







Progressive Brand Group





The following presentations as well as remarks/comments and explanations in this context contain forward-looking statements on the business development of the Audi Group. These statements are based on assumptions relating to the development of the economic, political and legal environment in individual countries, economic regions and markets, and in particular for the automotive industry, which we have made on the basis of the information available to us and which we consider to be realistic at the time of going to press. The estimates given entail a degree of risk, and actual developments may differ from those forecast. All figures are rounded, so minor discrepancies may arise from addition of these amounts.

At the time of preparing these presentations, it is not yet possible to conclusively assess the specific effects of the latest developments in the Russia-Ukraine conflict on the Audi Group's business, nor is it possible to predict with sufficient certainty to what extent further escalation of the Russia-Ukraine conflict will impact on the global economy and growth in the industry in fiscal year 2023.

Any changes in significant parameters relating to our key sales markets, or any significant shifts in exchange rates, energy and other commodities or the supply with parts relevant to the Audi Group will have a corresponding effect on the development of our business. In addition, there may also be departures from our expected business development if the assessments of the factors influencing sustainable value enhancement and of risks and opportunities presented develop in a way other than we are currently expecting, or if additional risks and opportunities or other factors emerge that affect the development of our business.

We do not update forward-looking statements retrospectively. Such statements are valid on the date of publication and can be superseded.

This information does not constitute an offer to exchange or sell or an offer to exchange or buy any securities.

Audi RS e-tron GT: Combined electric power consumption in kWh/100 km: 22.5–20.6 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP); Information on fuel/power consumption and CO₂ emissions in ranges depending on the chosen equipment level of the car.

Audi showed strong sales performance and solid operating result despite logistics constraints, intense competition and raw materials hedge effects



Macroeconomic challenges



Increased competition



Logistics capacity limits



Stabilizing parts supply



Reduced waiting times



Strong sales performance



Solid operating result



Mix normalization



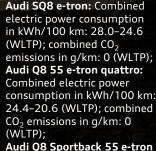
Portfolio update ahead



Investments peaking



Raw material hedge burdens



Audi Q8 Sportback 55 e-tron quattro: Combined electric power consumption in kWh/100 km: 24.1–19.9 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP); Audi SQ8 Sportback e-tron: Combined electric power consumption in kWh/100 km: 27.0–23.5 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP);

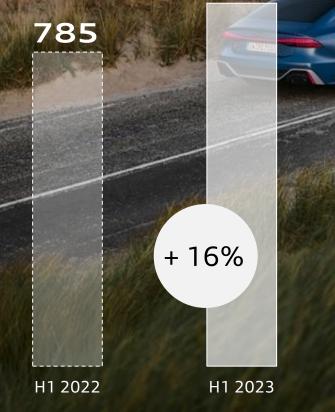
Consumption and emission values are only available according to WLTP and not according to NEDC for these

vehicles.

907



DELIVERIES TO CUSTOMERS
Audi Brand, in k units





STRONG GROWTH IN 2023 EXPECTED

Audi RS 7 Sportback performance: Combined fuel consumption in I/100 km: 12.5 - 12.0 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 284 - 273 (WLTP; Consumption and emissions values are only available according to WLTP and not according to NEFZ for this vehicle.

After the slow start of the year, deliveries in China reach cumulative growth of 2%, portfolio tailwinds are expected going forward





H1 2022



+ 2%

H1 2023



Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

SIGNIFICANT GROWTH IN 2023 EXPECTED

Audi A8 L 60 TFSI quattro: combined fuel consumption in l/100km: 10.8-10.7 (WLTP); Combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 248-246 (WLTP);

Audi Q8: Combined fuel consumption in l/100 km: 12.1 - 6.5 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 277 - 172 (WLTP);

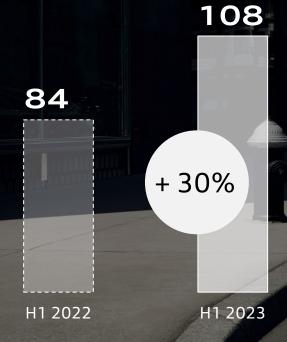
Audi R8 Coupé V10 performance quattro:

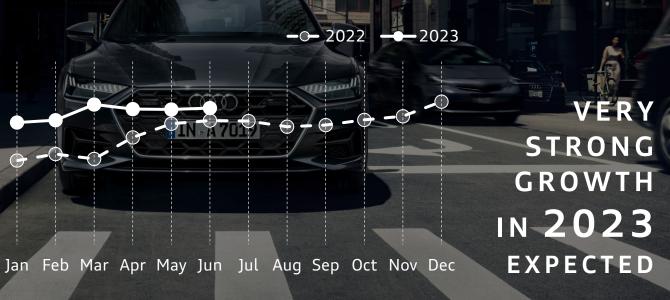
combined fuel consumption in I/100 km: 13.1 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 297 (WLTP); Consumption and emission values are only available according to WLTP and not according to NEDC for these vehicles.

Very strong rebound in USA is driven by a better availability, logistics constraints and H2 sales plan led to higher stock requirements





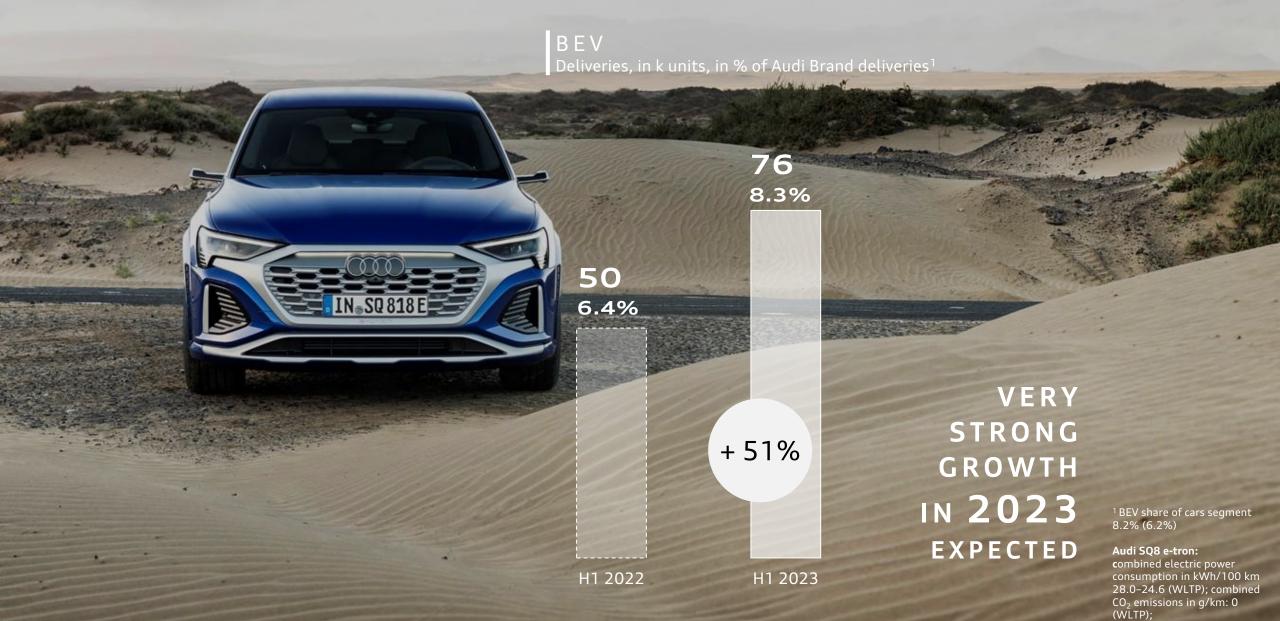




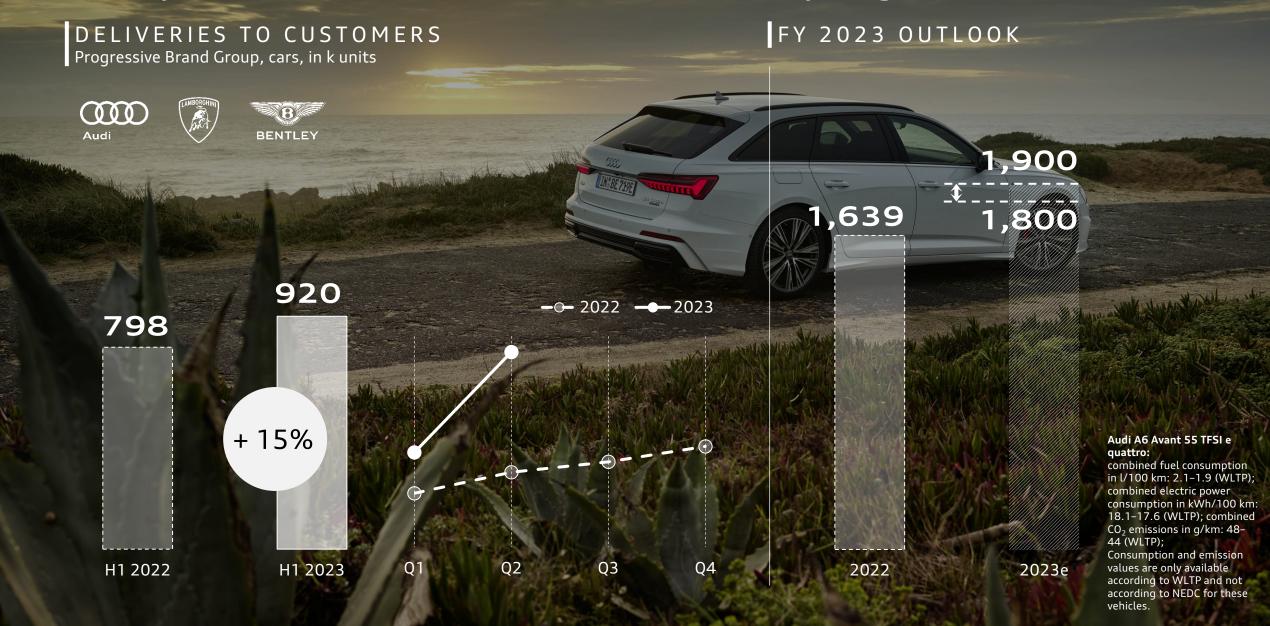
Audi S7 Sportback TDI: Combined fuel consumption in I/100 km: 7.5–7.1 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in q/km: 195–186 (WLTP);

BEV deliveries grew by 51% driven mainly by Q4 e-tron





Significant growth in car deliveries of the Progressive Brand Group in the first half of the year fuels our confidence to achieve the full-year guidance



Audi stands at the start of a major product firework display – the new and updated models will provide further sales momentum

BY 2025

AUDI BRAND

WILL LAUNCH AROUND

MODELS

THEREOF T AROUND BEV INCLUDING NEW MODEL SERIES 1

Q6 e-tron

A6 e-tron

A5 previously A4

A7 previously A6 ¹ selected models

Audi Q4 50 e-tron quattro: Combined fuel consumption in l/100 km: 20,0 - 17,9 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP); Audi Q4 Sportback 50 e-tron quattro: Combined fuel

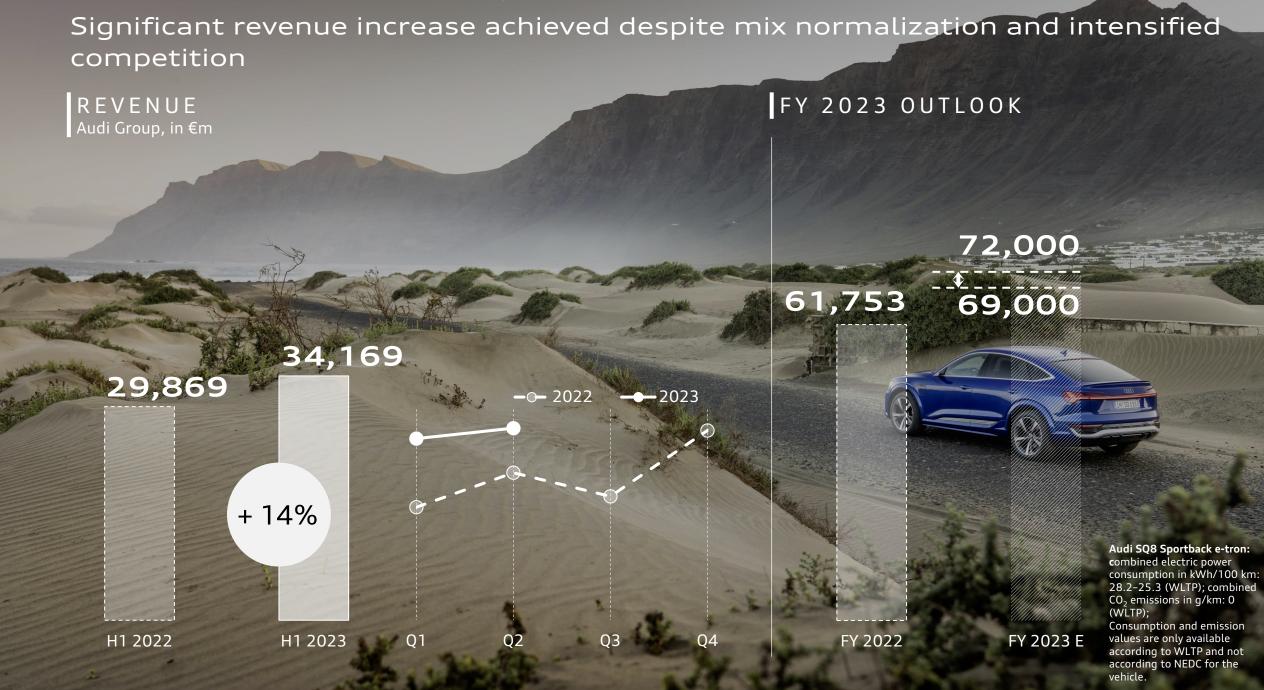
consumption in l/100 km: 20,9 -17,5(WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP);

Audi RS e-tron GT: combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 20,0 -17,9 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP);

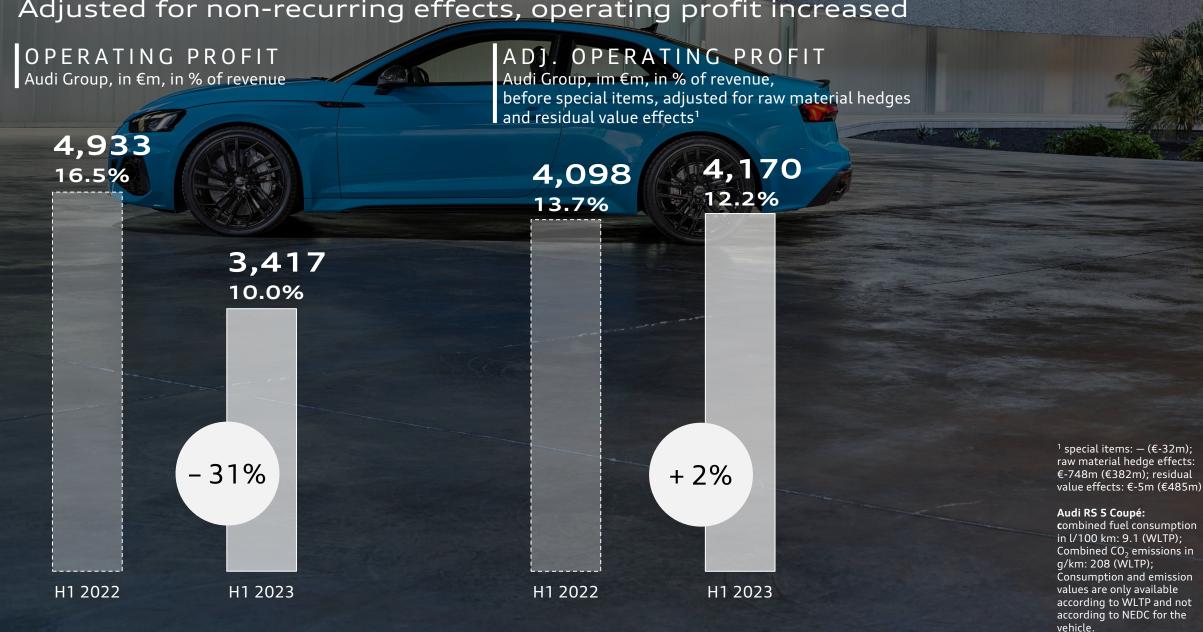
Audi e-tron GT quattro: combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 21,6 - 19,9 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP);

Audi e-tron S Sportback: combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 28,1 - 25,8 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP);

Audi e-tron 55 quattro: combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 26,2 - 22,2 (WLTP); combined CO2 emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP); Consumption and emission values are only available according to WLTP and not according to NEDC for these vehicles.

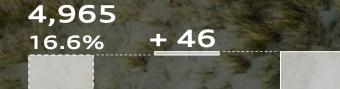






+ 233





- 1,157

Raw materials hedge effect in H1 2023 €-748m

(€382m)

- 670

3,417 10.0%

> CHINA BUSINESS²

> > €457m

(€431m)

RESULT FROM

¹ H1 2022 special items in connection with the diesel issue amounted to €-32m

² reported in financial result

Audi RS 6 Avant performance:

combined fuel consumption in l/100 km:12.7 - 12.2 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 289 - 277 (WLTP);

Consumption and Consumption and emission values are only available according to WLTP and not according to NEDC for the vehicle.

H1 2022

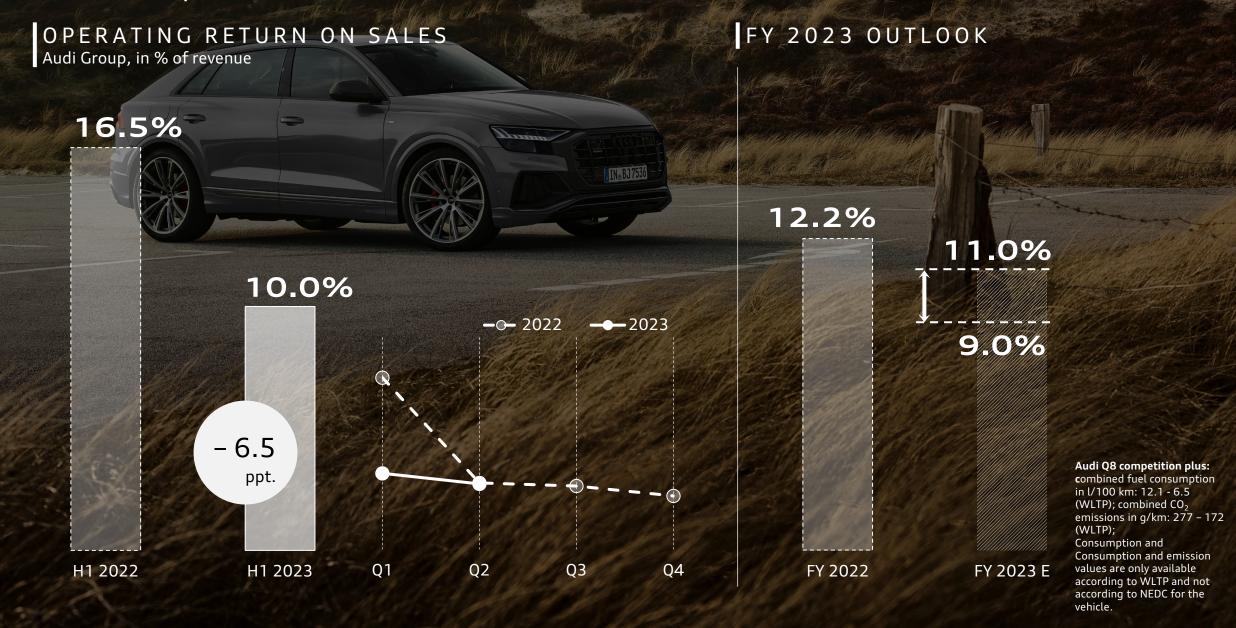
Market, volume, prices FX & raw material hedging

Product costs

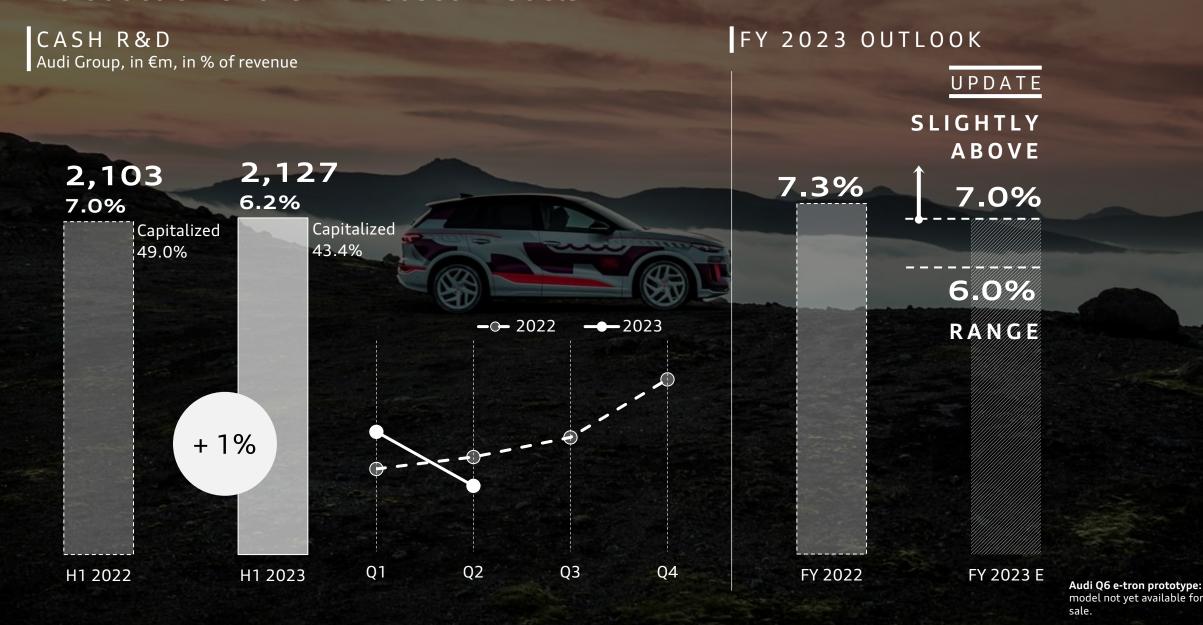
Fixed costs & other

H2 2023

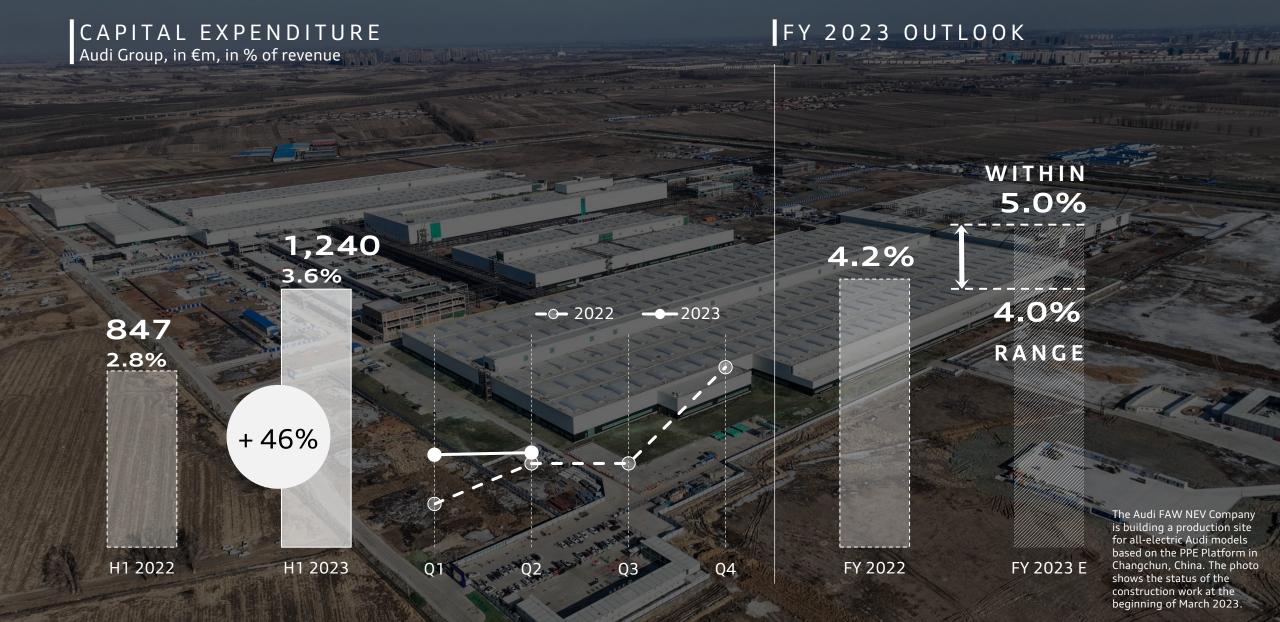
Despite the reversal of significant prior-year tailwinds the full-year return on sales is expected to be between 9% and 11%



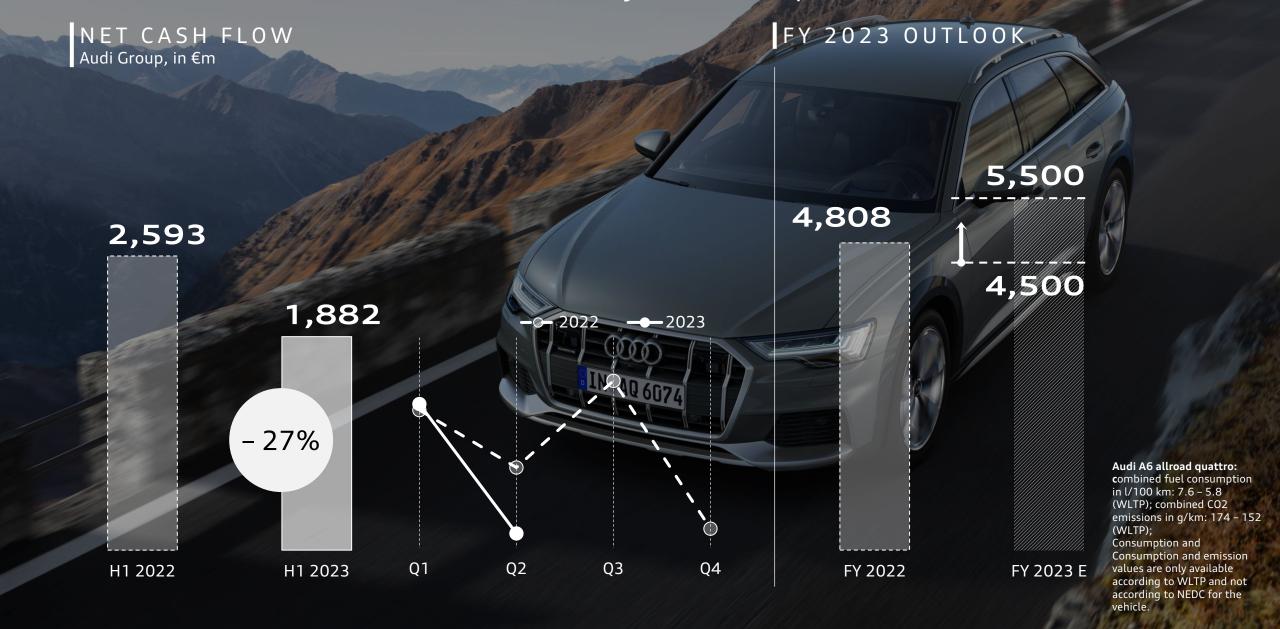
Investment in research and development approaching peak ahead of the introduction of the PPE-based models

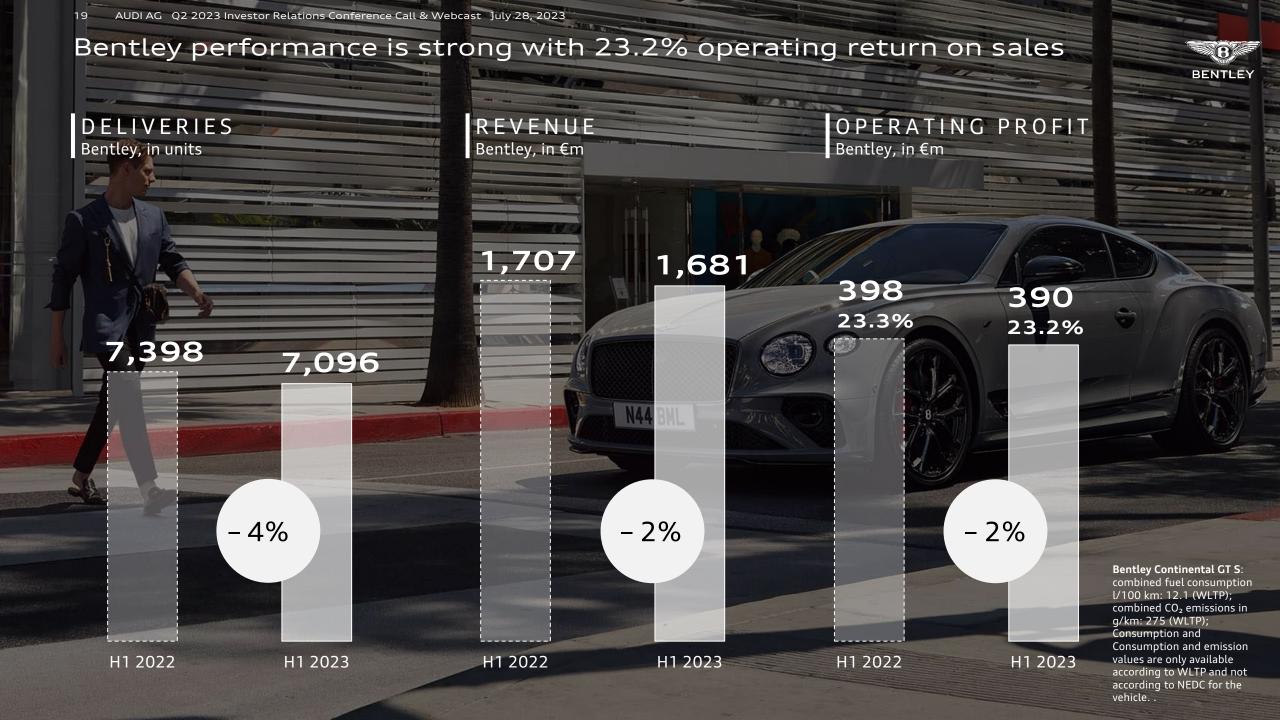


Increase in capital expenditure is mainly driven by the Audi FAW NEV company PPE production site, as well as transition to BEV production in Ingolstadt



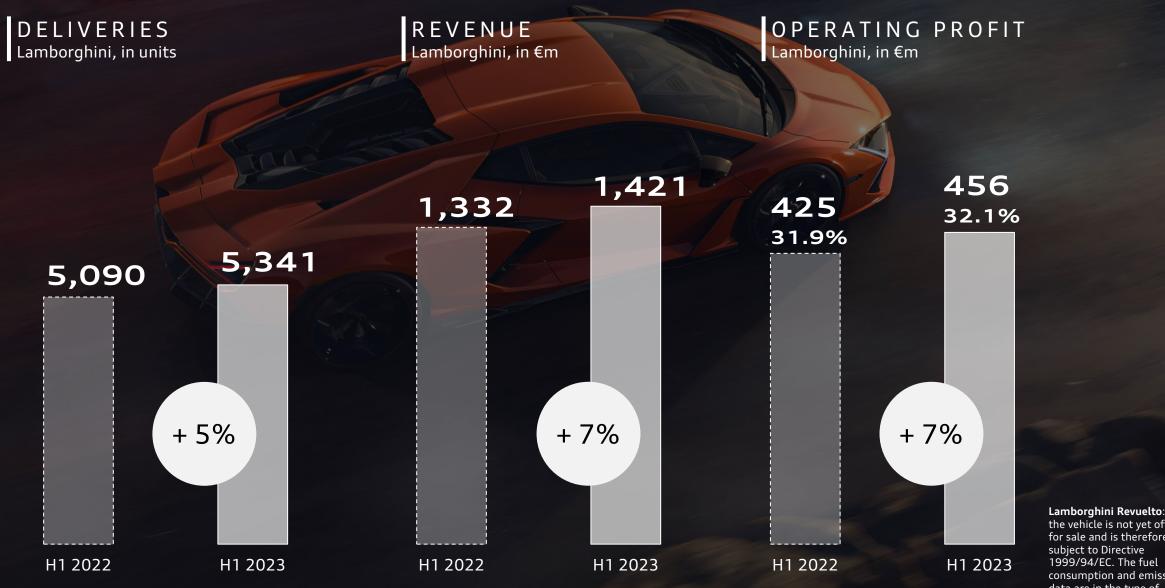
Inventories increase and capex weigh heavily on the net cash flow, 2023 guidance relies on the execution of the inventory reduction plan





Strong first half of the year at Lamborghini – return on sales reaches 32.1%



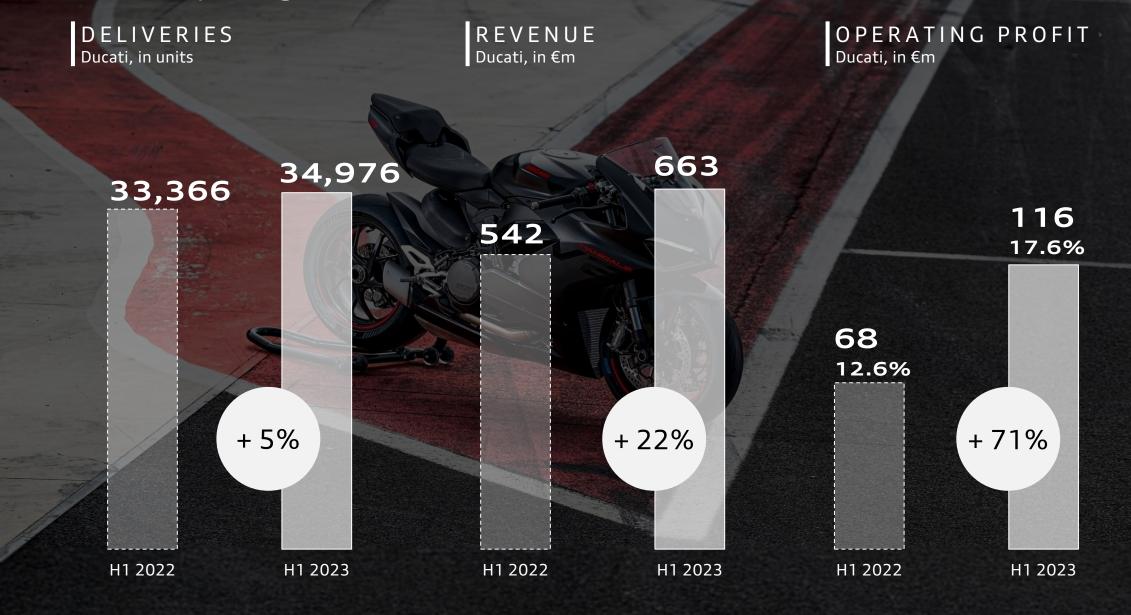


the vehicle is not yet offered for sale and is therefore not subject to Directive 1999/94/EC. The fuel consumption and emissions data are in the type of

approval stage.

Ducati achieves extraordinary return on sales driven by strong volume, mix and pricing

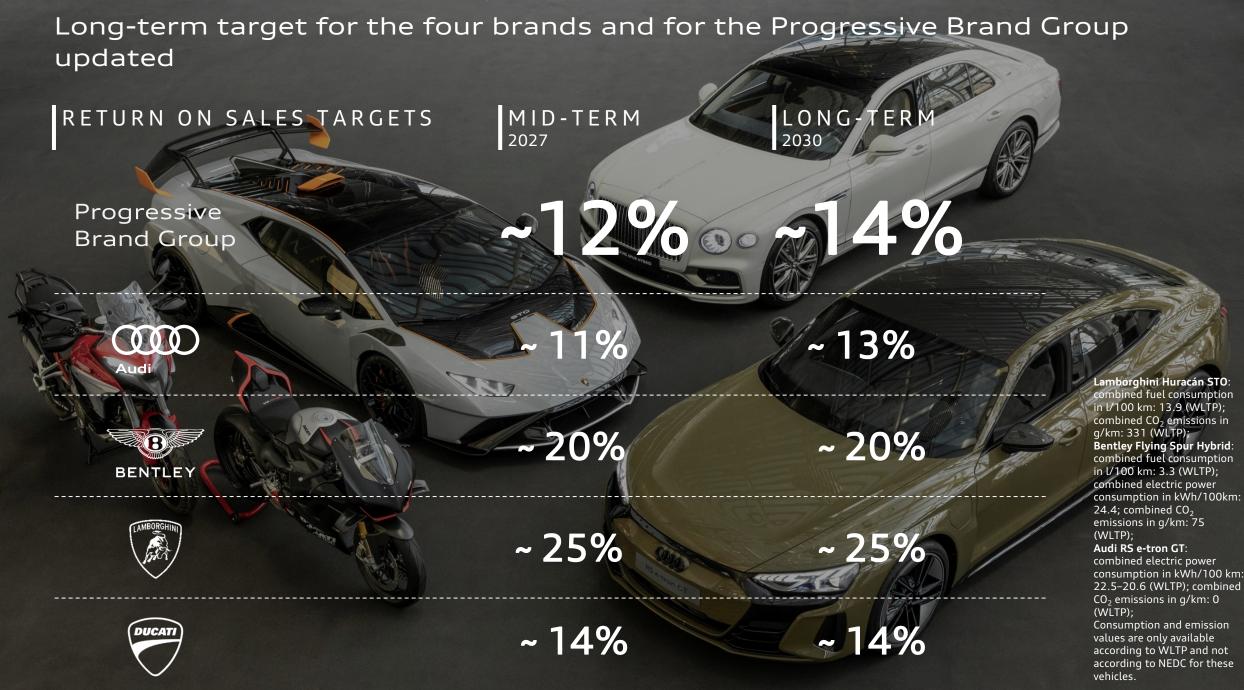




The 2023 guidance reiterated – return on sales expected between 9 and 11%

		2022	2023 guidance	
	DELIVERIES TO CUSTOMERS Automobiles, in m units	1.6	between 1.8m and 1.9m	
	R E V E N U E in €bn	61.8	between €69bn and €72bn	
	OPERATING RETURN in % of revenue	12.2%	between 9% and 11%	
	CASH R&D RATIO UPDATE in % of revenue	7.3%	slightly above the corridor of 6-7%	
	CAPEX RATIO in % of revenue	4.2%	within the corridor of 4-5%	
(<u>(</u>)	NET CASH FLOW in €bn	4.8	between €4.5bn and €5.5bn	Audi SQ8 e-tron combined electric po consumption in kWh 28.0–24.6 (WLTP); c CO ₂ emissions in g/k
	RETURN ON INVESTMENT in %	22.2%	between 19% and 22% strategic target: above 21%	(WLTP); Consumption and Consumption and en values are only availa according to WLTP a

power Vh/100 km



Audi is taking a holistic approach to reach the next level in China

Broaden existing PREMIUM PORTFOLIO

Tailored & competitive ICV¹ PRODUCT OFFERINGS

MODEL LAUNCHES starting in 2025

Strengthening
IN CHINA FOR CHINA strategy

|FAW

Audi FAW NEV Company ON TRACK starting end of 2024

Focus on PPE PLATFORM

SAIC

Current portfolio focusing on UPPER MID-SIZE SEGMENT & ABOVE

Joint development
OF NEXT ICV¹ GENERATION

Product momentum from 2024 onwards and strategy execution will drive the

performance going forward

10 **NEW MODELS** & UPDATES in 2024

> **PERFORMANCE PROGRAM**

initiated

CHINA COMPETITIVENESS ADDRESSED

with partnerships and revamped cooperation model

DAT Notice



The indicated consumption and emissions values were determined according to the legally specified measuring methods. Since September 1, 2017, type approval for certain new vehicles has been performed in accordance with the Worldwide Harmonized Light Vehicles Test Procedure (WLTP), a more realistic test procedure for measuring fuel consumption and CO_2 emissions. Since September 1, 2018, the WLTP has gradually replaced the New European Driving Cycle (NEDC). Due to the more realistic test conditions, the consumption and CO_2 emission values measured are in many cases higher than the values measured according to the NEDC. Additional information about the differences between WLTP and NEDC is available at www.audi.de/wltp.

At the moment, it is still mandatory to communicate the NEDC values. In the case of new vehicles for which type approval was performed using WLTP, the NEDC values are derived from the WLTP values. WLTP values can be provided voluntarily until their use becomes mandatory. If NEDC values are indicated as a range, they do not refer to one, specific vehicle and are not an integral element of the offer. They are provided only for the purpose of comparison between the various vehicle types. Additional equipment and accessories (attachment parts, tire size, etc.) can change relevant vehicle parameters, such as weight, rolling resistance and aerodynamics and, like weather and traffic conditions as well as individual driving style, influence a vehicle's electric power consumption, CO₂ emissions and performance figures.

Further information on official fuel consumption figures and the official specific CO_2 emissions of new passenger cars can be found in the "Guide on the fuel economy, CO_2 emissions and power consumption of all new passenger car models," which is available free of charge at all sales dealerships and from DAT Deutsche Automobil Treuhand GmbH, Hellmuth-Hirth-Str. 1, 73760 Ostfildern-Scharnhausen, Germany or at www.dat.de.

Audi RS e-tron GT: Combined electric power consumption in kWh/100 km: 22.5–20.6 (WLTP); combined CO₂ emissions in g/km: 0 (WLTP); Information on fuel/power consumption and CO₂ emissions in ranges depending on the chosen equipment level of the car.