UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-0/A

TORN	. 10-Q/A
	OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 CRIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2011.
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 (FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD	OF 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FROMTO
REVETT MIN	NERALS INC.
	siness issuer in its charter)
<u>Canada</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	Not Applicable (IRS Employer Identification No.)
Spokane Valley, V	atgomery, Suite G Washington 99206 val executive offices)
Registrant's telephone	number: (509) 921-2294
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for a shorter period that the reg	ired to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of gistrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such a past 90 days. [X] yes [] no
required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S shorter period that the registrant was	lly and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such required to submit and post such files).
company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer	filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting "and "smaller reporting company" in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. ck One)
Large accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer []	Accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [X]
Indicate by check whether the registrant is a shell company ((as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. [] yes [X] No
At August 11, 2011 34,010,936 shares of o	common stock were issued and outstanding.
	1
EXPLANA	TORY NOTE

such

The purpose of this Amendment to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 (the "10-Q"), is to furnish the Interactive Data File exhibits pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T and also to correct two rounding errors as well as a discrepancy between the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. No other changes have been made to the 10-Q, and this Amendment has not been updated to reflect events occurring subsequent to the filing of the 10-Q.

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(expressed in thousands of United States dollars) (unaudited)

Assets	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010 (recast – note 2(a))
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,680	\$ 8,766
Concentrate settlement and other receivable	6,065	3,553
Inventories (note 3)	5,164	3,674
Prepaid expenses and deposits	470	392
Total current assets	26,379	16,385

Property, plant, and equipment (net) (note 4)		57,695	57,444
Restricted cash (note 8 (a))		6,507	6,498
Available for sale securities (note 5)		750	-
Other long term assets		752	931
Total assets	\$	92,083 \$	81,258
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			
Current liabilities			
Trade accounts payable	\$	2,397 \$	2,624
Payroll liabilities		1,061	547
Income, property and mining taxes		1,928	1,398
Royalty payable		752	544
Current portion of capital lease obligations		448	624
Total current liabilities		6,586	5,737
Long-term portion of capital lease obligations		590	768
Reclamation and remediation liability (note 8 (a))		8,284	7,946
Future income taxes		1,729	-
Warrant derivative liability (note 6)		1,192	5,876
Total liabilities		18,381	20,327
Temporary equity – shares redeemable at option of holder (note 8 (b))		-	676
Total liabilities and temporary equity		18,381	21,003
Shareholders' equity			
Preferred stock, no par value, unlimited authorized,			
nil issued and outstanding			
Common stock, no par value unlimited authorized,			
34,000,936 (December 31, 2010- 33,177,884) shares issued and outstanding (note 7)		72,689	69,190
Contributed surplus		11,907	5,842
Accumulated other comprehensive income		20	-
Deficit		(10,914)	(14,777)
		73,702	60,255
Commitments and contingencies (note 8)			
	¢	02.002	01.050
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	92,083 \$	81,258

See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income

Three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in thousands of United States dollars except share and per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	peri	ee month od ended e 30, 2011	per Jur	ree month riod ended ne 30, 2010 note 2(a))	Six month period ended June 30, 2011	(re	Six month period ended June 30, 2010 ecast – note 2(a))
Revenues	\$	18,752	\$	9,322	\$ 31,520	\$	21,449
Expenses: Cost of sales (note 3)		9.747		8,633	18.519		17,388
Depreciation and depletion		722		706	1,306		1,421
Exploration and development General & administrative:		201		178	506		273

Stock based compensation	12	21	3,389	863
Other	854	618	1,751	1,210
Accretion of reclamation and remediation liability	169	173	338	347
	 11,705	10,329	25,809	21,502
Income (loss) from operations	 7,047	(1,007)	5,711	(53)
Other income (expenses):				
Interest expense	(7)	(122)	(27)	(247)
Interest and other income	52	22	81	49
Gain on warrant derivatives (note 6)	2,329	-	1,331	-
Foreign exchange loss	(12)	(39)	(22)	(31)
Total other income (expenses)	2,362	(139)	1,363	(229)
Net income (loss) before income taxes	9,409	(1,146)	7,074	(282)
Income tax recovery (expense)	 (1,485)	5	(1,998)	(36)
Net income (loss)	\$ 7,924	\$ (1,141)	\$ 5,076	\$ (318)
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gain on marketable security	 20	-	20	-
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 7,944	\$ (1,141)	\$ 5,096	\$ (318)
Basic income (loss) per share (note 10)	\$ 0.23	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.01)
Diluted income (loss) per share (note 10)	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.01)
Weighed average number of shares outstanding	 33,827,172	26,279,136	33,544,467	26,145,493
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding	35,362,850	26,279,136	35,163,469	26,145,493

See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

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Revett Minerals Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 (expressed in thousands of United States dollars) (unaudited)

	Three month period ended June 30, 2011		Three month period ended June 30, 2010 recast – note 2(a))	Six month period ended June 30, 2011	Six month period ended June 30, 2010 (recast – note 2(a))
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ 7,924	\$	(1,141)	\$ 5,076	\$ (318)
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities					
Depreciation and depletion	722		706	1,306	1,421
Accretion of reclamation and remediation liability	169		173	338	347
Accretion of debt	-		60	-	118
Foreign exchange loss	12		39	22	31
Stock based compensation	12		21	3,389	863
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-		-	2	-
Future income tax expense (recovery)	1,485		-	1,864	-
Gain on warrant derivative	(2,329)	-	(1,331)	-
Accrued interest from reclamation trust fund	(2)	(7)	(9)	(16)
Amortization of prepaid insurance premium	32		41	59	88
Gain on settlement of forward contracts	-		(734)	-	(734)
Changes in:					

Concentrate settlement and other receivables		(3,314)	837	(2,512)		(565)
Inventories		(602)	163	(1,490)		142
Prepaid expenses and deposits		19	61	(78)		(246)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		816	1,091	952		1,066
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,944	1,310	7,588		2,197
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchase of available for sale securities		(730)	-	(730)		-
Other long term assets		119	-	120		-
Purchase of plant and equipment		(388)	(1,709)	(1,559)		(2,568)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(999)	(1,709)	(2,169)		(2,568)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds form the issuance of common stock, net		739	31	869		1,257
Repayment of debt		-	(16)	-		(16)
Repayment of capital leases		(174)	(156)	(352)		(311)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		565	(141)	517		930
Effects of foreign exchange on cash held						
In foreign currencies		(13)	(39)	(22)		(31)
g The state of the		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,497	(579)	5,914		528
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		10,183	3,729	8,766		2,622
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	14,680 \$	3,150	\$ 14,680	\$	3,150
Consultant and the control of the co						
Supplementary cash flow information:	\$	18 \$	67	\$ 38	¢	137
Cash paid for interest expense Non cash transactions:	Þ	18 \$	67	\$ 38	\$	137
				676		
Common stock issued to acquire a royalty right (note 8 (b))		-	734	0/0		734
Debt repayment from settlement of forward contracts		-	/34	65		
Shares issued for compensation		-	-	65		359
Acquisition of plant and equipment under capital lease		-	-	-		44

See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity Six months ended June 30, 2011 and the year ended December 31, 2010 (expressed in thousands of United States dollars) (unaudited)

				Accumulated		
	Commo	on Shares	Contributed	Comprehensive		
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Surplus</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance, December 31, 2009 (recast – note 2(a))	25,195,723	\$ 60,312	\$ 4,714	\$ -	\$ (14,163) \$	50,863
Issue of units for cash	2,908,545	2,940	913	-	-	3,853
Issue of shares for cash	722,780	1,147	-	-	-	1,147
Issue of shares for the settlement of accounts payable	166,836	359	-	-	-	359
Issue of shares for exercise of warrants	3,492,500	3,621	(875)	-	-	2,746
Issue of shares for exercise of options	691,500	811	(301)	-	-	510
Warrants issued on settlement of legal action	-	-	366	-	-	366
Stock-based compensation on options Granted	-	-	1,025	-	-	1,025
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(614)	(614)
Balance, December 31, 2010 (recast note 2 (a))	33,177,884	69,190	5,842	-	(14,777)	60,255
Exchange of shares (Note 8(b))	275,000	1,889	-	_	(1,213)	676
Issue of shares for services	13,052	65	-	-	-	65
Issue of shares for exercise of options and warrants	535,000	1,545	(676)	-	-	869
Warrants reclassified from derivative liability	-	-	3,352	-	-	3,352

Unrealized gain on securities	-	-	-	20	-	20
Stock-based compensation on option grant	-	-	3,389	-	-	3,389
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	5,076	5,076
	<u> </u>					
Balance, June 30, 2011	34,000,936	\$ 72,689	\$ 11,907	\$ 20	\$ (10,914) \$	73,702

See accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated)
(unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and going concern

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), cash flows, and shareholders' equity contain all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items, necessary to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Revett Minerals Inc. ("Revett Minerals" or the "Company") as of June 30, 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. The operating and financial results for Revett Minerals for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2011.

These unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles used in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and are presented in U.S. dollars. The Company issued its audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 in accordance with Canadian GAAP and also provided a reconciliation on the differences between Canadian GAAP and U.S. GAAP in note 15 to those audited annual consolidated financial statements. The change in generally accepted accounting principles is described in note 2 below. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all note disclosures required by U.S. GAAP on an annual basis, and therefore should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 filed with the appropriate securities regulatory authorities.

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. At June 30, 2011, the Company had working capital of \$19.8 million. The Company has generated positive cash flows from operations for the six-months ended June 30, 2011 and the year ended December 31, 2010. Improved ore grades and favorable copper and silver prices have positively impacted the Company's cash flows. In addition, the Company has sold forward a portion of 2011 production at fixed prices which, based on historic and expected future costs, would result in profitable mining operations. Accordingly, the Company believes it will be able to generate sufficient cash flows to continue as a going concern beyond June 30, 2012.

The underlying value and recoverability of the mineral property, plant and equipment of the Troy mine and the Rock Creek property are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to profitability operate the Troy Mine, obtaining the necessary financing to complete exploration and development of the Rock Creek property, obtaining the necessary operating permits for the Rock Creek property and future profitable production or sufficient proceeds from the sale of the Rock Creek property.

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated)
(unaudited)

2. Changes affecting fiscal 2011 consolidated financial statements and Future accounting Changes:

(a) Changes in generally accepted accounting policies:

The Company historically prepared its consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian GAAP and provided a supplemental reconciliation to U.S. GAAP. Effective January 1, 2011, the Company adopted U.S. GAAP as its accounting framework for its consolidated

financial statements. These unaudited consolidated interim financial statements, including related notes, have therefore been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. All comparative financial information contained herein has been recast to reflect the Company's results as if the Company had historically reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The adjustments resulted in an increase in deficit of \$3.7 million, an increase in assets of \$3.4 million, an increase in liabilities of \$5.9 million, an increase in temporary equity of \$0.7 million, a decrease in common stock of \$0.7 million, and an increase in contributed surplus \$1.3 million, all at January 1, 2011. In addition, net loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 was increased by \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. These differences are outlined in our annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 in note 15.

There were no recent amendments by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") to the Accounting Standards Codification that materially impacted the Company's consolidated financial statements or disclosures for the six months ended June 30, 2011.

(b) Future accounting changes

There were no new pronouncements issued by the FASB that are expected to materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements for future periods.

3. Inventory

The major components of the Company's inventory accounts are as follows:

	Ju	ne 30, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010
Concentrate inventory	\$	2,161 \$	567
Material and supplies		3 ,003	3,107
	\$	5,164 \$	3,674

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated)

(unaudited)

Cost of sales for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 is comprised of the following:

Nature of expense	per	ree month iod ended e 30, 2011	p	Three month period ended une 30, 2010	-	Six month period ended une 30, 2011	_	Six month eriod ended une 30, 2010
Raw materials and consumables used	\$	3,535	\$	3,036	\$	6,772	\$	6,293
Labor costs		3,511		3,136		6,877		6,254
Other costs		3,345		2,216		6,464		4,572
Net change in concentrate inventories		(644)		245		(1,594)		269
	\$	9,747	\$	8,633	\$	18,519	\$	17,388

4. Mineral Property, Plant, Equipment and Mine Development

The major components of the Company's mineral property, plant, and equipment accounts are as follows:

	June 30, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010
Troy:		
Property acquisition and development costs	\$ 13,810	\$ 13,652
Plant and equipment	14,273	13,730
Buildings and structures	3,066	2,846
	 31,149	30,228
Rock Creek:		
Property acquisition costs	34,822	34,822
Other, corporate	4,260	3,685
Other, mineral properties	 118	118

70,349	68,853
(5,928)	(5,307)
(5,537)	(5,032)
(1,093)	(977)
(12,558)	(11,316)
(96)	(93)
(12,654)	(11,409)
\$ 57,695 \$	57,444
\$	(5,928) (5,537) (1,093) (12,558) (96) (12,654)

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated)
(unaudited)

5. Available for sale securities

Available for sale securities are comprised of common stocks which have been valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy). The following table summarizes the Company's available for sale securities:

	June	30, 2011	Dec. 31, 201		
Cost	\$	730	\$	-	
Unrealized gain		20			
Fair value	\$	750	\$	-	

6. Warrant derivative liability

Some of the Company's issued and outstanding common share purchase warrants have exercise price denominated in a foreign currency (Canadian dollar). These warrants are required to be treated as a derivative liability as the amount of cash the Company will receive on exercise of the warrants will vary depending on the exchange rate. These warrants are classified as a derivative liability and recognized at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these warrants are recognized in earnings until such time as the warrants are exercised or expire. The Company recognized a gain of \$1.3 million from the change in fair value of the warrants for the six months ended June 30, 2011 (June 30, 2010 - \$ nil). On June 30, 2011, the Company and a warrant holder agreed to modify the terms of 1.1 million warrants to change the Canadian dollar exercise price to a US dollar exercise price. As a result, these warrants no longer require treatment as a derivative liability. The fair value of these warrants on the date of the modification was \$3.4 million and was reclassified to contributed surplus.

The following table presents the fair value reconciliation of the fair value of the warrants:

	r J	the three months une 30, 2011	For the thr months June 30, 20		For the six months June 30, 2011]	For the six months June 30, 2010
Balance, beginning of Period	\$	6,874	\$	-	\$ 5,876	\$	-
Gain on derivatives		(2,329)		-	(1,331)		-
Warrants reclassified to contributed surplus		(3,352)		-	(3,352)		-
Balance, end of period	\$	1,192	\$	-	\$ 1,192	\$	-

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 (expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (unaudited) These common share purchase warrants do not trade in an active securities market, and as such, the Company has estimated the fair value of these warrants using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions at June 30, 2011: weighted average risk-free interest rate 0.45%, weighted average volatility 86.81%, expected dividend yield – nil, and weighted average expected life (in years) 2.2. At December 31, 2010: weighted average risk-free interest rate 1.02%, weighted average volatility 113%, expected dividend yield – nil, and weighted average expected life (in years) 2.7. The fair value estimate is classified as level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

7. Share Capital

(a) Common Stock

The Company has one class of no par value common stock of which an unlimited number are authorized for issue. The holders of common stock are entitled to receive dividends without restriction when and if declared by the board of directors. Holders of the Company's common stock are not entitled to preemptive rights to acquire additional shares of common stock and do not have cumulative voting rights. At June 30, 2011, the Company had 34,000,936 shares of common stock outstanding.

During the first six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company issued 275,000 common shares with a fair value of \$1.2 million to acquire a right to convert certain shares into a 2% royalty interest on future Rock Creek production (note 8(b)), issued 13,052 shares for compensation to directors in the amount of \$0.07 million; issued 295,000 common shares on exercise of stock options for cash proceeds of \$0.4 million, and issued 240,000 common shares on exercise of warrants for cash proceeds of \$0.5 million.

(b) Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of no par preferred stock. The Company's board of directors is authorized to create any series and, in connection with the creation of each series, to fix by resolution the number of shares of each series, and the designations, powers, preferences and rights; including liquidation, dividends, conversion and voting rights, as they may determine. At June 30, 2011, no preferred stock was issued or outstanding.

(c) Stock options

The Company's Equity Incentive Plan authorizes the Company to reserve and have available for issue 3,357,374 shares of common stock as at June 30, 2011 and 1,926,500 options are issued and outstanding. There were 922,000 stock options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2011 with an exercise price of \$4.98, expiring on March 30, 2016. The Company used the Black-Scholes option pricing formula with a risk-free interest rate of 2.07%, volatility of 96% and an expected life of the options of 60 months to calculate the fair values of the options. The weighted average fair value per share was \$3.76. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, 8,000 options were cancelled or expired and 295,000 options were exercised. As at June 30, 2011, the intrinsic value of options outstanding and exercisable was \$2.0 million. As at June 30, 2011 and 2010, there was no unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options.

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated)
(unaudited)

As at June 30, 2011, the following stock options were outstanding:

Options	Options	Exercise	Expiry
Granted	Exercisable	Price	Date
4,000	4,000	6.25 CDN	September 15, 2011
6,000	6,000	2.15	September 30, 2011
169,000	169,000	5.50 CDN	October 4, 2011
5,000	5,000	7.25 CDN	December 4, 2011
90,000	90,000	5.55 CDN	January 10, 2012
8,000	8,000	5.75 CDN	March 5, 2012
6,000	6,000	3.00 CDN	April 29, 2013
10,000	10,000	2.50	November 1, 2013
35,000	35,000	4.30	December 13, 2013
10,000	10,000	4.45	February 25, 2014
139,500	139,500	0.52 CDN	March 31, 2014

34,000	34,000	0.45 CDN	April 27, 2014
110,000	110,000	0.45	September 10, 2014
15,000	15,000	1.05	November 2, 2014
30,000	30,000	1.65	December 30, 2014
312,000	312,000	2.15	March 15, 2015
20,000	20,000	1.50	June 17, 2015
20,000	20,000	2.50	November 1, 2015
900,500	900,500	4.98	March 21, 2016
2,500	2,500	5.93	April 8, 2016
1,926,500	1,926,500	3.76	

(d) Stock Purchase Warrants

The following stock purchase warrants were outstanding at June 30, 2011 for the purchase of common shares of Revett Minerals.

WARRANT SUMMARY TABLE

	Number	Exercise price	Expiry
Revett Minerals	60,000	CDN\$ 2.50	October 20, 2011
Revett Minerals	136,291	CDN\$ 1.75	August 24, 2013
Revett Minerals	244,836	CDN\$ 1.75	August 31, 2013
Revett Minerals	<u>1,071,427</u>	\$ 1.81	August 24, 2013
	<u>1,512,554</u>		

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, 240,000 warrants were exercised and 117,332 warrants expired.

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 (expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated)

8. Commitments and Contingencies

a) Reclamation

(unaudited)

The following table shows the changes in the reclamation liability for the periods indicated.

	Three months of June 30,		Year ended Dec. 31, 2010
Reclamation and remediation liability beginning of period	\$	7,946	\$ 8,166
Reduction in present value of liability due to mine life extension		-	(914)
Accretion expense, year to date		338	694
Ending balance	\$	8,284	\$ 7,946

As at June 30, 2011, the Company has \$6.5 million in restricted cash which is collateral for the reclamation bond at the Troy Mine.

b) Kennecott Royalty Option

During 2002, Kennecott and Revett Silver, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, agreed to amend the February 21, 2000 Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement pursuant to which Revett Silver acquired Kennecott's interest in Troy and Rock Creek. Among other things, the amendment granted Kennecott the right to acquire a 2% net smelter return royalty (the NSR royalty) from the sale of metals from a defined area of the Company's Rock Creek property anytime until the later of one year after Rock Creek achieves 80% of designed commercial capacity production or

December 31, 2015. Kennecott was required to surrender 450,000 shares of the Company's common shares previously issued to acquire the NSR royalty. On March 21, 2011, the Company purchased the right to convert the 450,000 shares to a 2% net smelter royalty interest on future Rock Creek production that was previously owned by Kennecott in exchange for the issue of an additional 275,000 of its common shares. The exchange was accounted for as an exchange of the original 450,000 common shares with a conversion feature for 725,000 common shares without a conversion feature. The carrying values of the original 450,000 shares of \$676,000 has been transferred from temporary equity to share capital. The fair value of the additional 275,000 common shares was \$1,213,000 and has been recorded in accumulated deficit as an equity transaction.

c) Rock Creek Development

On May 29, 2010, the US District Court ruled that the Forest Service's decision to approve the Rock Creek project is vacated and the 2003 Record of Decision (RoD) and 2001 Final

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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
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(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated)
(unaudited)

Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) are set aside and remanded to the Forest Service for further action. Based on the Company's review of the judgment, the Company does not believe that the judgment prevents the Company from developing the Rock Creek project but it may delay such development until the Company is able to satisfactorily address the Court's concerns

Oral arguments were held July 14, 2011, in Portland, Oregon with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit regarding the litigation of Rock Creek Alliance, et al versus the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS). The USFWS prevailed in the Federal District Court on the issues related to the Endangered Species Act (ESA).

Subsequently several environmental groups appealed that portion of the District Court's May 2010 ruling to the Ninth Circuit. Since May 2010, when the Federal District Judge vacated the FEIS and RoD because of noted deficiencies related to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), Revett has been working with USFS to satisfy those issues identified in the Court's Opinion. In cooperation with the U.S. Forest Service, a Supplemental EIS (SEIS) study will be completed to correct the NEPA deficiencies identified by the Court and the USFS has appointed a contractor for completion of the SEIS.

In a ruling issued on July 21, 2011, the Montana District Court determined that the Company will be required to obtain an "individual MPDES discharge permit" rather than a "general permit" as originally granted by the Montana DEQ. This permit relates specifically to storm water management during road reconstruction in Phase 1 of the mine project and not the ESA challenges that are currently being defended in the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. The Company will take steps to address the court's concerns with the State agencies that are responsible for administration of the Montana Water Quality Act. A decision whether to appeal the District Courts' decision will be made in consultation with the agencies in the coming weeks. The Company does not anticipate that this ruling will affect the overall timeline of project development and completion of a SEIS.

Although the Company believes that it will ultimately receive environmental and operating permits, it is possible that successful challenges could delay or prevent the Company from developing the Rock Creek project which could result in the impairment and write-down of the carrying value related to the Rock Creek property.

d) Cabinet Resources Group, Inc. (plaintiff) v. Montana Department of Environmental Quality and Troy Mine, Inc. (defendants):

The plaintiff's suit alleges that Troy is being operated in violation of the Montana Metal Mine Reclamation Act ("MMRA") because of deficiencies in its reclamation plan and that all of the defendants have violated the Montana Constitution and various state statutes and regulations by allowing such operations to continue. The plaintiff seeks a declaration that the Troy operating permit and reclamation plan are void and invalid; alternatively it seeks a writ of madamus from the court requiring the DEQ to enforce the MMRA and presumably suspend or revoke Troy's operating permit, declare a forfeiture of the Company's performance bond and enjoin the Company from further operations at Troy pending approval of a new reclamation plan. The Company believes this action is

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Revett Minerals Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (unaudited)

without merit, particularly in view of on-going discussions with the DEQ concerning proposed revisions to the existing approved reclamation plan at Troy and the increased performance bonds provided to the DEQ. The Court has indicated that it will not set a trial date until DEQ has completed its required review of the reclamation plan. The Company is vigorously defending itself with respect to this action.

9. Financial Instruments

At June 30, 2011, the Company had two forward contracts to sell 2.65 million pounds of copper at a price of \$3.55 per pound and 0.180 million ounces of silver at an average price of \$19.00 per ounce. These contracts mature at various dates from September, 2011 through February 2012. All contracts are with the Company's customer and have been designated as normal purchase and sale contracts. Accordingly, the effect of these contracts are accounted for in the period they are settled. The fair value of these forward sales contracts, if settled at June 30, 2011 metal prices, would result in a liability of approximately \$4.8 million.

10. Earnings Per Common Share

The following table reconciles weighted average common shares used in the computations of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 (thousands, except per-share amounts):

	Three and Six Months Ended June 30,							
		2011		2010		2011		2010
Numerator								
Net income (loss) for basic earnings per share	\$	7,924	\$	(1,141)	\$	5,076	\$	(318)
Gain on warrant derivative associated with dilutive warrants		(2,329)				(1,331)		
Net income (loss) for diluted earnings per share	\$	5,595	\$	(1,141)	\$	3,745	\$	(318)
Denominator								
Basic weighted average common shares		33,827,172		26,279,136		33,544,467		26,145,493
Dilutive stock options and warrants		1,535,678				1,619,002		
Diluted weighted average common shares		35,362,850		26,279,136		35,163,469		26,145,493
Basic income (loss) per share	\$	0. 23	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.15	\$	(0.01)
			_				_	
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$	0.16	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.11	\$	(0.01)
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Revett Minerals Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (unaudited)

Note 10 – Earnings per share continued:

110te 10 – Earnings per share continued.

The gain on warrant derivative associated with dilutive warrants is deducted for diluted earnings per share purposes because the gain would not have been recognized had the warrants been converted at the beginning of the period.

Options to purchase 1,181,000 shares of our common stock were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2011. As the exercise price of the options exceeded the average price of our stock during these periods and were anti-dilutive.

For the three months and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, options and warrants to purchase 5.9 million shares of our common stock were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because there exercise prices exceeded the average price of our stock during the periods and were anti-dilutive.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations as at August 11, 2011

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial results of Revett Minerals Inc. ("Revett Minerals" or the "Company") for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim financial statements and notes as at and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 which form part of this report. In addition, this MD&A and related financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2010 audited consolidated financial statements, the related Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the Form 10-K filed in Canada on SEDAR or on file in the United States with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or on EDGAR.

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles used in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and unless otherwise stated, are presented in U.S. dollars. The Company issued its audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 in accordance with Canadian GAAP and also provided a reconciliation on the differences between Canadian GAAP and U.S. GAAP in note 15 to those audited annual consolidated financial statements. The change in generally accepted accounting principles is described in note 2.

Some of the statements in this MD&A are forward looking statements that are subject to risk factors set out in the cautionary note contained in this MD&A.

Overview and Important Factors Influencing Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

As at August 11, 2011, the Company's principal assets consisted of a 100% interest in the Troy copper and silver mine ("Troy") in northwest Montana, USA and also a 100% interest in the undeveloped Rock Creek copper and silver development project ("Rock Creek") also located in northwest Montana.

Overall Performance

As at June 30, 2011 the Company increased cash and cash equivalents on hand by 68% to \$14.7 million compared to \$8.8 million at December 31, 2010. For the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company reported net profit of \$5.1 million (which includes a \$3.4 million non-cash charge for the issuance of stock options during the period and a \$1.3 million gain on the valuation of warrant derivatives) or \$0.15 income per share compared to a net loss of \$0.3 million or \$0.01 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

For the three months ended June 30, 2011, we had net income of \$7.9 million, or \$0.23 per share compared to a net loss of \$1.1, or \$0.05 loss per share for the three months ended June 30, 2010. This increase is primarily due to improved metal grades and recoveries from increased production from the C Bed area. Silver production was 342,822 ounces, a 65% increase from the same period in 2010 and copper production was 3.03 million pounds, a 60% increase from the same period in 2010. Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2011, also included a \$2.3 million gain on valuation of warrant derivatives.

Exploration efforts continued in and around the Troy Mine with additional resources added in the C Bed area.

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Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011 Compared to the same period in 2010.

The major highlights for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, included:

- Silver production of 342,822 ounces and over 3.03 million pounds of copper production resulting in a 65% increase in silver and a 60% increase in copper compared to the same period in 2010. Improved silver and copper grades along with higher metal recoveries resulted from increased production from the C Bed area.
- The Company achieved record quarterly revenues at \$18.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011.
- Cash cost per ounce of silver and per pound of copper improved significantly with the improved metal production. Cash costs for the second quarter of 2011 calculated on a net of by-product basis were \$3.38 per ounce for silver and \$0.73 per pound of copper.
- The successful exploration program in and around the Troy Mine continues to add ore resource, including an additional 1,157,946 tons of indicated resource at a grade of 1.07 opt silver and 0.41% copper in the C Bed mining horizon, approximately a 50% increase of the C Bed inferred resources that were reported January 8, 2011.
- The Company's working capital has increased to \$19.8 million at June 30, 2011, an 86% increase since December 31, 2010.
- *Production during the second quarter of 2011 was on plan at 3,964 tons per day.*

Operating Results:

The table below illustrates certain key operating statistics for Troy for the three months ended June 30, 2011, with a comparison to the same three month period in 2010.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2011T	hree Months Ended June 30, 2010
Tons milled	352,818	354,359
Tons milled per day	3,964	3,982
Copper grade (%)	0.52	0.33
Silver grade (opt)	1.14	0.70
Copper recovery (%)	82.0	81.0
Silver recovery (%)	85.0	84.0
Copper produced (lbs)	3,028,252	1,888,935
Silver produced (ozs)	342,822	207,948

Production during the second quarter of 2011 was on plan at 3,964 tons per day and very close to the production of 3,982 tons per day in the second quarter of 2010. Due to significantly higher metal grades from mining more production from the C Bed area, metal production was significantly improved. Copper production was higher at 3,028,252 pounds while silver production increased to 342,822 ounces as compared to 207,948 ounces of silver and 1,888,935 pounds of copper in the second quarter of 2010. Mining in the C Beds continued as planned and metal grades in the C Beds are also as expected. For the second quarter, ore grades increased 63% for silver and 58% for copper as compared to the second quarter of 2010. Although recoveries are still somewhat lower than plan of 87% for silver and 85% for copper, recoveries in the second quarter of 2011 improved to 85.04% for silver and 82.36% for copper compared to recoveries of 83.9% for silver and 80.7% for copper in the second quarter of 2010. Metallurgical

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studies evaluating grind size and non-sulfide content are continuing to determine if further modifications can be made to improve metal recoveries.

Financial Results:

- a) Revenue: For the second quarter of 2011 compared to the second quarter of 2010, revenue increased from \$9.3 million to \$18.8 million primarily due to the increase in the price of copper and silver and higher copper and silver production. During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, the LME price of copper and silver averaged \$4.15 per pound and \$38.17 per ounce, respectively, compared to average prices of \$3.19 per pound and \$18.32 per ounce in the second quarter of 2010. Due to the fixed pricing the Company had in place, the net price received for the metals was lower than the average prices during the period. Copper sales during the second quarter were 2.9 million pounds of copper and 315,396 ounces of silver. The physical metal sold represents an increase of 61% for copper and an increase of 65% for silver from the second quarter of 2010.
- b) Cost of Sales: The cost of sales increased by 13% in the second quarter when compared to the same period in 2010. A significant increase in treatment and refining charges, higher mining taxes due to increased revenues and a restructured production royalty were the primary reasons for this increase.
- c) General and administration costs: The 2011 increase during the quarter is primarily a result of higher legal and consulting fees along with a modest increase in investor relations expenditures.
- d) Gain on warrant derivatives: The \$2.3 million gain on warrant derivatives reflects the change in fair value of this warrant derivative between March 31, 2011 and June 30, 2011. A lower closing share price and lower volatility reduced the fair value of the derivative liability.
- e) Net income: The Company recorded a net income of \$7.9 million or \$0.23 per share for the second quarter compared to net loss of \$1.1 million or \$0.05 per share in the second quarter of 2010. The primary reason for this increase is improved metal sales and favorable metals pricing.

The table below illustrates certain key operating statistics for Troy for the six months ended June 30, 2011, with a comparison to the same six month period in 2010.

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010
Tons milled	644,508	733,951
Tons milled per day	3,621	4,123
Copper grade (%)	0.48	0.36
Silver grade (opt)	1.09	0.78
Copper recovery (%)	80.0	83.0
Silver recovery (%)	84.0	86.0
Copper produced (lbs)	5,026,662	4,345,125
Silver produced (ozs)	587,890	495,207

Financial Results:

- a) Revenue: For the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period in 2010, revenue increased from \$21.4 million to \$31.5 million primarily due to the increase in the price of copper and silver and higher copper and silver production. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the LME price of copper and silver averaged \$4.26 per pound and \$34.92 per ounce, respectively, compared to average prices of \$3.23 per pound and \$17.62 per ounce in the first six months of 2010. Due to the fixed pricing the Company had in place, the net price received for the metals was lower than the average prices during the period. Copper sales were 4.9 million pounds of copper and 540,858 ounces of silver. The physical metal sold represents an increase of 12% for copper and an increase of 9% for silver from the first six months of 2010.
- b) Cost of Sales: The cost of sales increased by 7% in the first six months when compared to the same period in 2010. A significant increase in treatment and refining charges, higher mining taxes due to increased revenues and a restructured production royalty were the primary reasons for this increase.
- c) General and administration costs: The 2011 increase during the six month period is a result of non-cash stock option expense of \$3.4 million compared to 2010 stock option expense of \$0.9 million in 2010. The stock option expense was calculated by using the Black Scholes pricing model.
- d) Gain on warrant derivatives: The \$1.3 million gain on warrant derivatives reflect the change in fair value of this warrant derivative between December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2011. A lower closing share price and lower volatility reduced the fair value of the derivative liability.
- g) Net income: The Company recorded a net income of \$5.1 million or \$0.15 per share for the first six months compared to net loss of \$0.3 million or \$0.01 per share in the same period 2010. The primary reason for this increase is improved metal sales and favorable metals pricing.

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Summarized Financial Results by Quarter

	2009	2009	2010	2010	2010	2010	2011	2011
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Cu Production (million lbs)	1.9	2.0	2.5	1.9	2.3	2.1	2.0	3.0
Ag Production (000's ozs)	251	253	287	208	277	235	245	343
Total Sales (millions)	\$ 8.1	\$8.1	\$12.1	\$9.3	\$12.4	\$13.2	\$12.8	\$18.8
Cash Flow from Operations(1) (millions)	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$2.7	\$0.8	\$4.2	\$4.7	\$3.4	\$7.4
Net Income (loss) (millions)	(\$1.1)	(\$0.9)	\$0.8	(\$1.1)	\$0.7	(\$1.3)	(\$2.8)	\$7.9
EPS- Basic	(\$0.05)	(\$0.05)	\$0.03	(\$0.05)	\$0.00	(\$0.04)	(\$0.09)	\$0.23
EPS- Fully diluted	(\$0.05)	(\$0.05)	\$0.03	(\$0.05)	\$0.00	(\$0.04)	(\$0.09)	\$0.16
Cash and Cash Equivalents & Short term Investments ending (millions)	\$2.5	\$2.6	\$3.7	\$3.2	\$6.6	\$8.8	\$10.2	\$14.7
Total Assets ending (millions)	\$74.4	\$71.9	\$74.8	\$74.1	\$79.4	\$81.3	\$83.4	\$92.1
Total liabilities ending (millions)	\$22.0	\$19.8	\$19.5	\$19.8	\$21.6	\$20.3	\$21.8	\$18.4

Total Equity ending (millions)	\$52.4	\$52.1	\$55.3	\$54.2	\$57.8	\$60.3	\$61.7	\$73.7
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(1) This is a non-GAAP measurement. These amounts reflect the net cash flow from the Troy Mine before capital spending and equipment payments and changes in working capital.

Financing Activities

During the first six months of 2011, the Company did not enter into any new capital leases. Revett Silver had entered into the following contractual financial obligations (in thousands of USD):

		Current	1 to 3	3 to 5	5 years
Contractual obligation	Total	portion	years	years	or more
Capital lease obligations	1,038	448	590		
Long term Reclamation costs (undiscounted)	12,900	-	-	-	12,900
Total contractual obligations	13,938	448	590		12,900

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Revett Silver has also entered into a number of operating leases relating to the production and transportation of the copper concentrate produced at Troy. All such leases expire in 2011 and some may be renewed annually. The obligations in 2011 under the terms of these leases are \$0.4 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's liquidity position is directly related to the level of concentrate production, cost of this production and the provisional and final prices received for the copper and silver in the concentrate that is sold. At June 30, 2011, working capital was \$19.8 million, including cash and cash equivalents of \$14.7 million. At June 30, 2011, net concentrate receivable was \$5.6 million compared to \$3.4 million at December 31, 2010 and copper concentrate inventory (stated at cost) was \$2.2 million compared to \$0.6 million at December 31, 2010. The net realizable value or liquidation value of the concentrate inventory at June 30, 2011, was approximately \$5.1 million.

At today's copper and silver prices the Company is generating positive cash flow. Declines in copper and silver prices could erode the Company's cash and working capital position. For the remainder of 2011, the Company has sold forward approximately 50% of copper production at an average price of \$3.55 per pound and approximately 25% of silver production at an average price of \$19.00 per ounce. (see "Off Balance Sheet Arrangements")

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

During 2002, Kennecott and Revett Silver, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, agreed to amend the February 21, 2000 Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement pursuant to which Revett Silver acquired Kennecott's interest in Troy and Rock Creek. Among other things, the amendment granted Kennecott the right to acquire a 2% net smelter return royalty (the NSR royalty) from the sale of metals from a defined area of the Company's Rock Creek property anytime until the later of one year after Rock Creek achieves 80% of designed commercial capacity production or December 31, 2015. Kennecott was required to surrender 450,000 shares of the Company's common shares previously issued to acquire the NSR royalty. On March 21, 2011, the Company purchased the right to convert the 450,000 shares to a 2% net smelter royalty interest on future Rock Creek production that was previously owned by Kennecott in exchange for the issue of an additional 275,000 of its common shares. The exchange was accounted for as an exchange of the original 450,000 common shares with a conversion feature for 725,000 common shares without a conversion feature. The carrying values of the original 450,000 shares of \$676,000 has been transferred from temporary equity to share capital. The fair value of the additional 275,000 common shares was \$1,213,000 and has been recorded in accumulated deficit as an equity transaction.

The Company has forward contracts to sell 2.65 million pounds of copper and 0.180 million ounces of silver at fixed prices of \$3.55 per pound and \$19.00 per ounces, respectively, which have been designated as normal purchase and sales contracts. The fair value of these contracts at June 30, 2011, is a liability of \$4.8 million which is not recognized in the balance sheet (see Financial instruments, hedging activities and other instruments).

Related Party Transactions

There were no related party transactions during the first six months of 2011.

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Proposed Transactions

There were no proposed transactions during the first six months of 2011.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Revett Minerals is a speculative investment, for many reasons, and the following risk factors should be carefully considered in evaluating it. In addition, this report contains forward-looking statements that involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements include statements of our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results could differ from those discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including those set forth below. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below and the other information in this report before investing.

We have a limited operating history and had losses in prior years. We have been engaged in commercial mining operations at Troy for just over six years and have not yet attained a consistent record of profitability. In the first six months of 2011 we incurred net income of \$5.1 million on revenues of \$31.5 million. For the 2010 year, we incurred a loss of \$0.6 million on revenues of \$47.0 million. In 2009, we incurred a loss of \$3.7 million on \$29.5 million in revenues. In 2008, we incurred a loss of \$6.7 million on revenues of \$35.9 million. In 2007, we earned approximately \$0.9 million on revenues of approximately \$39 million. Our loss in 2009 and 2008 was primarily a result of a rapid decrease in copper and silver pricing during the second half of 2008 and lower than expected metals production.

Environmental challenges could prevent us from ever developing Rock Creek. Our proposed development of Rock Creek has been challenged on environmental grounds by several regional and national environmental organizations at various times subsequent to the Forest Service's issuance of a Record of Decision approving our plan of operation in 2003. Some of these challenges are substantial and ongoing, and allege violations of the procedural and substantive requirements of a variety of federal and state laws and regulations pertaining to our permitting activities at Rock Creek, including ESA, NEPA, the 1872 Mining Law, the Federal Land Policy Management Act, the Wilderness Act, the National Forest Management Act, the Clean Water Act, the Forest Service Organic Act of 1897 and the Administrative Procedural Act. Although we have generally been successful in addressing most of the environmental challenges to our operations, we cannot predict with any degree of certainty how the pending challenges will be resolved. Rock Creek is potentially the more significant of our two mining assets. Continued court challenges to the Record of Decision and its accompanying biological opinion have delayed us from proceeding with our planned development. If we are successful in defending these challenges, we still must comply with a number of requirements and conditions as development progresses, failing which we could be denied the ability to continue with our proposed activities at Rock Creek. (See the section of this report entitled "Legal Proceedings.")

Our reclamation liability at Troy could be substantial. In acquiring Troy, we agreed to indemnify ASARCO and hold it harmless from all of the liabilities associated with the reclamation, restoration and closure of the mine. This entailed our procurement of a \$12.9 million performance bond. We have submitted a revised reclamation plan for Troy to the Montana DEQ and they have been in the process of completing environmental analysis in cooperation with the Forest Service. The Agencies have given notice that an Environmental Impact Statement will be completed and subsequently changes may be made to the estimated reclamation costs and the amount of the performance bond. We do not presently know whether our revised plan will actually result in increased reclamation costs at Troy. Laws governing the closure of mining operations in Montana have become more stringent since Troy was first placed into production, and could include provisions requiring us to perpetually treat all of the discharged water from the mine. These factors could result in the imposition of a higher

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performance bond. Further, our reclamation liability at Troy is not limited by the amount of the performance bond itself. The bond serves only as security for the payment of these obligations; any substantial increase in actual costs over and above the \$16.8 million maximum allowed under the current surety agreement would necessarily be borne by the Company. Payment of such costs could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

We presently do not have the financial resources to develop Rock Creek. At June 30, 2011 we had cash and cash equivalents and short term investments of \$14.7 million. We do not have sufficient cash to fund our evaluation program at Rock Creek and we do not have sufficient funds to allow us to develop a mine or begin mining operations should it prove feasible to do so. The estimated capital cost of constructing a mine at Rock Creek is in the range of \$250 to \$275 million and could change materially.

The Rock Creek mineral resources are not equivalent to reserves. This report includes information concerning the estimated size of our mineral resource at Rock Creek and the amount of ore that may be produced from the project were it to be developed. Since no ore has been produced from Rock Creek, these estimates are preliminary in nature. This report also includes information concerning mineral resources at Troy. Although we believe these amounts are significant, it does not mean the mineral resource can be economically mined. A mineral resource is not equivalent to a commercially mineable ore body or "proven reserves" or "probable reserves" under standards promulgated by the SEC, principally because they are less certain and not necessarily amenable to economic development. We will not be able to determine whether Rock Creek contains a commercially mineable ore body until our evaluation program has been completed and we have obtained a final, economic and technical feasibility study that will include an analysis of the amount of ore that can be economically produced under then-prevailing market conditions. United States investors are cautioned that the terms "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources" are not

recognized by the SEC. The estimation of mineral resources involves greater uncertainty as to their existence and economic feasibility than the estimation of proven and probable reserves. United States investors are cautioned not to assume that mineral resources will ever be converted into reserves.

There are other formidable risks to mining. We are subject to all of the risks inherent in the mining industry, including industrial accidents, labor disputes, unusual or unexpected geologic formations, cave-ins, surface subsidence, flooding, power disruptions and periodic interruptions due to inclement weather. These risks could result in damage to or destruction of its mineral properties and production facilities, personal injury, environmental damage, delays, monetary losses and legal liability. In addition, we are subject to competition for new minerals properties, management and skilled miners from other mining companies, many of which have significantly greater resources than we do. We also have no control over changes in governmental regulation of mining activities, the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development, operating hazards, fluctuating metals prices, and inflation and other economic conditions.

Copper and silver prices fluctuate markedly. Our operations are significantly influenced by the price of copper and silver. Copper and silver prices fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors that are beyond our control, such as the strength of the United States dollar, global and regional industrial demand, and the political and economic conditions of major producing countries throughout the world. Since 1990, world average copper prices have fluctuated from a low of \$0.71 per pound in 2002 to a high of \$4.48 per pound in 2011, and world average annual silver prices have fluctuated from a low of \$3.95 per ounce in 1992 to a high of \$41.96 per ounce in 2011. As at June 30, 2011, we have contracts outstanding to sell 2.65 million

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pounds of copper at an average price of \$3.55 per pound and 180,000 ounces of silver at an average price of \$19.00. These contracts mature at various dates from September 2011 to February 2012.

Currency fluctuations will affect our competitiveness. The price of copper and silver are denominated in U.S. dollars even though most production originates in countries whose currencies are independently valued. Fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the values of these host country currencies could affect the competitiveness of our operations.

Accounting Changes

These unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles used in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and are presented in U.S. dollars. Revett Minerals Inc. (the Company) issued its audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 in accordance with Canadian GAAP and also provided a reconciliation on the differences between Canadian GAAP and U.S. GAAP in note 15 to those audited annual consolidated financial statements. Effective January 1, 2011, the Company began presenting its financial statements in accordance with US GAAP and prior period financial statements were restated to be presented in accordance with US GAAP. All financial information stated herein has been presented in accordance with US GAAP.

Future accounting changes

There were no new pronouncements issued by the FASB that may materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements for future periods.

Financial Instruments, Hedging Activities and Other Instruments

The largest market risk the Company is exposed to are changes in the prices of copper and silver which will have a significant effect on revenue, cash flow and the value of concentrate receivables or payables because a significant portion of the Company's sales are subject to a future pricing mechanism. Changes in metal prices will change both revenue and the value of concentrate receivables or payables. The Company does have a hedging policy which permits the Company to fix the sales price of concentrate to be produced in the future or for which concentrate has been sold and for which final settlement has not occurred.

For financial statement purposes, the Company records at fair value the amount of silver and copper in concentrate sold to its customer for which final prices have not yet been determined. At each month-end, the Company adjusts its revenue to account for expected future prices and the corresponding expected future revenue and cash flow. In order to do this, the Company must make estimates of the future prices expected to prevail when final settlement occurs. The Company uses published forward prices for the period of expected settlement to estimate these expected prices.

As at June 30, 2011, the Company had contracts outstanding to sell 2.65 million pounds of copper at an average price of \$3.55 per pound and 180,000 ounces of silver at an average price of \$19.00. These contracts mature at various dates from September, 2011 to February, 2012. All contracts are with the Company's customer and have been designated as normal purchase and sale contracts.

Accordingly, the effect of these contracts are accounted for in the period they are settled. The fair value of these forward sales contracts, if settled at June 30, 2011 metal prices, would result in a liability of approximately \$4.8 million.

Forward Looking Statements

Cautionary "Safe Harbor" Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. With the exception of historical matters, the matters discussed in this report are forward- looking statements that involve risk and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projections or estimates contained herein. The words "believe", "estimate", "anticipate', "expect", and "project" and similar expressions are included to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward looking-statements include statements regarding future production levels and operating costs at the Troy mine, future levels of capital expenditures at both Troy and Rock Creek, the reserve and resource estimates at both Troy and Rock Creek, the adequacy of the financial resources and funds to cover operating and exploration costs at Troy and the cost of exploration at Rock Creek, the timing of certain litigation activities which have delayed exploration activities at Rock Creek, the adequacy of third party financing to complete certain corporate development activities, and the expectation that the Troy mine will be able to generate positive cash flow in future periods. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from these forward looking statements include, among others:

- changes in copper and silver prices;
- the operating performance of the Troy mine;
- geological conditions at the Troy mine;
- the need for copper concentrate by copper smelters and the costs associated with selling such concentrate to the smelters;
- the ability of the Company to complete exploration activities at the Rock Creek project;
- activities of certain environmental groups opposed to the Company's activities in the United States;
- changes in the planned Rock Creek project parameters;
- changes in estimates of the reserves and resources at all the properties owned or controlled by the Company;
- economic and market conditions;
- future financial needs and the Company's ability to secure such financing under reasonable terms and conditions;
- changes in federal or state legislation and regulations governing our operations and projects;
- risks of future unknown lawsuits respecting future planned activities on our projects or past activities by the Company.

as well as other factors described elsewhere in our annual Form 10-K and the various regulatory filings done with United States and Canadian and provincial regulatory bodies which are available in Canada at www.sedar.com or in the United States on EDGAR. Future events and actual results could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by, or underlying the forward-looking statements. Most of these factors are beyond our ability to predict or control. Future events and actual results could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by, or underlying the forward looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statement made here-in except as required by law. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward looking statements.

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Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our earnings and cash flow are significantly affected by changes in the market price of copper and silver. The prices of both metals can fluctuate widely and are influenced by numerous factors such as demand, production levels, and world political and economic events and the strength of the US dollar. During the past eighteen years the average annual price of copper has ranged from a low of \$0.71 per pound to a high of \$4.48 per pound. Average annual silver prices over this same period have ranged from a low of \$3.95 per ounce to a high of \$41.96. Should the price of copper or silver decline substantially, the value of Troy and Rock Creek could fall dramatically and the future operation of Troy and the future exploration and development at Rock Creek could both be at risk.

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we reported sales revenue of \$31.5 million on sales of approximately 4.9 million pounds of payable copper and 0.54 million ounces of payable silver. During this period copper and silver prices averaged \$4.26 per pound and \$34.92 per ounce respectively. Had the price of copper or silver changed by \$1.00 each, revenue would have changed by approximately \$2.1 million.

A substantial portion of our cash and short term investments are invested in certificates of deposit or high quality government and corporate fixed income securities, all of which are denominated in US dollars. With the uncertainty in the financial markets the value of these fixed income securities could change. Approximately \$1.9 million of our cash equivalents are in the form of certificates of deposit issued by a major Canadian chartered bank and are denominated in Canadian dollars which exposes us to some foreign exchange risk.

Controls and Procedures

Management of the Company is responsible for adopting an internal control system that gives it and the board of directors reasonable assurance that the Company's financial statements present fairly its financial position and activities. Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures that provide reasonable assurance the material information concerning the Company and its

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consolidated subsidiaries is appropriately disclosed.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information the Company is required to disclose in its periodic reports and other information filed under the Securities Exchange Act, as amended ("the Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and accurately reported within the time periods prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules. They include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and promptly communicated to the Company's management, including its chief executive officer, its chief financial officer and other principal accounting officers, so such persons can make timely decisions regarding disclosure.

The Company evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures as required by Exchange Act Rules 13 (a) -15 (e) and 15 (d) -15 (e). This evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the chief executive officer and its chief financial officer. Based upon this evaluation, the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer concluded that the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as at June 30, 2011 to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file under the Exchange Act, is 28

gathered, reported, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to management of Revett Minerals, including the CEO and CFO, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure as specified under U.S. and Canadian securities laws.

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting. Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Act of 1934. Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and preparation of our financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and disposition of assets; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of our assets are being made only in accordance with the authorizations of management and directors; and provided reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisitions, use or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements. Because of inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

The Company has evaluated the effectiveness of the design of internal controls over financial reporting and concluded they are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements as at June 30, 2011.

Changes in Internal Controls. During the second quarter of 2011, no changes occurred in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have affected, or are reasonably likely to material affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: Other Information Legal proceedings

Refer to Note 8 (b) in the June 30, 2011 financial statements which discusses the changes with regards to Legal proceedings from that reported in the December 31, 2010 Form 10-K.

Item #2: Unregistered sales of equity securities and Use of proceeds

Not Applicable

Item #3: Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not Applicable

Item #4: Submission To A Vote of Securities Holders

Not Applicable.

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Item #5: Other Information

Not Applicable

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Item #6: Exhibits

(a) Exhibits:

<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act *
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act *
20.1	
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C., 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act *
<u>32.2</u>	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C., 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act *

^{*} Filed with this Form 10-Q/A for Revett Minerals Inc..

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SIGNATURES

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

REVETT MINERALS INC.

Date: August 23, 2011 By: /s/John Shanahan

Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T*

John Shanahan

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 23, 2011 By: /s/ Ken Eickerman Ken Eickerman

Chief Financial Officer

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