TIGER RESOURCES LTD

ACN 077 110 304

1st Floor, 30 Ledgar Road, Balcatta WA 6021 PO Box 717, Balcatta WA 6914 Tel: (08) 9240 1933 Fax: (08) 9240 2406 Email: <u>tiger@tigerez.com</u> Website: <u>www.tigerez.com</u>

31 July 2006

The Manager - Companies Australian Stock Exchange Limited Exchange Centre 20 Bond Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

Quarterly Report for the Period Ended – June 30 2006

Highlights:

Rosa de Maio Project, Brazil

- Significant coherent aerially extensive soil anomalies defined at Buruti and Sela creeks
- IP survey and deep auger drilling programme in progress

Kipoi Project, DRC

• Significant results at Kipoi Central and Kipoi North include:

KPAD001	14m @ 3.91% Cu, 0.35% Co
KPAD002	70m @ 3.53% Cu, 0.17% Co
KPAD003	19m @ 2.60% Cu, 0.12% Co
KPADOO4	30m @.1.35% Cu, 0.13% Co
KPTR004	11m @ 2.18% Cu,
KPT005	8m @ 1.14% Cu, 0.20%
	-

- Minimum of 4000m RC drilling to commence early August at Kipoi
- Soil sampling programmes commenced on all Aurum JV permits

BRASIL

1. Rosa de Maio Project - Tapajos Gold Province

Project & Geological Setting

Gold mineralisation at the Rosa de Maio Project is associated with quartz veins and possible quartz breccias or stockworks hosted in variably hydrothermally altered granites. The geological setting shares many similarities to other gold deposits in the Tapajos Gold Province such as at Tocantinzinho, Mamaol, and Agua Branca.

The highest gold grades are typically found in north-east and west-east trending quartz veins that have been exposed in the major creeks on the property. North-east trending veins have returned significant mineralization up to 108g/t Au and are currently being mined by small scale miners in the Macaco creek system.



Figure 1: Geological Map of the Rosa de Maio Project Area Showing The Extent of Alluvial Mining and Priority Target Areas for follow up with IP and Drilling.

Work Undertaken During the Quarter

A regional and infill mapping and soil sampling programme covering the entire concession was completed during the quarter. A total of 7,512 soil samples and 392 rock chip samples were collected and submitted to Geosol analytical laboratory in Belo Horizonte, Brazil for fire assay. To date results for 6,440 soil samples and 325 rock chip samples have been reported.

The most significant continuous gold in soil anomaly (>50ppb Au up to 600ppb Au) covers an area of 2km x 1.5km and is centred on the Buruti creek (Refer to Figure 1). Several north-east trending veins up to 80 cm wide that occur in the same area have been mined by Garimperos. Samples of the veins gave results of between m1.6g/t - 70g/t Au.

The area covered by the Buruti soil anomaly is considered to have excellent potential to host a high tonnage gold deposit.

Another strong gold in soil anomaly (>50ppb Au up to 195 ppb Au) covering an area of 2km x 200m was delineated at Sela Creek. Previous work was carried out in this area by Barrick Gold Corporation. Barrick identified mineralised, sheared and hydrothermally altered granites parallel to a mafic dyke with a strike potential of 4-6 km. Sampling of the structure by Barrick returned grades of up to 8.6g/t Au. Two samples collected from the same structure during the quarter gave values of 2.9g/t and 15.6g/t Au.

A geophysical survey using both the gradient array and dipole-dipole method of IP was contracted to be carried out over both the Buruti and Sela targets. The purpose of the survey is to map out subsurface sulphides which are generally associated with gold mineralization and to determine continuity of mineralization with depth. The survey was started over the Buruti soil anomaly during the quarter. A deep auger drilling programme was also started to test parts of the coherent soil anomalies and to examine whether the underlying weathered bedrock could be a potential source for the extensive soil anomalies.

Future Work

All significant targets defined in the IP and auger drilling programmes will be tested by diamond drilling once a portable drill rig is located.



DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO

Figure 2: Simplified Geological Map of the Katanga Province, Southern DRC, Showing Major Copper Deposits in Relation to Tiger JV Tenements.

1. Kipoi Project

Project & Geological Setting

During the quarter Tiger Resources Ltd, (Tiger) in association with its Congolese partner, Groupe Orgaman, (Orgaman) finalised an agreement with Congo Minerals sprI to have the right to earn up to a possible 80% interest in the Kipoi Copper-Cobalt deposits.

The Kipoi Project consists of PE 533 and parts of PR 1063. Application has been made to extend PE 533 to cover an area of 55 sq km. The extended permit would contain at least five known copper/cobalt deposits; Kipoi Central, Kipoi North, Kaminamfitwe, Kileba, and Judeira.

The Kipoi Project forms a part of the highly mineralised Central African Copperbelt. The Copperbelt is host to several major Cu-Co orebodies including the world class Tenke – Fungurume (550Mt at 3.5% Cu and 0.3% Co) and Kolwezi (760Mt @ 4.4% Cu).

All deposits are hosted in the structurally complex Mine Series sediments within the Roan Group. On a regional scale the Kipoi deposits are located along a continuous NW-SE trending mineralized belt that hosts the Luishia deposits 12 km to the northwest.

Work Undertaken During the Quarter

Mapping and Sampling

During the quarter Tiger geologists systematically mapped and sampled all trenches, adits and exposures on all five known deposits, Figure 3.

A total of 1006 samples were collected and sent to ALS Chemex in South Africa for assay. The four acid digestion method was used to analyse for Cu and Co.

To date results have only been received for 177 samples collected from trenches, adits, and as individual channel samples from Kipoi Central and Kipoi North.

Adit	Length Sampled	Mineralisation From (metres)	Mineralisation To (metres)	Width (metres)	%Cu	%Co
KPAD001	30m	16	30	14	3.91	0.35
KPAD002	70m	0	70	70	3.53	0.17
KPAD003	19m	0	19	19	2.60	0.12
KPAD004	30m	0	30	30	1.35	0.13

Table 1 – Summary of Adit Sampling Results.

Table 2 – Summary of Trench Sampling Results

Trench	Length Sampled	Mineralisation From (metres)	Mineralisation To (metres)	Width (metres)	%Cu	%Co
KPTR001	10m	0	10	10	0.10	0.01
KPTR002	34m	0	34	34	0.13	0.03
KPTR003	20m	0	20	20	0.43	0.05
KPTR004	11m	0	11	11	2.18	0.06
KPTR005	8m	0	8	8	1.14	0.20

Individual channel samples collected from the Kipoi Central deposit returned an average grade of 9.5% Cu and 0.3% Co and included 5m @ 16% Cu.

Airborne Geophysics

A South African company, NRG, flew a detailed helicopter magnetic and radiometric survey over the entire Kipoi Project area during the quarter on a 75m x 750m grid. The survey data has been interpreted and several significant targets will be followed up with geological mapping, surface sampling and drilling.

The survey has confirmed that the host structures and stratigraphic units are continuous across the project area from the northwest to the southeast and have excellent potential to host extensions to current deposits and for new discoveries.



Figure 3: 1st Vertical Magnetic Image of the Kipoi Project Area Showing Known Deposits and Prospective Target Zones

Future Work

On the basis of the highly encouraging sample results and the results of detailed mapping combined with the interpreted geophysics Tiger has committed to fast track the exploration and development of the Project area. Wallis Drilling of Australia have been contracted to start a 4000 metres RC drilling programme in early August.

Initially drilling will be undertaken on the Kileba, Judeira, Kaminafitwe deposits. The aim of the programme is to assess the strike length, the width and the grade of oxide copper and cobalt mineralization on each of the three deposits. Each of the deposits are thought to have the potential to host large high grade copper resources.

A total of 16 holes are planned to test the mineralisation at Kileba that has been mapped out over a distance of at least 1.4 km.

A minimum of 12 holes are to be drilled at Judeira to test for sub surface extensions of surface mineralisation that is being exploited by artisinal miners. Artisinal workings extend over a strike of 300 metres with an average width of 50 metres.

Additional holes will be drilled at Kaminamfitwe as follow up to the channel sampling once results have been reported.

The RC drilling programme will be followed by a diamond drilling programme once a suitable rig can be secured. The diamond drilling will be used to determine depth of oxide mineralisation and to provide structural and other geological information that will be used to better understand mineralisation at Kipoi.

Diamond drilling will also be used to test extent and grade of mineralisation at two of the other know deposits, Kipoi Central and Kipoi North, which cannot be effectively evaluated by RC rig alone.

Sample No	Prospect	Chan nel Widt h	Co (%)	Cu (%)	Sample No	Prospect	Channel Width	Co (%)
						Kipoi		
KPGS023	Kipoi Central	0.5	0.06	0.63	KPGS060	Central	1	0.01
KPGS024	Kinoi Central	1	0.05	3 37	KPGS061	KIPOI Central	1	0.10
11 00024	Ripol Central	- 1	0.00	0.07	11 00001	Kipoi	1	0.10
KPGS025	Kipoi Central	2	0.10	3.20	KPGS062	Central	1	0.15
						Kipoi		
KPGS026	Kipoi Central	0.5	0.07	1.44	KPGS063	Central	1	0.30
KDCCCCZ	Kinai Cantral	4	0.05	F 70	KDCCCC	Kipoi	4	0.10
KPG5027	Kipol Central	I	0.05	5.79	KPG5004	Kinoi	I	0.12
KPGS028	Kipoi Central	1	0.04	1.74	KPGS065	Central	1	0.97
						Kipoi		
KPGS029	Kipoi Central	1	0.09	8.92	KPGS066	Central	1	0.08
						Kipoi		
KPGS030	Kipoi Central	1	0.09	8.25	KPGS067	Central	1	0.09
KPGS031	Kinoi Central	2	0 17	7 96	KPGS068	KIPOI Central	1	0.14
11 00001	Ripol Central	2	0.17	7.30	11 00000	Kipoi	1	0.14
KPGS032	Kipoi Central	1	0.00	9.30	KPGS069	Central	1	0.36
						Kipoi		
KPGS033	Kipoi Central	3	0.00	6.45	KPGS070	Central	1	0.94
1/000004	Kin di Onatari	-	0.00	44.00	1/00074	Kipoi	4	4.04
KPGS034	Kipol Central	5	0.00	11.30	KPGS0/1	Central		1.04
KPGS035	Kipoi Central	2	0 00	10 55	KPGS072	Central	1	0.80
KPGS036	Kipoi Central	1	0.00	9.13	KPGS007	Kipoi North	1	0.52
KPGS037	Kipoi Central	1	0.15	12.85	KPGS008	Kipoi North	2	0.08
KPGS038	Kipoi Central	1	0.01	16.20	KPGS009	Kipoi North	2	0.14
KPGS039	Kipoi Central	1	< 0.001	15.85	KPGS010	Kipoi North	1	0.02
KPGS040	Kipoi Central	1	<0.001	13.05	KPGS011	Kipoi North	1	0.03
KPGS041	Kipoi Central	1	0.04	11.80	KPGS012	Kipoi North	1	0.06
KPGS042	Kipoi Central	5	<0.001	15.85	KPGS013	Kipoi North	1	0.03
KPGS043	Kipoi Central	1	0.01	10.40	KPGS014	Kipoi North	1	0.04
KPGS044	Kipoi Central	1	0.05	10.60	KPGS015	Kipoi North	1	0.02
KPGS045	Kipoi Central	1	0.13	3.82	KPGS016	Kipoi North	0.5	0.01
KPGS046	Kipoi Central	1	3.26	25.50	KPGS017	Kipoi North	1	0.01
KPGS047	Kipoi Central	1	0.51	29.80	KPGS018	Kipoi North	1	0.24
KPGS048	Kipoi Central	1	0.76	>30.0	KPGS019	Kipoi North	1	0.26
KPGS049	Kipoi Central	1	0.32	>30.0	KPGS020	Kipoi North	1	0.02
KPGS050	Kipoi Central	1	0.68	>30.0	KPGS021	Kipoi North	1	0.01
KPGS051	Kipoi Central	1	1.62	14.10	KPGS022	Kipoi North	1	0.17
KPGS052	Kipoi Central	1	1.10	9.27	KPGS073	Kipoi North	2	0.06
KPGS053	Kipoi Central	3	1.26	4.60	KPGS074	Kipoi North	2	0.05
			0.07	0.00	KDOOAAA	Kipoi	4	0.04
KPG5054	Kipol Central	1	0.27	9.32	KPG5060	Central	1	0.01
KPGS055	Kipoi Central	1	0.96	14,75	KPGS061	Central	1	0.10
KPGS056	Kipoi Central	0.5	0.13	2.25	KPGS062	Kipoi	1	0.15

Table 3: Assay results for channel samples collected at Kipoi Central and Kipoi North

						Central		
						Kipoi		
KPGS057	Kipoi Central	1	0.20	6.63	KPGS063	Central	1	0.30
						Kipoi		
KPGS058	Kipoi Central	2	0.35	6.50	KPGS064	Central	1	0.12
						Kipoi		
KPGS059	Kipoi Central	1	0.16	7.05	KPGS065	Central	1	0.97

2. Aurum Joint Venture – Katanga Province

The Company has joint venture agreements with a local company, Aurum to earn an interest of up to 71.25% in a group of seven exploration permits covering a total area of 1640 sq km. All of the permits are located within the Copperbelt and are considered prospective for copper, cobalt, gold, PGE's and uranium mineralisation. The location of the permits is shown in Figure 2.

In January the Company arranged for a helicopter magnetic and radiometric survey to be flown over PR 1961, 1962 and 2214.

Permits PR1961 and PR1962 – Kolwezi

Project & Geological Setting

Interpretation of the data from the geophysical survey flown on PR 1961 and PR 1962 has defined more than 15 km of potential Roan Mines Group sediments that appear to be in the same stratigraphic setting as the 550mt Tenke Fungurume copper deposit which is situated to the east of the permits.

A tightly folded sequence of Roan sediments has been mapped on PR1961 while most of PR 1962 is underlain by prospective Roan sediments. Roan sediments are the principle host to all the major copper deposits so far discovered in the Copperbelt.

Work Undertaken During the Quarter

GeoQuest SPRL, a Zambian based geological service company was contracted to conduct a 400 x 50m grid soil sampling and geological mapping programme over both permits. Sampling has been completed over PR1961 and approximately 80% of PR1962 has been sampled.

To date a total of 5000 samples have been collected though no samples have yet been submitted for analysis.

FutureWork

The company intends to follow up any significant soil sampling results with a RAB drilling programme.

Permit 2214 - Luishia

Project & Geological Setting

PR 2214 has a surface area of 293sqkm and is located immediately south of the Kipoi Project area. The same structures and lithologies which host the Kipoi deposits transgress the northeast of the permit over a distance of at least 3km. The Luputo deposits (7mt @ 3% Cu) lie 10km to the southeast.

Three high priority targets were interpreted from the aeromagnetic survey. Rock chip samples were collected from two of the targets during an earlier reconnaissance sampling and mapping programme. Grades of up 0.4% Cu and Co were reported.

Work Undertaken During the Quarter

No work was carried out on the permit during the quarter.

Future Work

All three high priority target areas defined in the aeromagnetic and radiometric survey will be followed up

with detailed soil sampling and drilling.

Permits PR2133/8/9 & 2508 - Sakania

Project & Geological Setting

The four permits, PR 2133, 2138, 2199 and 2508 cover an area of 1095 sq km and are grouped 80km southeast of the town of Sakania , close to the Zambian border. The permits are in an area with known gold and copper occurrences and in a similar geological setting east of First Quantum Minerals Ltd, a company listed in Canada, 7.3mt @ 4.91% Lonshi copper deposit.

Work Undertaken During the Quarter

A reconnaissance programme to evaluate access and to identify possible mineral occurrences was conducted on all the four permits during the quarter. Two areas where alluvial gold is being recovered by artisanal miners were located on PR 2133. The workings are located along the contact between Roan sediments and granites. A soil sampling programme was started that is designed to delineate the extent of gold mineralisation along the contact which has a strike extent of at least 25 km. So far a total of 375 soil samples and 35 rock chip channel samples have been collected.

Future Work

Any significant soil anomalies will be followed up with trenching and drilling. A BLEG sampling programme has been planned over the remainder of PR 2213 and adjoining permits. BLEG sampling will enable geochemical coverage over a larger area in a shorter time due to the lower detection limit.

3. SMKK

Kabolele and Kipese

As part of the ongoing due diligence at Kabolele and Kipese the courts requested Cofiparinter convene an EGM to examine the inscription of Tiger Congo sprl as an initial 15% shareholder of SMKK. The Company has so far not carried out any work on the project.

4. DRC – General

Tiger has employed Mr Pierre Mercier as General Manager to set up procedures and control the company's administration in the Congo. The company is actively looking for new business opportunities and has had several meetings in order to acquire additional high quality projects for early establishment of mineral resources in the Katanga Province.

K ECKHOF Director

Competent Person Declaration

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Klaus Eckhof, who is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Klaus Eckhof is not a full time employee of the Company. He is employed by Corporate Resources Consultants Pty Ltd and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a "Competent Person" as defined in the 2004 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Klaus Eckhof consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears. is considered a "Competent Person" as defined by the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves".