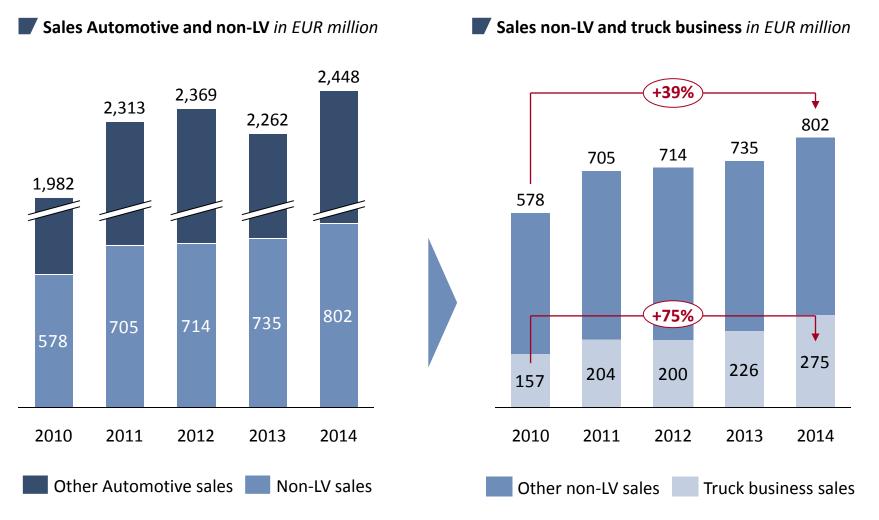
Electrification of the powertrain will take place evolutionary





Strong growth in non-LV business

Sales of truck business almost doubled within 5 years



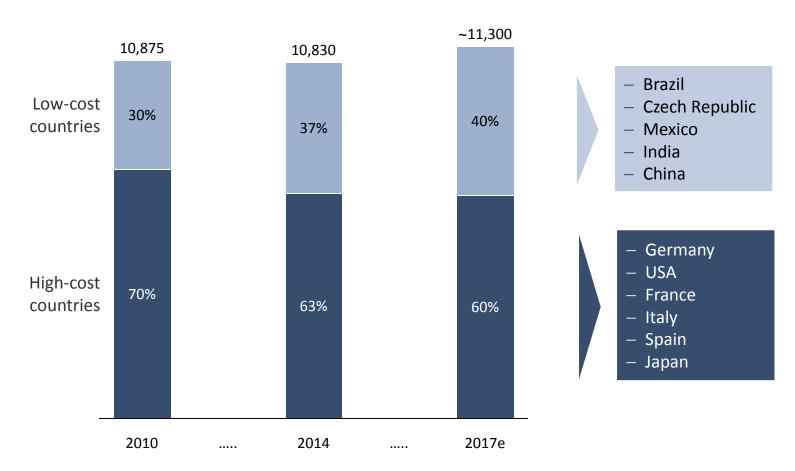
2013 figures adjusted according to IFRS 5 (Discontinued Operations) with regard to the formation of the ATAG JV and according to IFRS 11 (Joint Arrangements)

Cost efficiency

Structural improvement by best-cost concept

Headcount in full-time equivalents

Split of headcount by high cost- and low-cost countries in % of total headcount



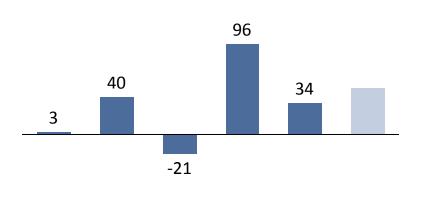
2010

2011

2012

Cash flow generation as future priority **Automotive**

Operating Free Cash Flow Automotive in EUR million



2013

2014

2015e



Cash Flow target: Range of 2% - 4% of sales

Main drivers:

- Top-line growth
- Stable EBITDA margin level: 12% 13%
- Capex ratio: 5.5% 6.5%
- Working capital ratio stable: 11% 12%







Key figures 9M 2015

in EUR million	9M 2014	9M 2015	∆ 9M 2015	/ 9M 2014
Order intake	1,592	1,774	+ 182	+ 11%
Order backlog (September 30)	6,165	6,547	+ 382	+ 6%
Sales	1,384	1,625	+ 241	+ 17%
EBITDA (reported)	- 38	52	+ 90	+ 237%
Operational earnings	- 84	- 11	+ 73	- 87%
Special items: one-offs, restructuring costs	- 16	0	+ 16	- 100%
EBIT (reported)	- 100	- 11	+ 89	+ 89%
EBIT margin in %	- 7.2	- 0.7	+ 6.5pp	
Free cash flow from operations	- 416	- 304	+ 112	- 27%
Employees (September 30)	9,229	9,540	+ 311	+ 3%

Order situation

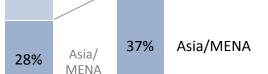
Successful internationalization outside Europe

▼ Order intake by region in EUR million

RoW

21%

1,774 1,592 19% Rest of the World

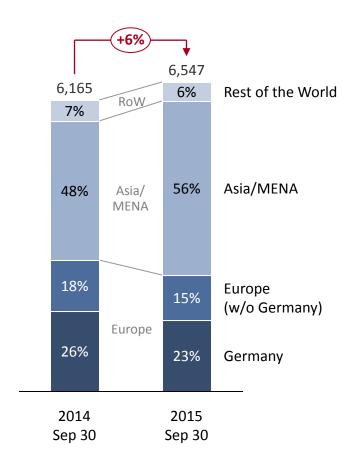




20% Germany

9M 2014 9M 2015

■ Order backlog by region in EUR million

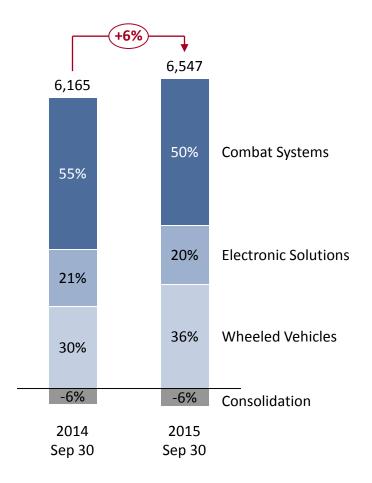




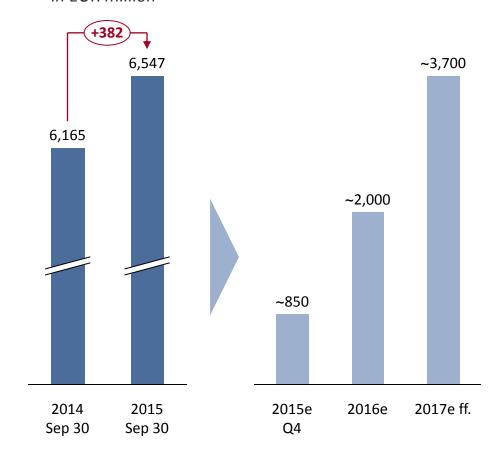
Order backlog

High order book coverage of mid-term future sales

Order backlog by region in EUR million





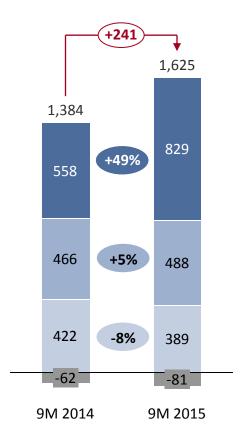


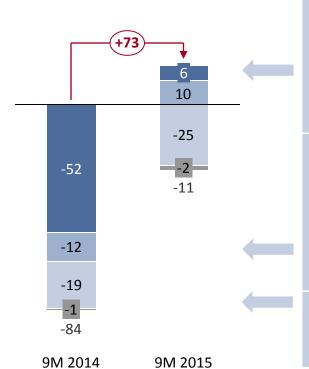


Top-line rose due to ramp-up of large-scale projects **Turn-around in earnings**



Operational earnings Defence in EUR million





Reasons for earnings development

Combat Systems

- Improved capacity utilization in Tracked Vehicles and Ammunition
- In Q3 2014, provisions for potential warranties in naval guns contract (EUR 20 million)

Electronic Solutions

- Higher sales
- Reduced loss in Norwegian subsidiary, but operational problems not yet fully solved
- In Q3 2014, withdrawal of export license to Russia (EUR 15 million)

Wheeled Vehicles

Lower sales in more profitable business unit "Tactical Vehicles"







Electronic Solutions Wheeled Vehicles Consolidation/Others

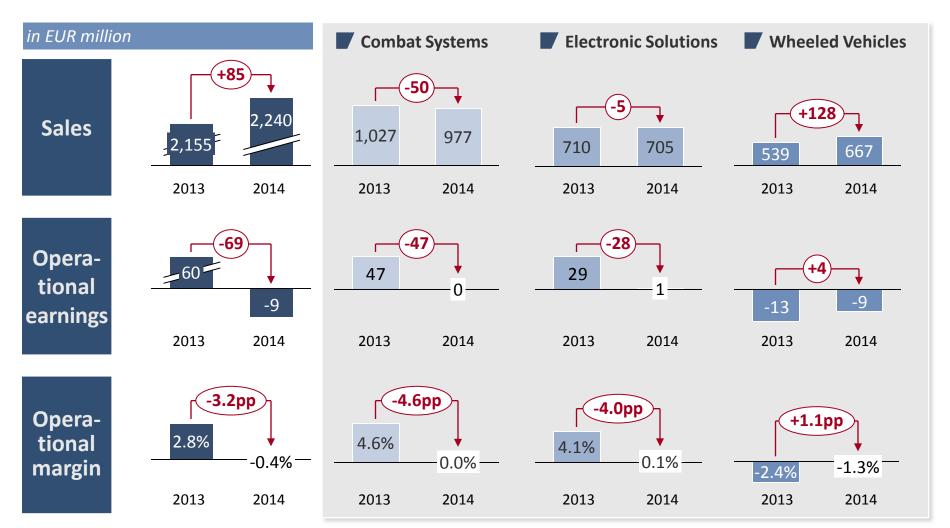


Cash flow statement

in EUR million	Q3 2014	Q4 2014	Q1 2015	Q2 2015	Q3 2015	∆ Q3 2015/2014
Net income	- 39	20	- 30	- 8	3	+ 42
Amortization / depreciation	21	23	21	21	21	± 0
Change in pension accruals	2	- 2	0	3	2	± 0
Cash flow	- 16	41	- 9	16	26	+ 42
Changes in working capital and other items	84	271	- 142	- 112	- 25	- 109
Net cash used in operating activities	68	312	- 151	- 96	1	- 67
Cash outflow for additions to tangible and intangible assets	- 22	- 28	- 17	- 15	- 26	- 4
Free cash flow from operations	46	284	- 168	- 111	- 25	- 71

FY 2014

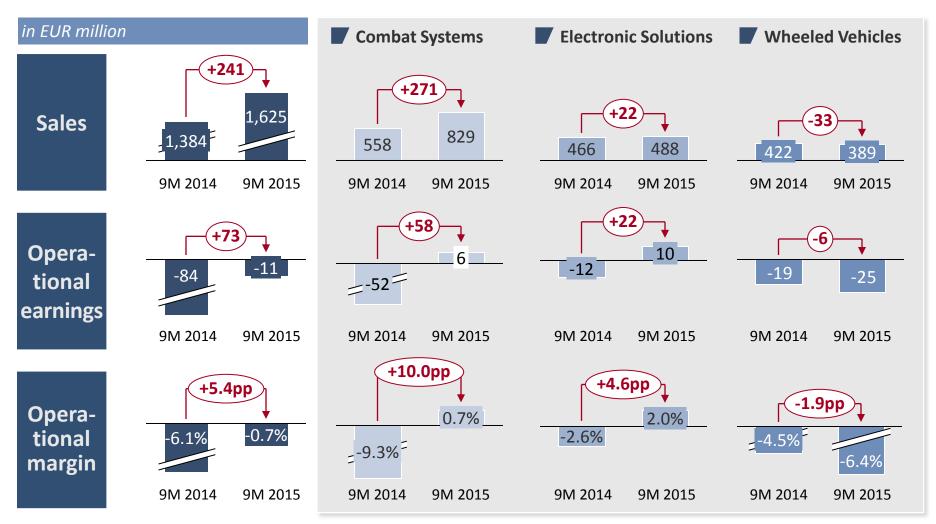
Key figures Defence by division



Figures before intrasegmental consolidation

9M 2015

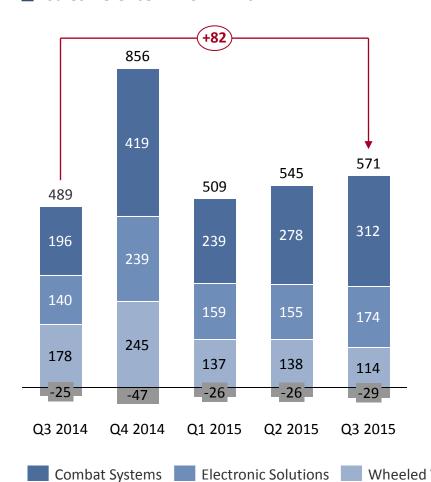
Key figures Defence by division



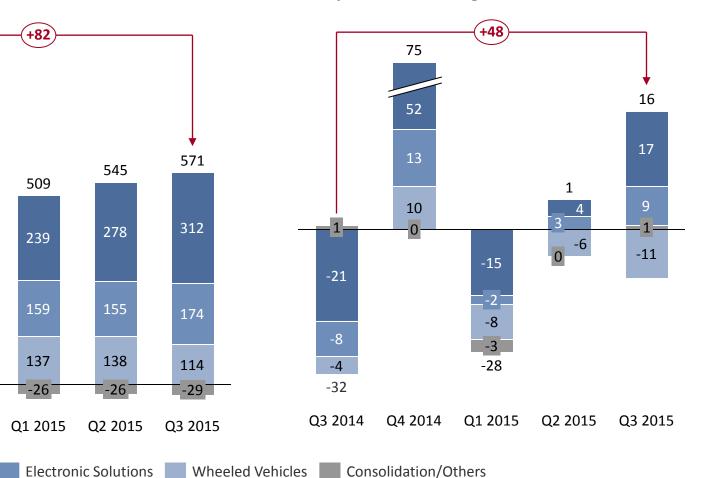
Figures before intrasegmental consolidation

Quarterly development

Sales Defence in EUR million



Operational earnings Defence in EUR million

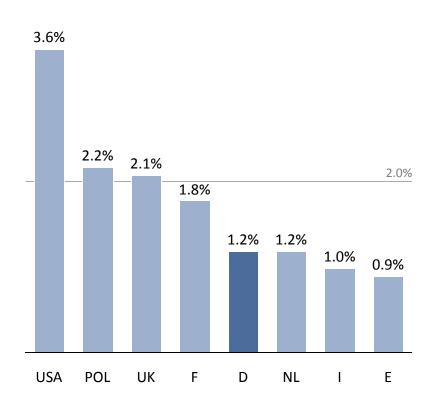




Defence policy NATO

Rising budgets in several NATO countries expected, among them Germany

■ Defence budgets 2015e in % of GDP



- NATO summit in Wales 2014 decided return to higher defence budgets: target level of 2% of GDP within 10 years
- Target to fulfil operational NATO requirements: Increasing the NATO response force (NRF) from 13,000 to 40,000 soldiers; creation of the interim Very high readiness joint task force (VJTF) as "arrowhead".
 Full readiness of land forces by a higher number of vehicles and a sufficient level of ammunition
- Consequences for Germany:
 Increasing budgets (+ EUR 8 billion),
 contribution of 4,000 soldiers to the VJTF.

Source: NATO



Definition of key defence technologies in Germany Rheinmetall currently provides a broad product range for key technologies

Network centric operations



- Soldier systems (e.g. Gladius, ISS)
- Battle management systems (Iniochos)
- Sensor planning (e.g. SC2PS)
- Digital turret systems

Sensor technology



- Optical und infrared sensors (e.g. MSP, FIRST, SEOSS, UMIT)
- Radar sensors (e.g. X-TAR3D, Medium Range Radar)
- Acoustic sensors (e.g. ASLS)

Protected and armored vehicles



- Wheeled: Boxer, Fox, AMPV, HX2
- Tracked: Puma,
 Marder, Leopard
 incl. support
 vehicles, Wiesel
- PzH2000
- Components

 (e.g. turrets,
 weapon stations,
 protected cabins)

Protection



- Softkill
- Hardkill
- Active protection
- Ballistic protection

Submarines



 Covered by Rheinmetall with components

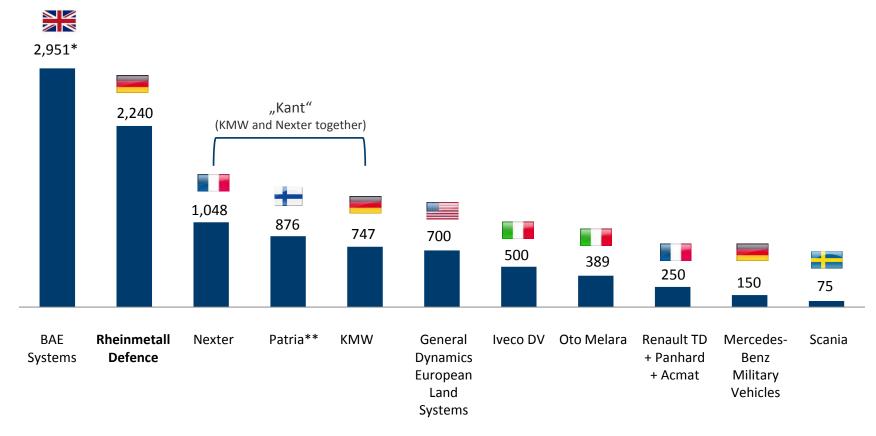
German export license policy Fairly reliable practice of case-by-case decision rule achieved



- Continuing principle: Decisions are made case by case with restrictive alignment
- Neither certain countries nor certain products generally ruled out (except for embargo countries like China, North Korea)
- But certain combinations of countries and products currently rather unlikely
- Established an "early warning system" in order to be prepared for decisions at an early stage

Consolidation of the defence industry Land systems industry in Europe

Sales 2014 in EUR million



^{*)} Thereof 1,934 EUR million are related to US business

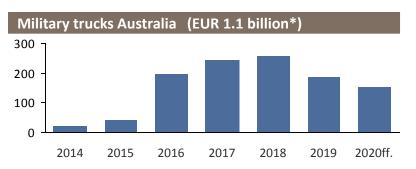
Source: Annual reports, Rheinmetall analyses and estimates

^{**)} Including Nammo

Turning order backlog into sales

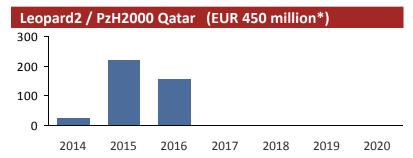
Sales development for top six projects by order volume

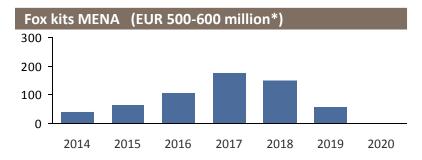


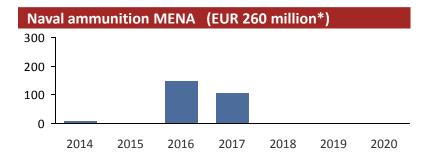


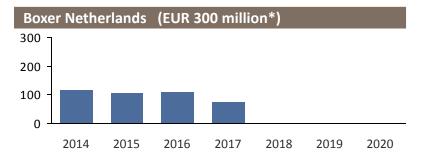
Combat Systems

Wheeled Vehicles





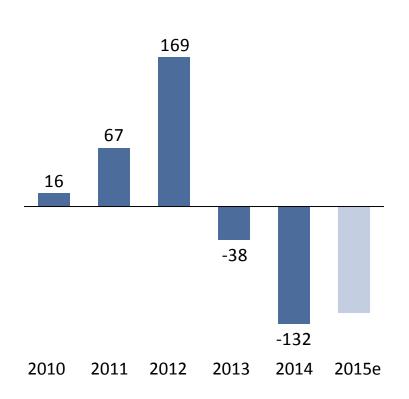




^{*} Figures refer to order backlog as of December 31, 2014

Cash flow generation as future priority **Defence**

Operating Free Cash Flow Defence in EUR million





Main drivers:

- Top-line growth
- Increasing EBITDA margin: range of 7% 10%
- Capex ratio stable: 3% 4%
- Working capital mainly affected by ramp-ups, large projects and down-payments; therefore hard to predict:
 ~ 25% 35% of sales



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This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to Rheinmetall's financial condition, results of operations and businesses and certain of Rheinmetall's plans and objectives. These forward-looking statements reflect the current views of Rheinmetall's management with respect to future events.

In particular, such forward-looking statements include the financial guidance contained in the outlook for 2015.

Forward-looking statements are sometimes, but not always, identified by their use of a date in the future or such words as "will", "anticipates", "aims", "could", "may", "should", "expects", "believes", "intends", "plans" or "targets". By their nature, forward-looking statements are inherently predictive, speculative and involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. In particular, such factors may have a material adverse effect on the costs and revenue development of Rheinmetall. Further, the economic downturn in Rheinmetall's markets, and changes in interest and currency exchange rates, may also have an impact on Rheinmetall's business development and the availability of financing on favorable conditions. The factors that could affect Rheinmetall's future financial results are discussed more fully in Rheinmetall's most recent annual and quarterly reports which can be found on its website at www.rheinmetall.com.

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