

Piper Sandler 2022 East Coast Financial Services Conference



Personal



Business



Lending



Government

November 9, 2022

Small enough to know you.
Large enough to help you.®

FFIC **FLUSHING**
Financial Corporation

Safe Harbor Statement

“Safe Harbor” Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: Statements in this Presentation relating to plans, strategies, economic performance and trends, projections of results of specific activities or investments and other statements that are not descriptions of historical facts may be forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking information is inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results could differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, which include, but are not limited to, risk factors discussed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 and in other documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. Forward-looking statements may be identified by terms such as “may”, “will”, “should”, “could”, “expects”, “plans”, “intends”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “estimates”, “predicts”, “forecasts”, “goals”, “potential” or “continue” or similar terms or the negative of these terms. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. The Company has no obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

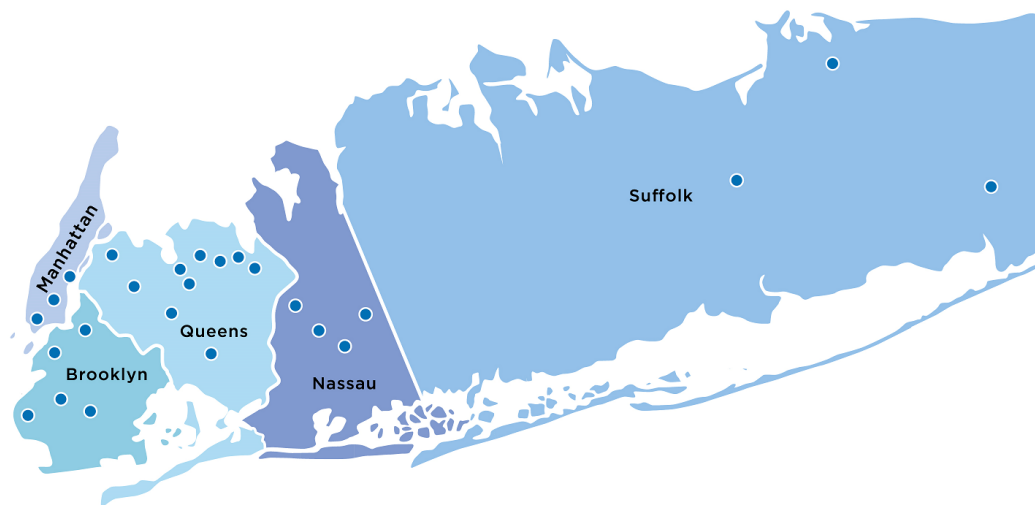
Flushing Financial Snapshot (NASDAQ: FFIC)

3Q22 Key Statistics

Balance Sheet		Performance	
Assets	\$8.6B	GAAP/Core ROAA	1.11%/0.90% ²
Loans, net	\$6.9B	GAAP/Core ROAE	13.91%/11.24% ²
Deposits	\$6.1B ¹	GAAP/Core Exp/Avg Assets	1.69%/1.68% ²
Equity	\$0.7B	Tangible Book Value	\$21.81
		Dividend Yield	4.3% ³

Footprint

Deposits primarily from 25 branches in multicultural neighborhoods and our online division, consisting of iGObanking® and BankPurely®



Key Messages

- Leading Community Bank in the Attractive Greater NYC Area
- Well Diversified and Low Risk Loan Portfolio
- History of Sound Credit Quality
- Asian Banking Niche
- Well Positioned to Capture Market Share Through In-Market Merger Disruption

Brand Promise



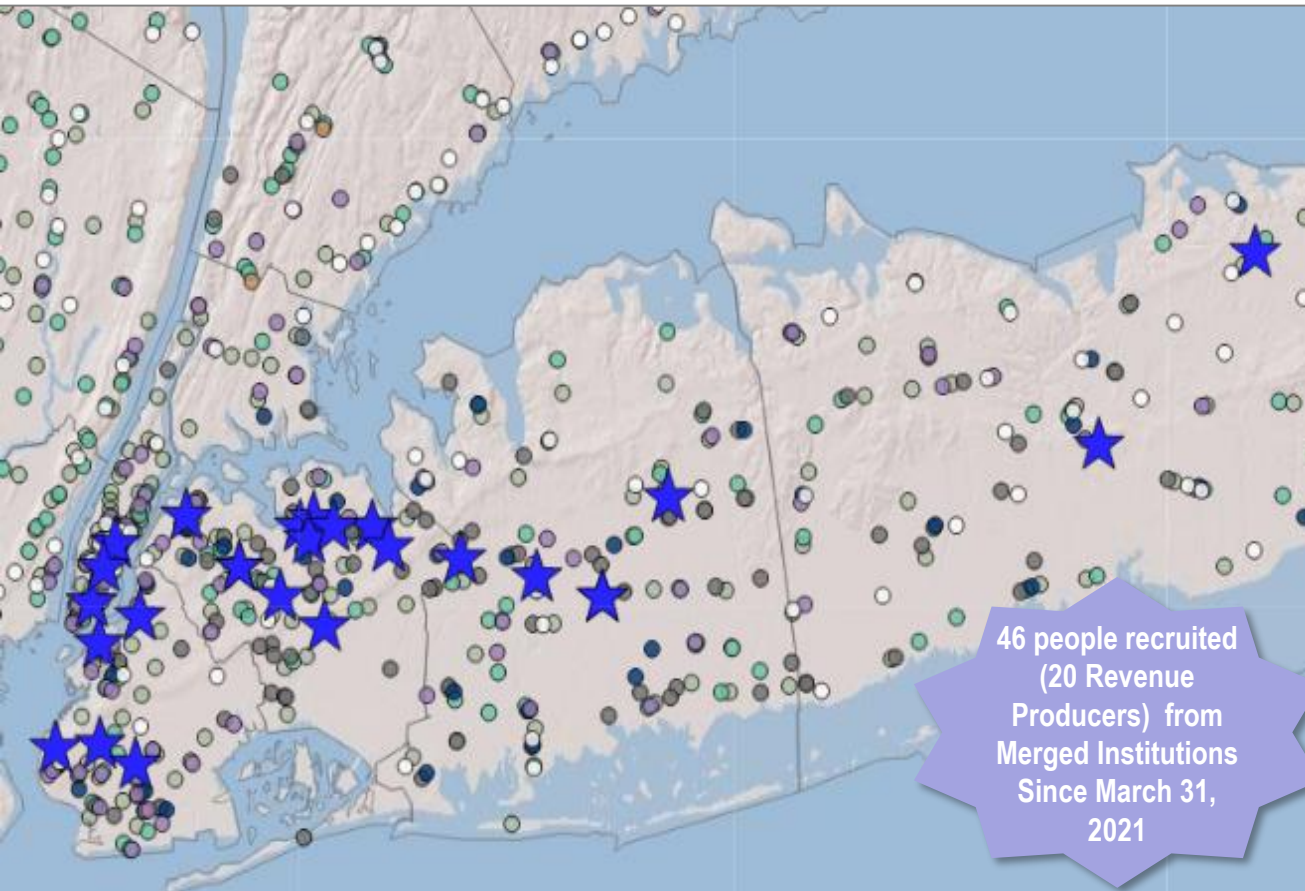
Nurturing Relationships and Rewarding Customers, Employees, and Shareholders

¹ Includes mortgage escrow deposits

² See Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue & Pre-Provision Pre-Tax Net Revenue and Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue and Pre-Provision Pre-Tax Net Revenue for calculation

³ Calculated using 10/21/22 closing price of \$20.25

Well-positioned to Benefit from Industry Merger Disruption



Current Pro Forma U.S. Branches

- ★ Flushing Financial (FFIC)¹
- M&T Bank (MTB)/ People's United Financial (PBCT) (Closed April 1, 2022)
- Webster Financial (WBS)/ Sterling Bancorp (STL) (Closed Feb 1, 2022)
- Citizens Financial Group (CFG)/ HSBC (Closed Feb 18, 2022) / Investors Bancorp (ISBC) (Closed April 6, 2022)
- New York Community Bancorp (NYCB)/ Flagstar Bancorp (FBC) (Pending)
- Valley National Bancorp (VLY)/ The Westchester Bank (Closed Dec 1, 2021)/ Bank Leumi USA (Closed April 1, 2022)
- Dime Community Bancshares (DCOM) (Closed Feb 1, 2021)
- TD Bank (TD)/First Horizon (FHN) (Pending)
- OceanFirst (OCFC)/Partners (PTRS) (Pending)

- **10 bank mergers** have been announced or closed involving Long Island area banks²
- **Out of the \$363B of total industry deposits** in Nassau, Queens, Kings, and Suffolk Counties, \$85B or 23% involve a merger participant³
- **93% of FFIC's deposits** are in the Long Island market, including Brooklyn and Queens

Strong Asian Banking Market Focus

Asian Communities – Total Loans \$802MM
and Deposits \$1B

Multilingual Branch Staff Serves Diverse Customer Base in NYC
Metro Area

Growth Aided by the Asian Advisory Board

Sponsorships of Cultural Activities Support New and Existing
Opportunities

Expansion into Elmhurst (Queens) on June 6, 2022

16%
of Total Deposits¹

\$36B
Deposit Market Potential
> (~3% Market Share²)

7.6%
FFIC 5 Year Asian Market
CAGR vs 3.7%² for the
Comparable Asian
Markets

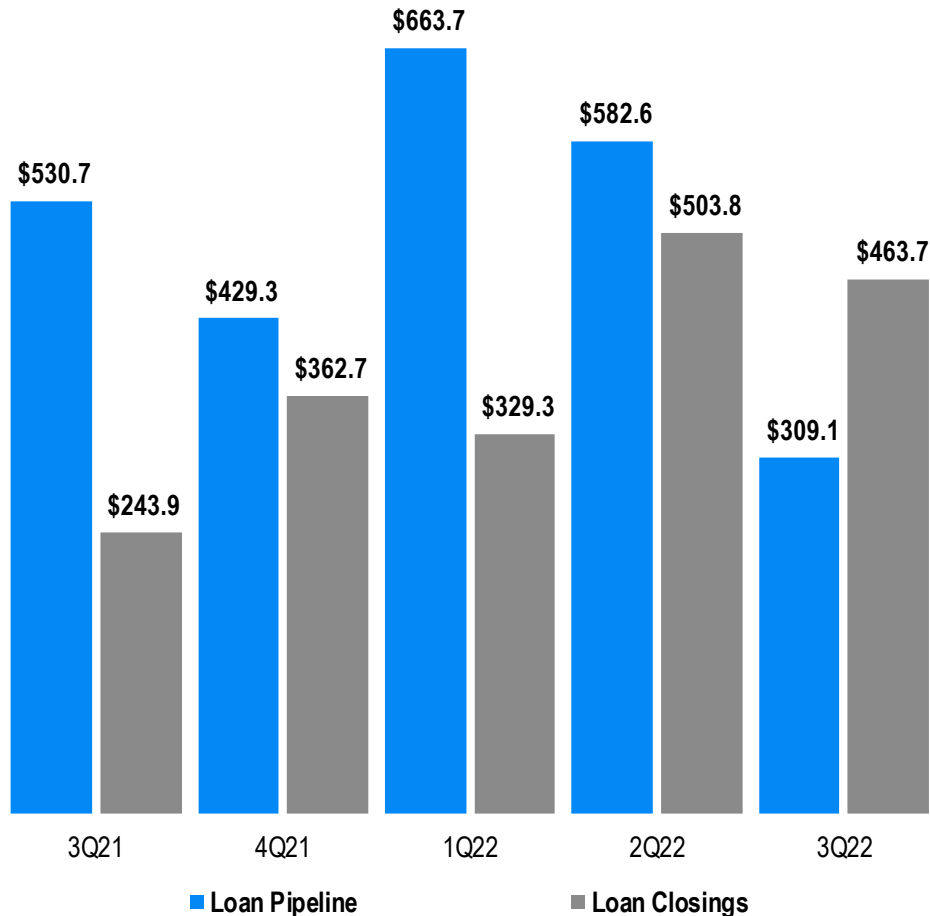
Key Events During 3Q22

- **Signed Lease for Brooklyn Branch Expanding Asian Banking Footprint**
- **Successfully Issued \$65.0MM of Subordinated Notes**
 - Provides the Bank with regulatory capital flexibility; lowers the CRE concentration ratio
 - Attractive funding as new issue coupons are higher
- **Sponsored and Participated in Flushing and Port Jefferson Dragon Boat Race Festivals**
 - Proud to support these community and cultural events
 - Race teams performed well versus larger bank competition
- **Sponsored Harvest Moon Reception**
 - Celebration of the Mid-Autumn Festival for the Asian Banking customers; over 130 attendees
- **Contactless Enabled ATM Debit Card Launched**
 - Enables contactless transactions; rollout began in September 2022



Strong Loan Closings; Loan Pipeline Declines

Loan Closings Up 90% YoY (\$MM)



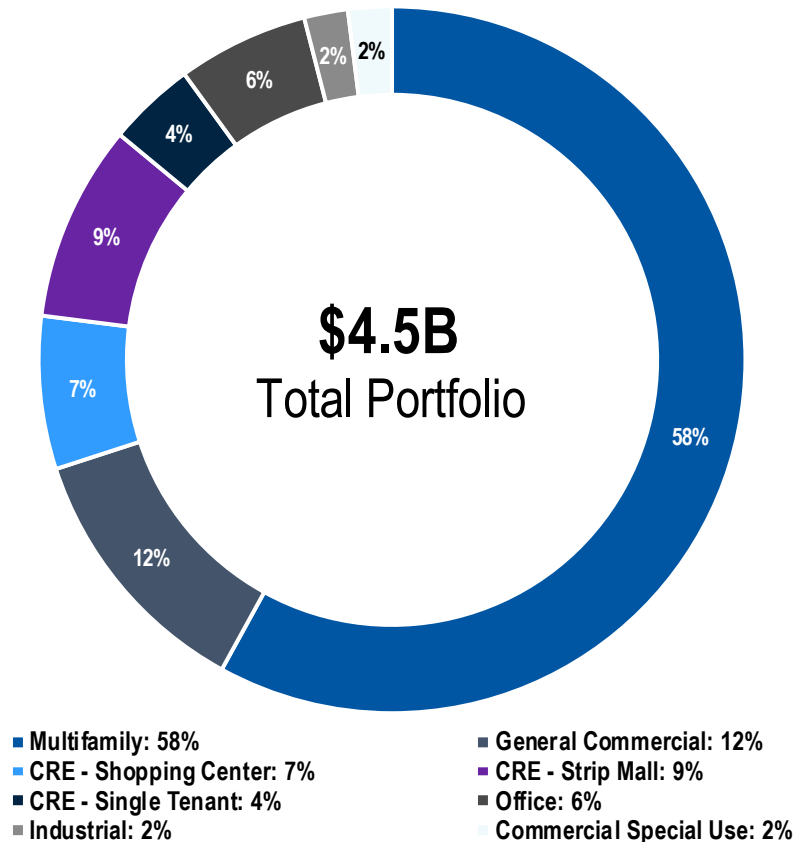
■ Closings up

- Closings up 90.1% YoY in 3Q22
- Loan pull through rates were 79.6% in 3Q22 compared to 75.9% in 2Q22 and 56.4% in 3Q21

■ Pipeline declines from record levels

- Risings rates could slow closings and prepayments
- Became more selective in originations focusing on full relationships, rates, and terms

Loans Secured by Real Estate Have an Average LTV of <37%



Multifamily

- Primarily in market lending
- Review net operating income and the collateral plus the financial resources and income level of the borrower (including experience in managing or owning similar properties)
- ARMs adjust each 5-year period with terms up to 30 years and comprise 81% of the portfolio; prepayment penalties are reset for each 5-year period

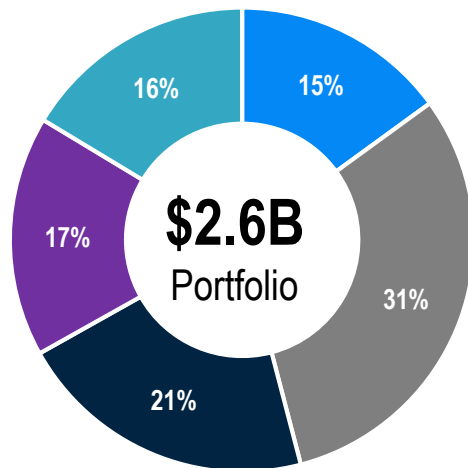
Commercial Real Estate

- Secured by in market office buildings, hotels/motels, small business facilities, strip shopping centers, and warehouses
- Similar underwriting standards as multifamily
- ARMs adjust each 5-year period with terms up to 30 years and comprise 83% of the portfolio

Well Secured and Diversified Real Estate Portfolio

Well-Secured Multifamily and CRE Portfolios

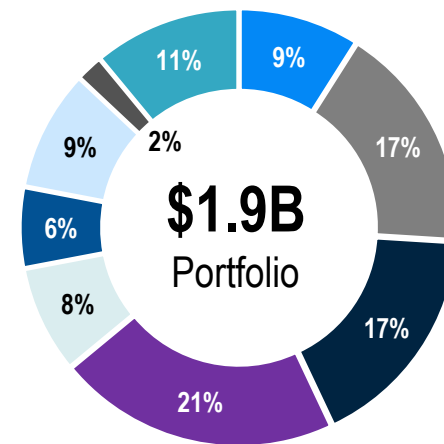
Multifamily Geography



■ Bronx ■ Kings ■ Manhattan ■ Queens ■ Other

- Average loan size: \$1.0MM
- Average monthly rent of **\$1,567 vs \$2,978¹** for the market
- Weighted average LTV² is 45% with no loans having an LTV above 75%
- Weighted average DCR is ~1.7x³
- Borrowers typically do not sell properties, but refinance to buy more properties

Non-Owner Occupied CRE Geography

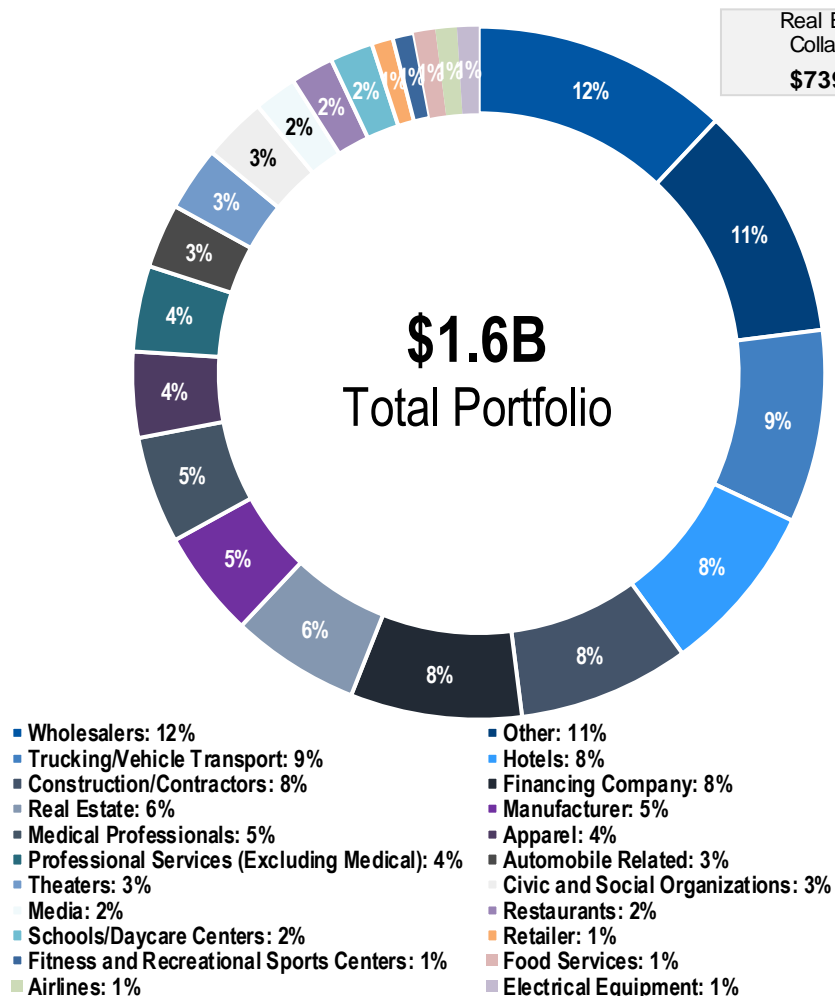


■ Bronx ■ Kings ■ Manhattan ■ Queens ■ Other NY
 ■ Nassau ■ Suffolk ■ NJ ■ CT/Other

- Average loan size: \$2.1MM
- Weighted average LTV² is 50% with no loans having an LTV above 75%
- Weighted average DCR is ~1.8x³
- ~21% of the portfolio outside of branch footprint
- Require primary operating accounts

Underwrite Real Estate Loans with a Cap Rate in Mid-5s and Stress Test Each Loan

Well-Diversified Commercial Business Portfolio



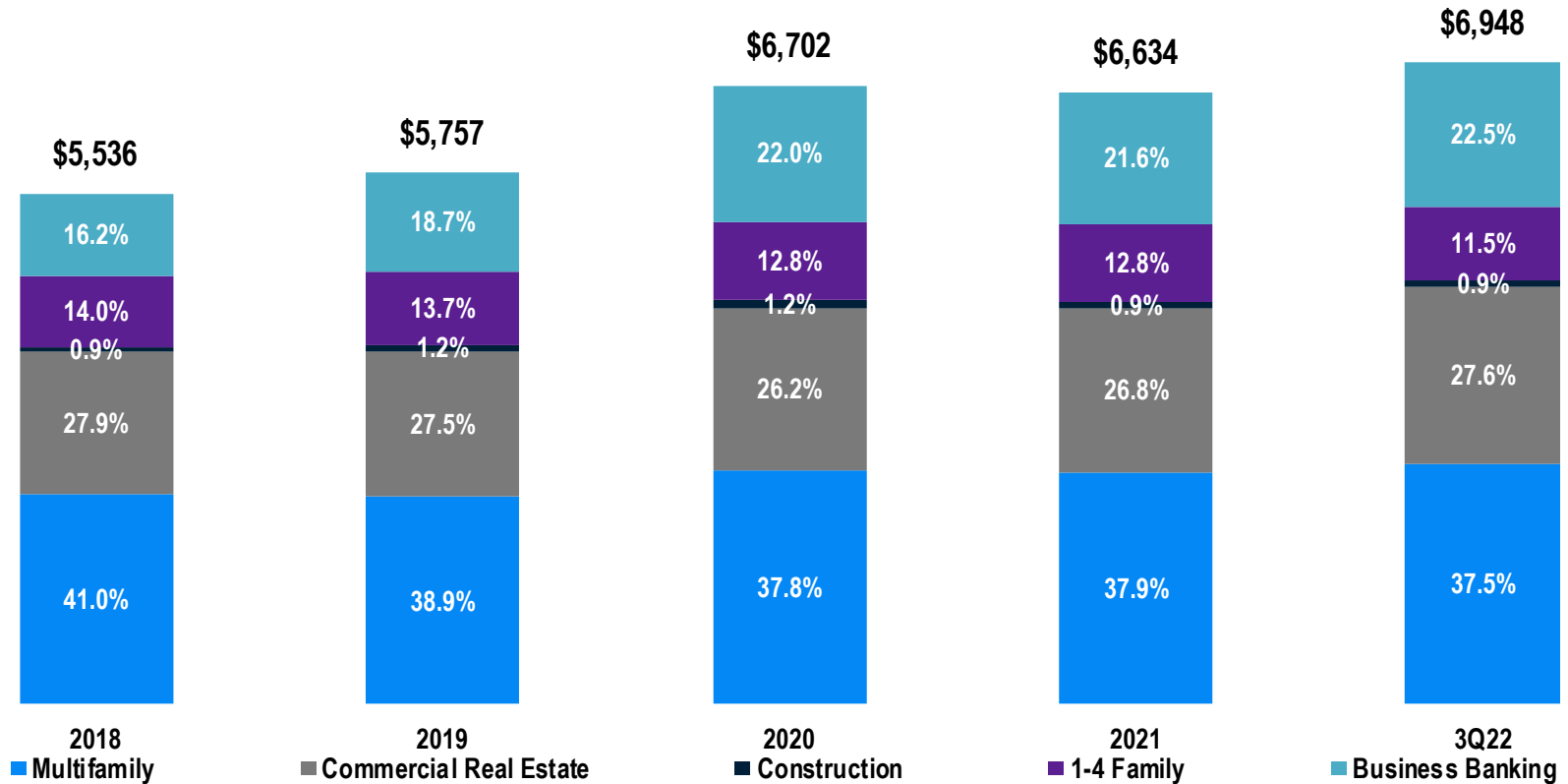
Commercial Business

- Primarily in market lending
- Annual sales up to \$250MM
- Lines of credit and term loans, including owner occupied mortgages
- Loans secured by business assets, including account receivables, inventory, equipment, and real estate
- Personal guarantees are generally required
- Originations are generally \$100,000 to \$10MM
- Adjustable rate loans with adjustment periods of five years for owner-occupied mortgages and for lines of credit the adjustment period is generally monthly
- Generally not subject to limitations on interest rate increases but have interest rate floors

Average loan size of \$1.2MM

Loans Continue to Increase; Yields Improve

Loan Composition
Period End Loans (\$MM)



Core Loan Yields

4.38%

4.51%

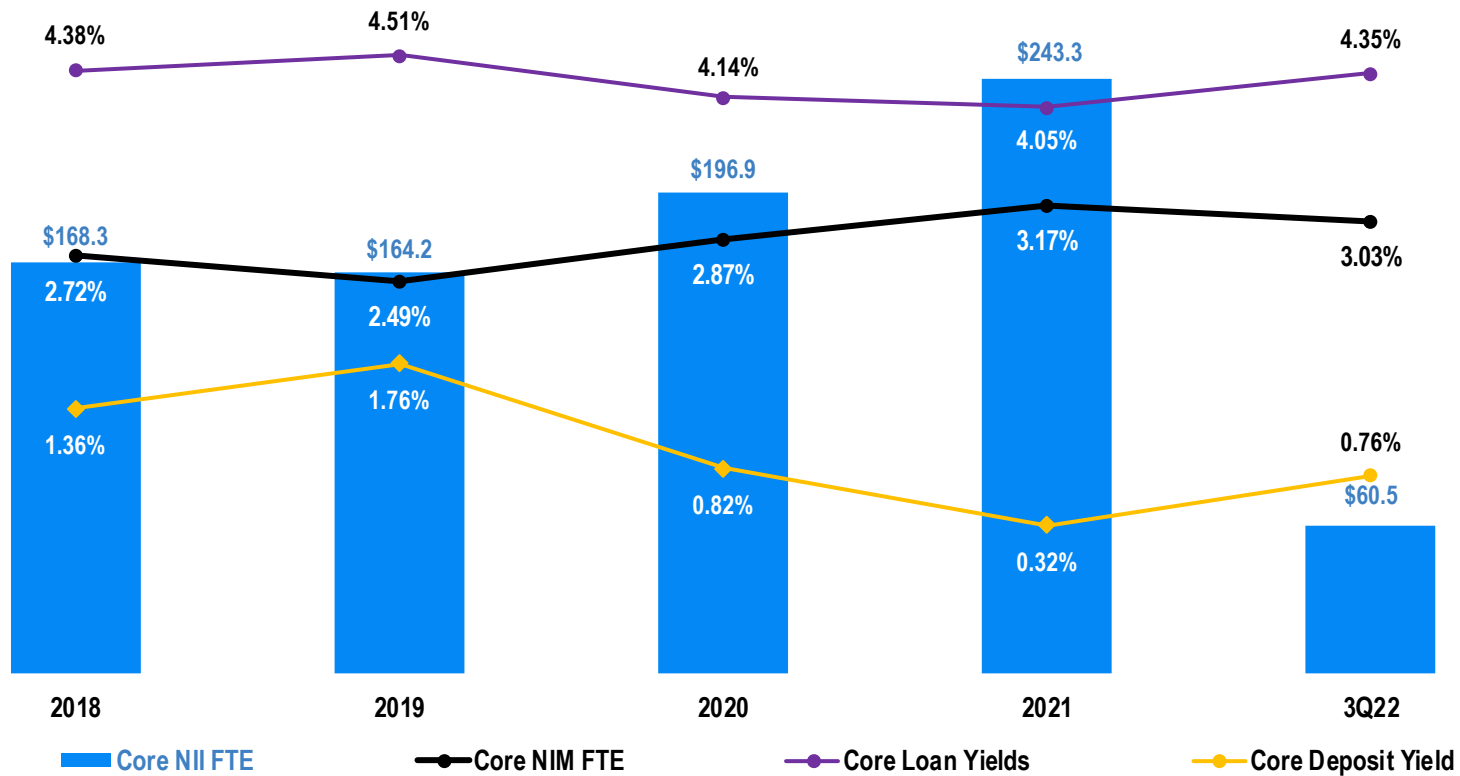
4.14%

4.05%

4.35%

Core Loan Yields Increase 20 bps QoQ; NIM Compresses

(\$MM)



20 bps
QoQ
Increase
in 3Q22

47 bps
QoQ
Increase
in 3Q22

GAAP NIM FTE

2.70%

2.47%

2.85%

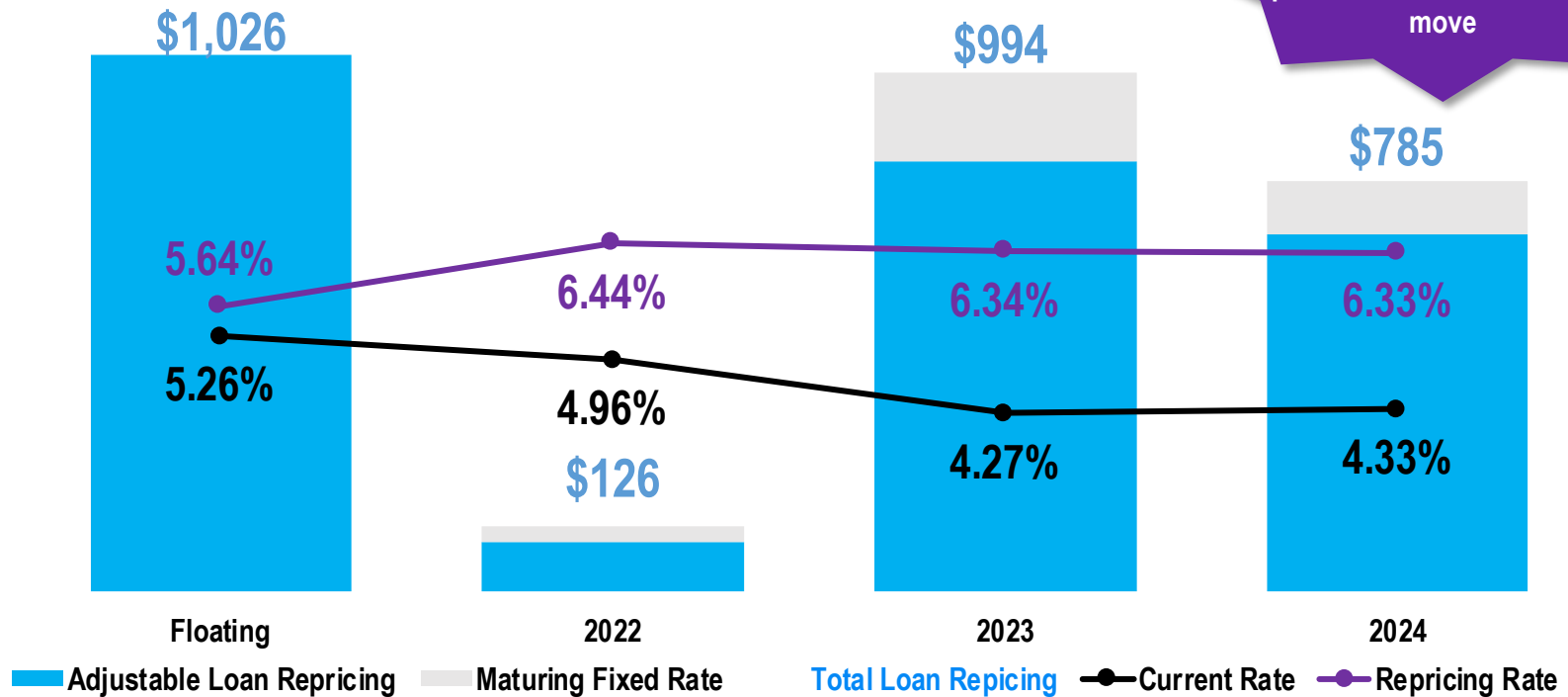
3.24%

3.07%

42% of the Loan Portfolio to Reprice Through 2024

Loan Repricing
(\$MM)

Fed fund futures¹ expect another ~175 bps of rate increases that are not captured in this analysis, but we expect to capture a portion, if not all, of the rate move

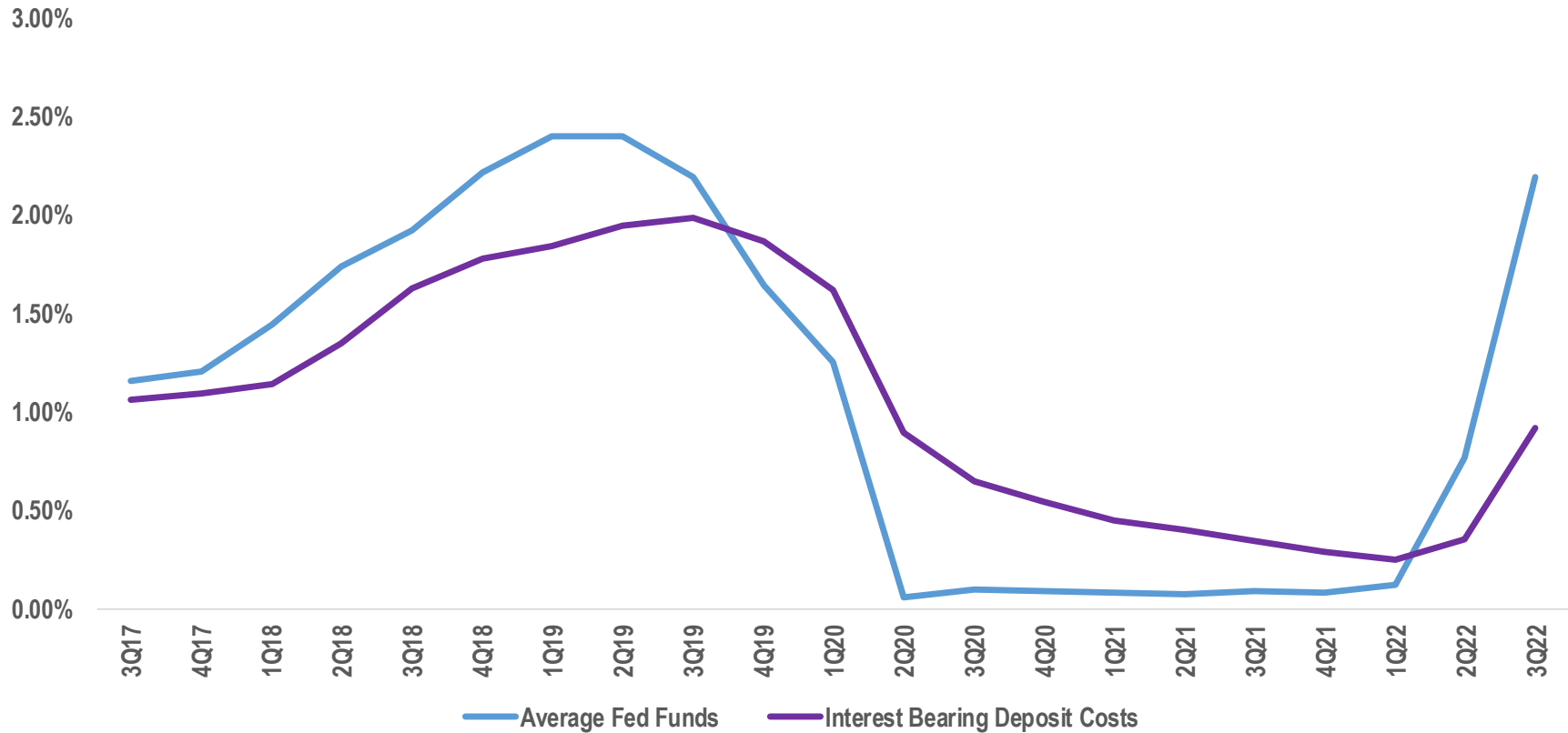


- Floating rate loans include any loans (including swaps) tied to an index that reprices within 90 days
- Through 2024, loans to reprice ~200 bps higher assuming index values as of September 30, 2022
- ~15% reprice with every Fed move and an additional 10-15% of loans reprice annually

Deposit Rates Rise But At Slower Pace Than Fed Moves

Overall Interest Bearing Deposit Beta

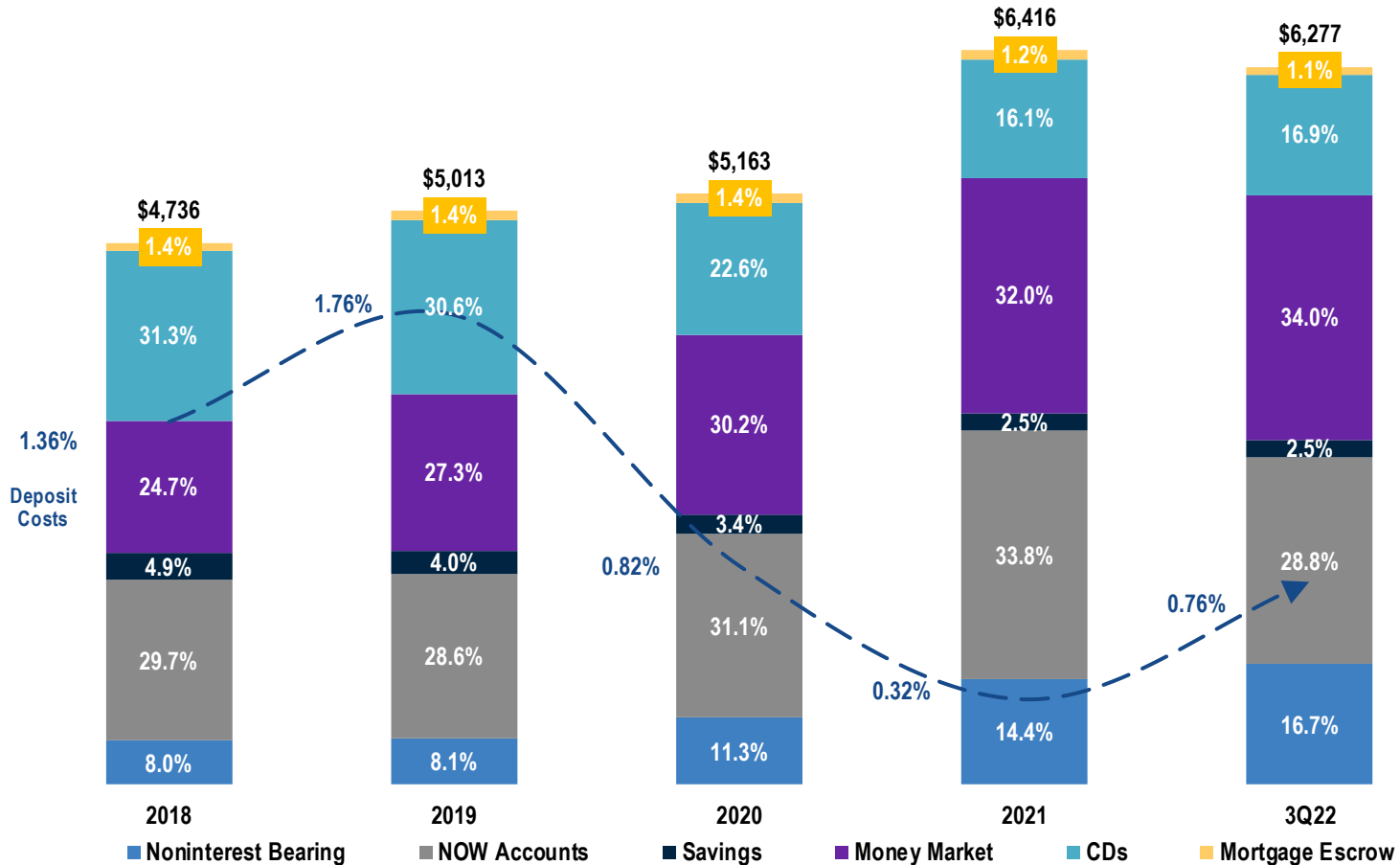
- **Previous Cycle:** 3Q15-1Q19 the interest bearing deposit beta was 42.5% as average Fed Funds increased 226 bps
- **Current Cycle:** 4Q21-3Q22, the interest bearing deposit beta is 29.9% as average Fed Funds increased 211 bps



Year to Date, Weighted Average Interest Bearing Deposit Beta of 29.9%

Starting to Increase CDs to Lengthen Liability Duration

Average Deposits Composition (\$MM)



Digital Banking Usage Continues to Increase

25%

Increase in Monthly Mobile
Active Users
Sept 2022 YoY



~26,500

Users with Active Status
22%
Sept 2022 YoY Growth



11%

Digital Banking
Enrollment
Sept 2022 YoY Growth



Internet Banks

iGObanking and BankPurely
national deposit gathering
platforms
~3% of Average Deposits
in September 2022



Numerated

Small Business Lending
Platform
\$16MM of Commitments
in 9M22; Higher Yields vs
Portfolio



~5,800

Zelle® Transactions
~\$2.0MM

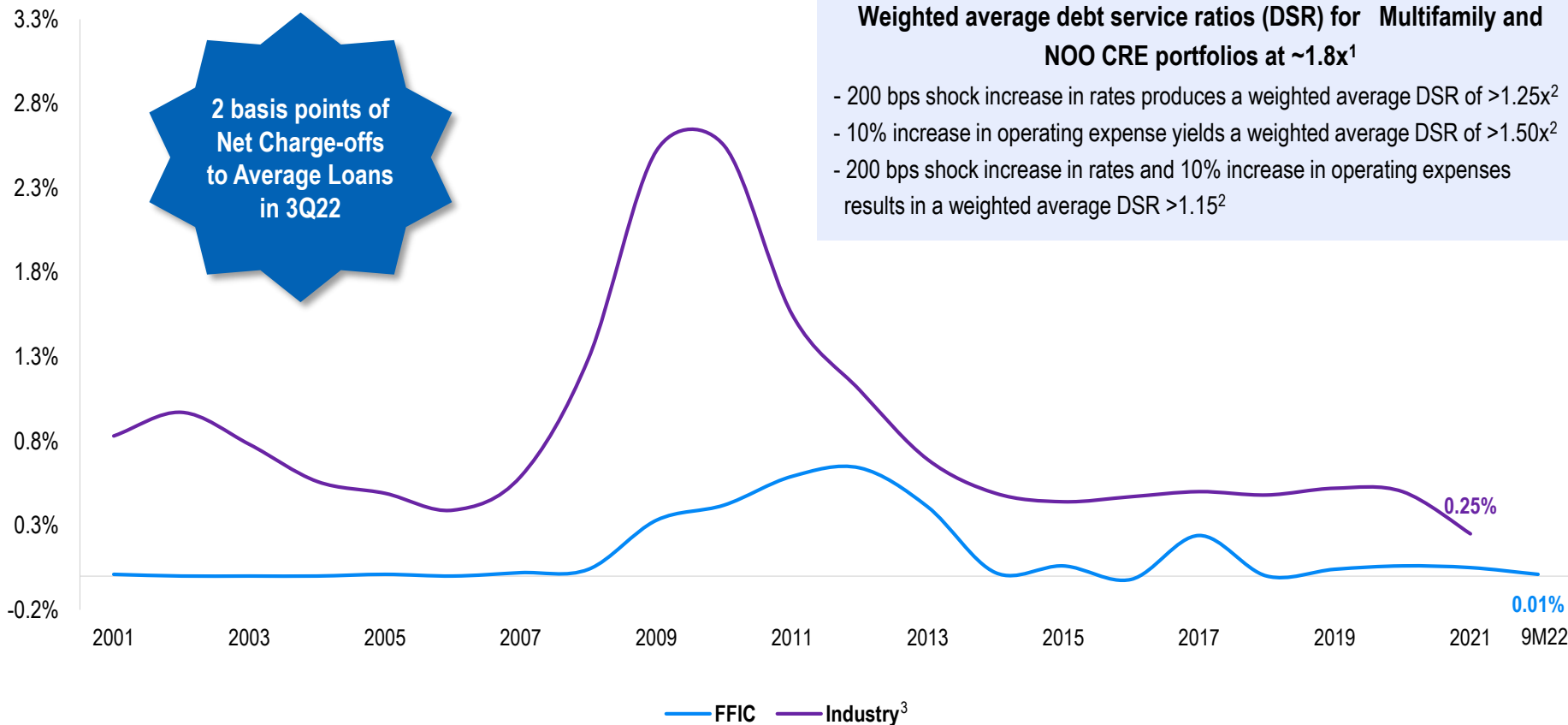
Zelle Dollar Transactions
in Sept 2022



Technology Enhancements Remain a Priority

Net Charge-offs Significantly Better Than the Industry; Strong DSR

NCOs / Average Loans

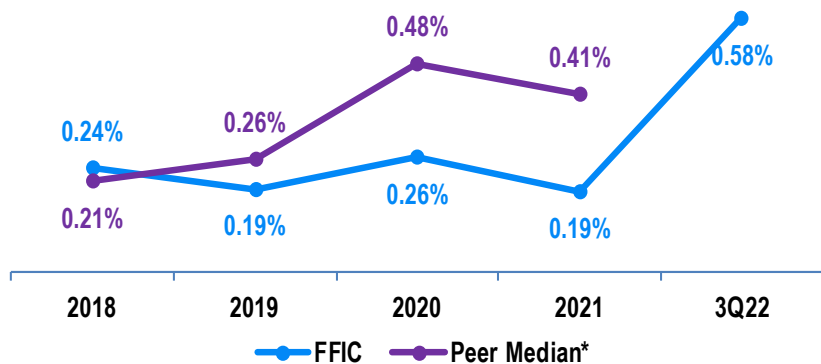


- Over two decades and multiple credit cycles, Flushing Financial has a history of better than industry credit quality
- Average LTVs on the Real Estate portfolio is <37%⁴
 - Only \$23.1MM of real estate loans (0.33% of gross loans) with an LTV of 75% or more⁴

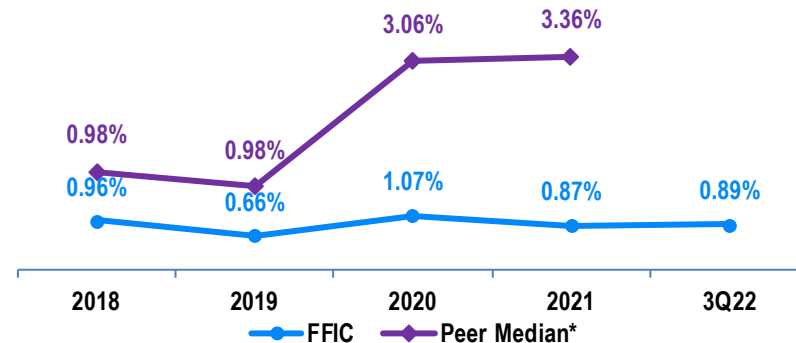
Continued Strong Credit Quality

NPAs / Assets

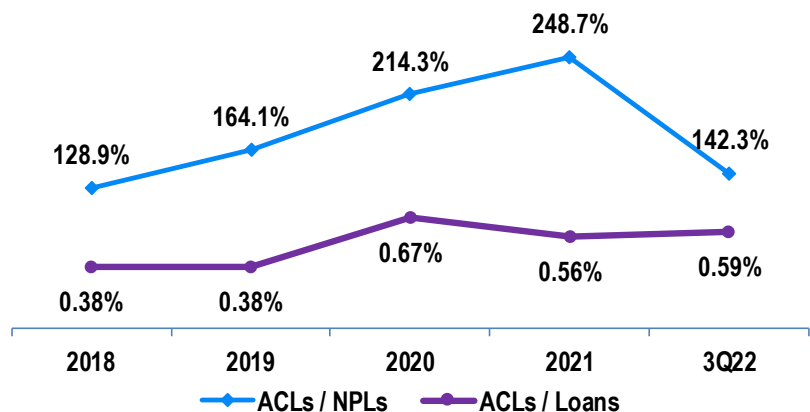
50.9% LTV on 3Q22 NPAs



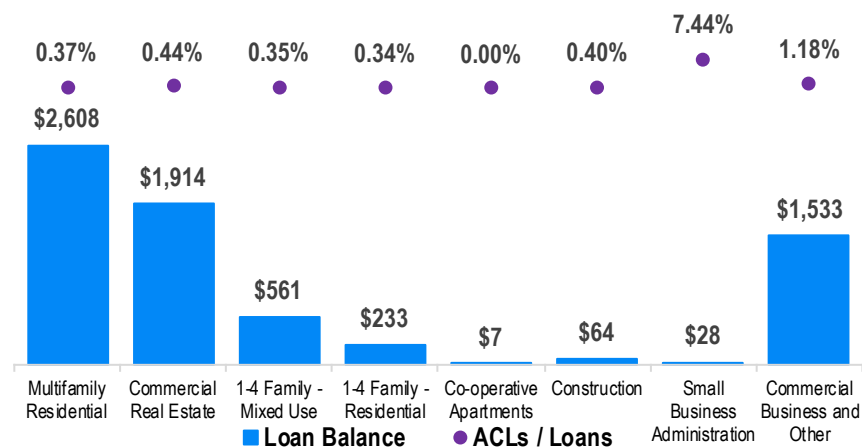
Criticized and Classified Loans / Gross Loans



Reserves / Gross Loans & Reserves / NPLs

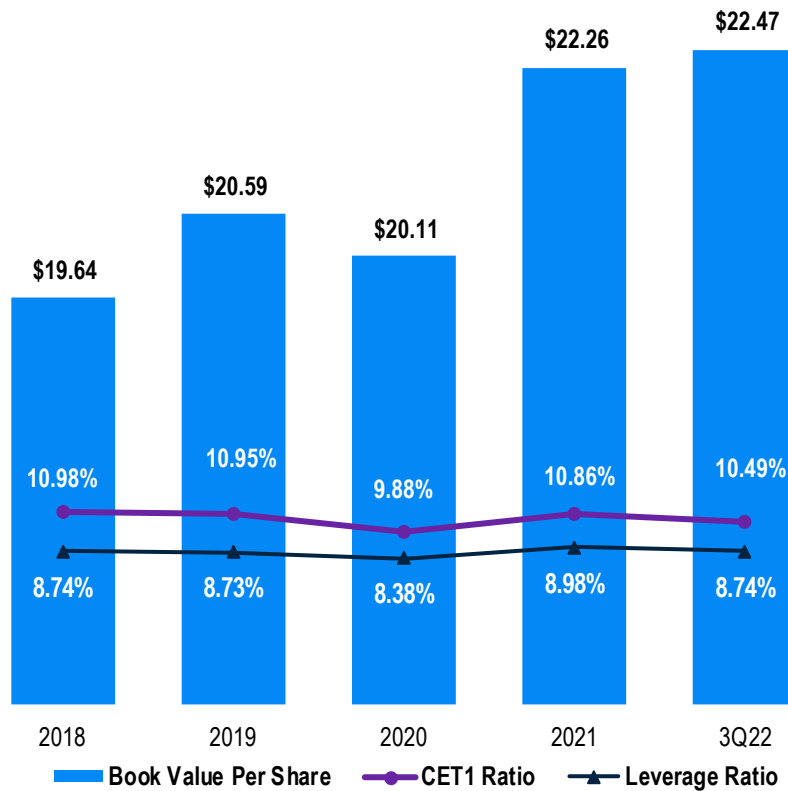


ACL by Loan Segment (3Q22)

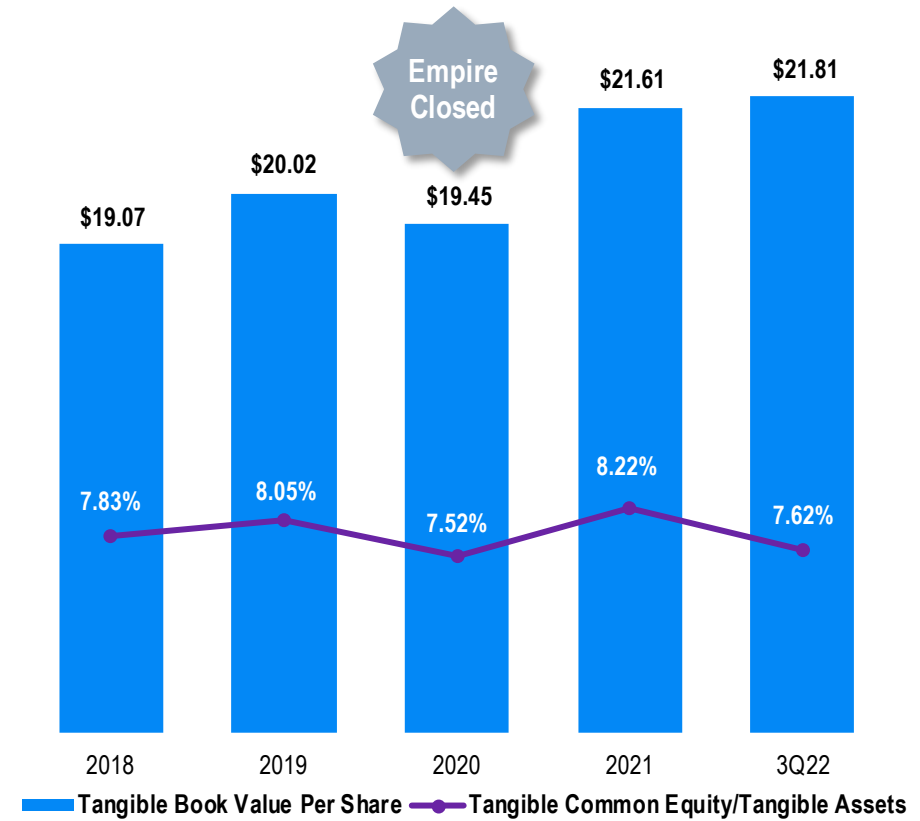


Book Value and Tangible Book Value Per Share Grow in 3Q22

Book Value Per Share 5 Year CAGR of 4%



Tangible Book Value Per Share 5 Year CAGR of 4%



60% of Earnings Returned Through the First 9 Months of 2022; 45% in 2021

Key Messages

■ Benefiting from merger disruption

- Since March 31, 2021, added 46 people from announced/recently closed mergers; 20 are revenue producing

■ Remaining selective with loans

- Selective on rates and property type
- Expect higher rates to impact closings
- Expect prepayment speeds to decline over time
- Overall loan growth to be muted

■ Well prepared if credit markets weaken

- Loan losses consistently below industry levels
- Average real estate LTVs <37%
- Over 88% of the loan portfolio is real estate secured
- Weighted average Debt Service Coverage Ratio of 1.8x for multifamily and NOO CRE

■ Managing through rate increases

- Controlling deposit rate increases is key for the net interest income outlook
- Net interest income generally rises closer to the base case by Year 3 as cumulative loan repricing exceeds deposits costs

■ Opportunistic capital return with strong dividend yield of 4.4%¹

- Repurchased 131,174 shares in 3Q22 at an average price of \$20.47
- Balancing additional share repurchases with 8% TCE target

■ Maintaining through-the-cycle goals of ROAA ≥1% and ROAE ≥10%

- On a core basis, ROAA of 0.90% and ROAE of 11.24% in 3Q22

Appendix



Experienced Executive Leadership Team



John Buran
President
and CEO

FFIC: 22 years
Industry: 45 years



Maria Grasso
SEVP, COO,
Corporate Secretary

16 years
36 years



Susan Cullen
SEVP, CFO,
Treasurer

7 years
32 years



Francis Korzekwinski
SEVP, Chief of
Real Estate

29 years
33 years



Michael Bingold
SEVP, Chief Retail and
Client Development Officer

9 years
39 years



Douglas McClintock
SEVP, General Counsel

<1 year
46 years



Allen Brewer
SEVP, Chief Information Officer

14 years
48 years



Tom Buonaiuto
SEVP, Chief of Staff, Deposit
Channel Executive

15 years¹
30 years



Vincent Giovenco
EVP, Commercial Real Estate
Lending

3 years
24 years



Jeoung Jin
EVP, Residential
and Mixed Use

24 years
29 years



Theresa Kelly
EVP, Business
Banking

16 years
38 years



Patricia Mezeul
EVP, Director of Government
Banking

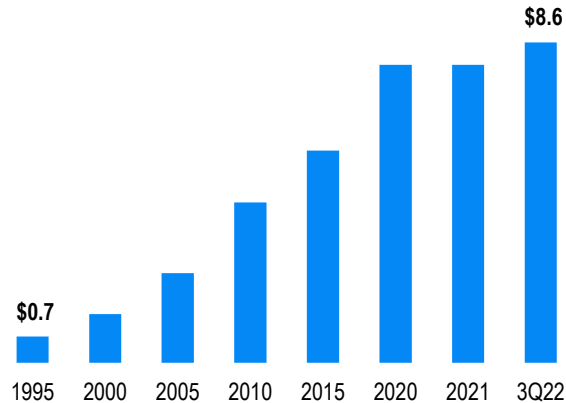
15 years
42 years

Executive Compensation and Insider Stock Ownership (6.1%²) Aligned with Shareholder Interests

26 Year Track Record of Steady Growth

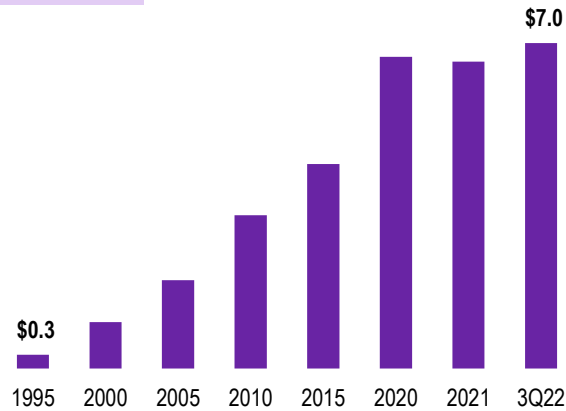
Assets (\$B)

10% CAGR



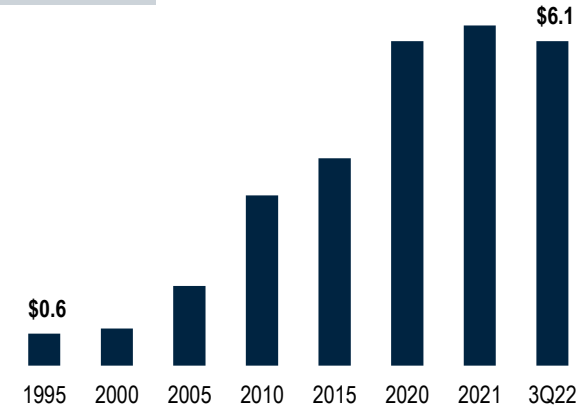
Total Gross Loans (\$B)

13% CAGR



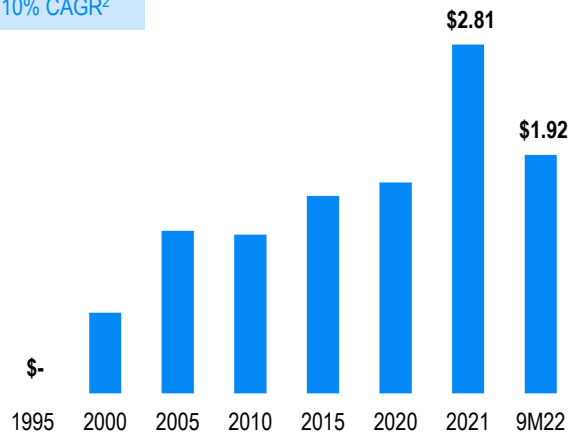
Total Deposits (\$B)¹

9% CAGR



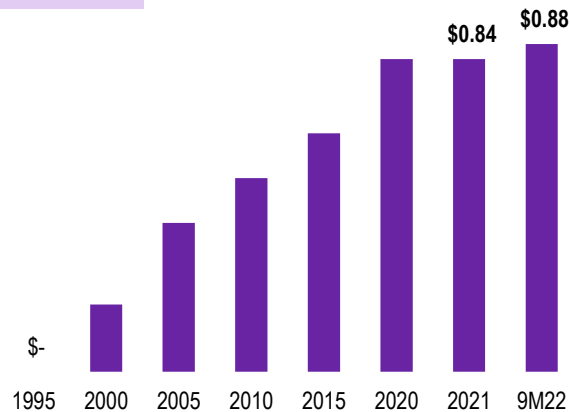
Core EPS (\$)

10% CAGR²



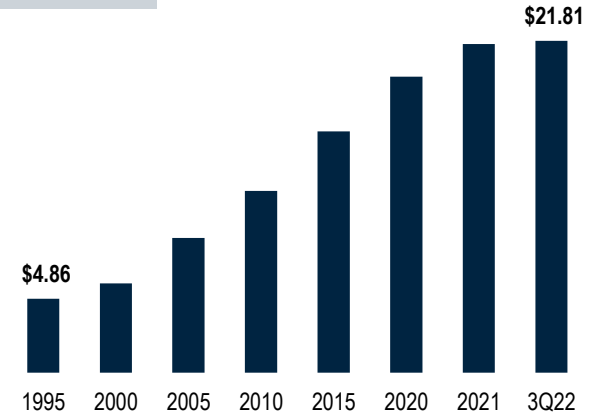
Dividends per Share (\$)

15% CAGR²



Tangible Book Value per Share (\$)

6% CAGR



Environmental, Social, and Governance



Environmental – reduction of carbon footprint and assessing climate change through underwriting



Social - Building rewarding relationships with communities, customers, and employees



Governance - Corporate governance is a strength through oversight and risk management

Reconciliation of GAAP Earnings and Core Earnings

Non-cash Fair Value Adjustments to GAAP Earnings

The variance in GAAP and core earnings is partly driven by the impact of non-cash net gains and losses from fair value adjustments. These fair value adjustments relate primarily to borrowing carried at fair value under the fair value option and swaps designated to protect against rising rates. As the swaps get closer to maturity, the volatility in fair value adjustments will dissipate. In a rising interest rate environment or a steepening of the yield curve, the loss position would experience an improvement. In a declining interest rate environment, the movement in the curve exaggerates our mark-to-market loss position.

Core Net Income, Core Diluted EPS, Core ROAE, Core ROAA, Pre-provision, Pre-tax Net Revenue, Core Net Interest Income FTE, Core Net Interest Margin FTE, Core Interest Income and Yield on Total Loans, Core Noninterest Income, Core Noninterest Expense and Tangible Book Value per common share are each non-GAAP measures used in this presentation. A reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures appears below in tabular form. The Company believes that these measures are useful for both investors and management to understand the effects of certain interest and noninterest items and provide an alternative view of the Company's performance over time and in comparison to the Company's competitors. These measures should not be viewed as a substitute for net income. The Company believes that tangible book value per common share is useful for both investors and management as these are measures commonly used by financial institutions, regulators and investors to measure the capital adequacy of financial institutions. The Company believes these measures facilitate comparison of the quality and composition of the Company's capital over time and in comparison to its competitors. These measures should not be viewed as a substitute for total shareholders' equity.

These non-GAAP measures have inherent limitations, are not required to be uniformly applied and are not audited. They should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of results reported under GAAP. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

Reconciliation of GAAP Earnings and Core Earnings

	Years Ended					Nine Months Ended	
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
<i>(Dollars In thousands, except per share data)</i>							
GAAP income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 109,278	\$ 45,182	\$ 53,331	\$ 65,485	\$ 66,134	\$ 92,033	\$ 86,452
Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction	—	1,818	—	—	—	—	—
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments	12,995	2,142	5,353	4,122	3,465	(6,350)	7,855
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities	(113)	701	15	1,920	186	—	(113)
Life insurance proceeds	—	(659)	(462)	(2,998)	(1,405)	(1,536)	—
Net gain on sale or disposition of assets	(621)	—	(770)	(1,141)	—	—	(621)
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges	(2,079)	1,185	1,678	—	—	161	(957)
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death	—	—	455	149	—	—	—
Prepayment penalty on borrowings	—	7,834	—	—	—	—	—
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments	(2,489)	80	—	—	—	(1,811)	(2,165)
Merger expense	2,562	6,894	1,590	—	—	—	2,579
Core income before taxes	119,533	65,177	61,190	67,537	68,380	82,497	93,030
Provision for income taxes for core income	30,769	15,428	13,957	11,960	22,613	23,057	25,234
Core net income	<u>\$ 88,764</u>	<u>\$ 49,749</u>	<u>\$ 47,233</u>	<u>\$ 55,577</u>	<u>\$ 45,767</u>	<u>\$ 59,440</u>	<u>\$ 67,796</u>
GAAP diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 2.59	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.44	\$ 1.92	\$ 1.41	\$ 2.15	\$ 2.02
Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction, net of tax	—	0.05	—	—	—	—	—
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments, net of tax	0.31	0.06	0.14	0.10	0.07	(0.15)	0.18
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities, net of tax	—	0.02	—	0.05	—	—	—
Life insurance proceeds	—	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.10)	(0.05)	(0.05)	—
Net gain on sale or disposition of assets, net of tax	(0.01)	—	(0.02)	(0.03)	—	—	(0.01)
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges, net of tax	(0.05)	0.03	0.05	—	—	—	(0.02)
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death, net of tax	—	—	0.01	—	—	—	—
Federal tax reform 2017	—	—	—	—	0.13	—	—
Prepayment penalty on borrowings, net of tax	—	0.20	—	—	—	—	—
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments, net of tax	(0.06)	—	—	—	—	(0.04)	(0.05)
Merger expense, net of tax	0.06	0.18	0.04	—	—	—	0.06
NYS tax change	(0.02)	—	—	—	—	—	(0.02)
Core diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 2.81</u>	<u>\$ 1.70</u>	<u>\$ 1.65</u>	<u>\$ 1.94</u>	<u>\$ 1.57</u>	<u>\$ 1.92</u>	<u>\$ 2.14</u>
Core net income, as calculated above	\$ 88,764	\$ 49,749	\$ 47,233	\$ 55,577	\$ 45,767	\$ 59,440	\$ 67,796
Average assets	8,143,372	7,276,022	6,947,881	6,504,598	6,217,746	8,236,070	8,161,121
Average equity	648,946	580,067	561,289	534,735	530,300	671,588	641,354
Core return on average assets ⁽²⁾	1.09 %	0.68 %	0.68 %	0.85 %	0.74 %	0.96 %	1.11 %
Core return on average equity ⁽²⁾	13.68 %	8.58 %	8.42 %	10.39 %	8.63 %	11.80 %	14.09 %

¹ Core diluted earnings per common share may not foot due to rounding

² Ratios are calculated on an annualized basis

Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue & Pre-Provision Pre-Tax Net Revenue

<i>(Dollars In thousands)</i>	Years Ended					Nine Months Ended	
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
GAAP Net interest income	\$ 247,969	\$ 195,199	\$ 161,940	\$ 167,406	\$ 173,107	\$ 189,415	\$ 185,295
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges	(2,079)	1,185	1,678	—	—	161	(957)
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments	(3,049)	(11)	—	—	—	(2,200)	(2,587)
Core Net interest income	<u>\$ 242,841</u>	<u>\$ 196,373</u>	<u>\$ 163,618</u>	<u>\$ 167,406</u>	<u>\$ 173,107</u>	<u>\$ 187,376</u>	<u>\$ 181,751</u>
GAAP Noninterest income	\$ 3,687	\$ 11,043	\$ 9,471	\$ 10,337	\$ 10,362	\$ 17,661	\$ 3,967
adjustments	12,995	2,142	5,353	4,122	3,465	(6,350)	7,855
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities	(113)	701	15	1,920	186	—	(113)
Life insurance proceeds	—	(659)	(462)	(2,998)	(1,405)	(1,536)	—
Net gain on disposition of assets	(621)	—	(770)	(1,141)	—	—	(621)
Core Noninterest income	<u>\$ 15,948</u>	<u>\$ 13,227</u>	<u>\$ 13,607</u>	<u>\$ 12,240</u>	<u>\$ 12,608</u>	<u>\$ 9,775</u>	<u>\$ 11,088</u>
GAAP Noninterest expense	\$ 147,322	\$ 137,931	\$ 115,269	\$ 111,683	\$ 107,474	\$ 109,950	\$ 108,515
Prepayment penalty on borrowings	—	(7,834)	—	—	—	—	—
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death	—	—	(455)	(149)	—	—	—
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments	(560)	(91)	—	—	—	(389)	(422)
Merger expense	(2,562)	(6,894)	(1,590)	—	—	—	(2,579)
Core Noninterest expense	<u>\$ 144,200</u>	<u>\$ 123,112</u>	<u>\$ 113,224</u>	<u>\$ 111,534</u>	<u>\$ 107,474</u>	<u>\$ 109,561</u>	<u>\$ 105,514</u>
GAAP:							
Net interest income	\$ 247,969	\$ 195,199	\$ 161,940	\$ 167,406	\$ 173,107	\$ 189,415	\$ 185,295
Noninterest income	3,687	11,043	9,471	10,337	10,362	17,661	3,967
Noninterest expense	(147,322)	(137,931)	(115,269)	(111,683)	(107,474)	(109,950)	(108,515)
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	<u>\$ 104,334</u>	<u>\$ 68,311</u>	<u>\$ 56,142</u>	<u>\$ 66,060</u>	<u>\$ 75,995</u>	<u>\$ 97,126</u>	<u>\$ 80,747</u>
Core:							
Net interest income	\$ 242,841	\$ 196,373	\$ 163,618	\$ 167,406	\$ 173,107	\$ 187,376	\$ 181,751
Noninterest income	15,948	13,227	13,607	12,240	12,608	9,775	11,088
Noninterest expense	(144,200)	(123,112)	(113,224)	(111,534)	(107,474)	(109,561)	(105,514)
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	<u>\$ 114,589</u>	<u>\$ 86,488</u>	<u>\$ 64,001</u>	<u>\$ 68,112</u>	<u>\$ 78,241</u>	<u>\$ 87,590</u>	<u>\$ 87,325</u>
Efficiency Ratio	55.7 %	58.7 %	63.9 %	62.1 %	57.9 %	55.6 %	54.7 %

Efficiency ratio, a non-GAAP measure, was calculated by dividing noninterest expenses (excluding merger expenses, OREO expense, prepayment penalty on borrowings, the net gain/loss from the sale of OREO and net amortization of purchase accounting adjustment) by the total of net interest income (excluding net gains and losses from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges and net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments) and noninterest income (excluding life insurance proceeds, net gains and losses from the sale or disposition of securities, assets and fair value adjustments)

Reconciliation of GAAP and Core Net Interest Income and NIM

	Years Ended					Nine Months Ended	
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
<i>(Dollars In thousands)</i>							
GAAP net interest income	\$ 247,969	\$ 195,199	\$ 161,940	\$ 167,406	\$ 173,107	\$ 189,415	\$ 185,295
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges	(2,079)	1,185	1,678	—	—	161	(957)
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments	(3,049)	(11)	—	—	—	(2,200)	(2,587)
Tax equivalent adjustment	450	508	542	895	—	359	337
Core net interest income FTE	<u>\$ 243,291</u>	<u>\$ 196,881</u>	<u>\$ 164,160</u>	<u>\$ 168,301</u>	<u>\$ 173,107</u>	<u>\$ 187,735</u>	<u>\$ 182,088</u>
Total average interest-earning assets ⁽¹⁾	\$ 7,681,441	\$ 6,863,219	\$ 6,582,473	\$ 6,194,248	\$ 5,916,073	\$ 7,770,910	\$ 7,697,229
Core net interest margin FTE	3.17 %	2.87 %	2.49 %	2.72 %	2.93 %	3.22 %	3.15 %
GAAP interest income on total loans, net	\$ 274,331	\$ 248,153	\$ 251,744	\$ 232,719	\$ 209,283	\$ 212,254	\$ 206,218
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges	(2,079)	1,185	1,678	—	—	161	(957)
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments	(3,013)	(356)	—	—	—	(2,256)	(2,478)
Core interest income on total loans, net	<u>\$ 269,239</u>	<u>\$ 248,982</u>	<u>\$ 253,422</u>	<u>\$ 232,719</u>	<u>\$ 209,283</u>	<u>\$ 210,159</u>	<u>\$ 202,783</u>
Average total loans, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 6,653,980	\$ 6,006,931	\$ 5,621,033	\$ 5,316,968	\$ 4,988,613	\$ 6,701,413	\$ 6,683,412
Core yield on total loans	4.05 %	4.14 %	4.51 %	4.38 %	4.20 %	4.18 %	4.05 %

¹ Excludes purchase accounting average balances for the years ended 2021 and 2020 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Calculation of Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Total Equity	\$ 670,719	\$ 679,628	\$ 618,997	\$ 579,672	\$ 549,464	\$ 532,608
Less:						
Goodwill	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(16,127)	(16,127)	(16,127)
Core deposit Intangibles	(2,147)	(2,562)	(3,172)	—	—	—
Intangible deferred tax liabilities	—	328	287	292	290	291
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity	<u>\$ 650,936</u>	<u>\$ 659,758</u>	<u>\$ 598,476</u>	<u>\$ 563,837</u>	<u>\$ 533,627</u>	<u>\$ 516,772</u>
Total Assets	\$ 8,557,419	\$ 8,045,911	\$ 7,976,394	\$ 7,017,776	\$ 6,834,176	\$ 6,299,274
Less:						
Goodwill	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(16,127)	(16,127)	(16,127)
Core deposit Intangibles	(2,147)	(2,562)	(3,172)	—	—	—
Intangible deferred tax liabilities	—	328	287	292	290	291
Tangible Assets	<u>\$ 8,537,636</u>	<u>\$ 8,026,041</u>	<u>\$ 7,955,873</u>	<u>\$ 7,001,941</u>	<u>\$ 6,818,339</u>	<u>\$ 6,283,438</u>
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets	<u>7.62 %</u>	<u>8.22 %</u>	<u>7.52 %</u>	<u>8.05 %</u>	<u>7.83 %</u>	<u>8.22 %</u>

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